GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

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SENATE BILL 1032* Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 6/19/92 Third Edition Engrossed 6/24/92

Short Title: Discrimination/Nonworking Hours.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

May 28, 1992

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT DISCRIMINATION AGAINST ANY EMPLOYEE FOR 3 ENGAGING IN THE LAWFUL USE OF ANY LAWFUL PRODUCT OR 4 POLITICAL ACTIVITY DURING NONWORKING HOURS UNRELATED TO

POLITICAL ACTIVITY DURING NONWORKING HOURS UNRELATED TO EMPLOYMENT.

6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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Section 1. Article 3 of Chapter 95 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 95-28.2. Prohibit discrimination against employees for lawful product use or political activity.

- (a) As used in this section, 'employer' means the State and all political subdivisions of the State, public and quasi-public corporations, boards, bureaus, commissions, councils, and private employers with three or more regularly employed employees.
- (b) It is an unlawful employment practice for an employer to fail or refuse to hire a prospective employee or discharge or otherwise discriminate against any employee with respect to compensation, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because the prospective employee or the employee engages in or has engaged in the lawful use of lawful products, or participates in political activity, if the political activity or lawful use of lawful products occurs off the premises of the employer during nonworking hours and does not adversely affect the employee's job performance or the person's

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- ability to properly fulfill the responsibilities of the position in question or the safety of other employees.
- (c) An employee who is discharged or otherwise discriminated against or a prospective employee who is denied employment in violation of subsection (a) of this section may bring a civil action within one year from the date of the alleged violation against the employer and obtain any of the following:
 - (1) Any wages or benefits lost as a result of the violation.
 - (2) An order of reinstatement without loss of position, seniority, or benefits.
 - (3) An order directing the employer to offer employment to the prospective employee.
- (d) It is not a violation of this section for an employer to do either of the following:
 - (1) Restrict the lawful use of lawful products by employees during nonworking hours if the restriction relates to a bona fide occupational requirement and is reasonably related to the employment activities. If the restriction reasonably relates to only a particular employee or group of employees, then the restriction may only lawfully apply to them.
 - Oischarge, discipline, or take any action against an employee because of the employee's failure to comply with the requirements of the employer's substance abuse prevention program or the recommendations of substance abuse prevention counselors employed or retained by the employer.
- (e) The court may award reasonable costs, including court costs and attorneys' fees, to the prevailing party in an action brought under this section."
 - Sec. 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1992.