SESSION 1995

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SENATE BILL 237 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 3/15/95

Short Title: Use Value Tax Changes.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 22, 1995

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO CLARIFY THE USE VALUE TAX LAW, TO UPDATE THE LAW TO
3	CONFORM TO MODERN FAMILY PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS, AND TO
4	EXPAND THE CATEGORY OF RELATIVES WHO MAY QUALIFY FOR USE
5	VALUE PROPERTY TRANSFERS.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. G.S. 105-277.2 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 105-277.2. Agricultural, horticultural <u>horticultural</u>, and forestland – Definitions.
9	For the purposes of G.S. 105-277.3 through G.S. 105-277.7 the following definitions
10	shall apply: The following definitions apply in G.S. 105-277.3 through G.S. 105-277.7:
11	(1) 'Agricultural land' means land-Agricultural land. – Land that is a
12	part of a farm unit that is actively engaged in the commercial
13	production or growing of crops, plants, or animals under a sound
14	management program. Agricultural land includes woodland and
15	wasteland that is a part of the farm unit, but the woodland and
16	wasteland included in the unit shall be appraised under the use-value
17	schedules as woodland or wasteland. A farm unit may consist of more
18	than one tract of agricultural land, but at least one of the tracts must

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1		meet the requirements in G.S. 105-277.3(a)(1), and each tract must be
2		under a sound management program.
3	<u>(1a)</u>	Business entity A corporation, a general partnership, a limited
4		partnership, or a limited liability company.
5		(2) 'Forestland' means land-Forestland. – Land that is a part of a
6		forest unit that is actively engaged in the commercial growing of trees
7		under a sound management program. Forestland includes wasteland
8		that is a part of the forest unit, but the wasteland included in the unit
9		shall be appraised under the use-value schedules as wasteland. A
10		forest unit may consist of more than one tract of forestland, but at
11		least one of the tracts must meet the requirements in G.S. 105-
12		277.3(a)(3), and each tract must be under a sound management
13		program.
14	(3)	'Horticultural land' means land-Horticultural land Land that is a part of a
15		horticultural unit that is actively engaged in the commercial production
16		or growing of fruits or vegetables or nursery or floral products under a
17		sound management program. Horticultural land includes woodland and
18		wasteland that is a part of the horticultural unit, but the woodland and
19		wasteland included in the unit shall be appraised under the use-value
20		schedules as woodland or wasteland. A horticultural unit may consist of
21		more than one tract of horticultural land, but at least one of the tracts
22		must meet the requirements in G.S. 105-277.3(a)(2), and each tract must
23		be under a sound management program.
24		(4) <u>'Individually owned' means owned by: Individually owned.</u> –
25		Owned by one of the following:
26		a. A natural person; or person. For the purpose of this
27		section, a natural person who is an income beneficiary of a
28		trust that owns land may elect to treat the person's beneficial
29		share of the land as owned by that person. If the person's
30		beneficial interest is not an identifiable share of land but can be
31		established as a proportional interest in the trust income, the
32		person's beneficial share of land is a percentage of the land
33		owned by the trust that corresponds to the beneficiary's
34		proportional interest in the trust income. For the purpose of
35		this section, a natural person who is a member of a business
36		entity that owns land may elect to treat the person's share of the
37		land as owned by that person. The person's share is a
38		percentage of the land owned by the business entity that
39		corresponds to the person's percentage of ownership in the
40		entity.
41		b. A corporation-business entity having as its principal
42		business one of the activities described in subdivisions (1), (2),
43		and (3) and whose shareholders-members are all natural persons

1	either a natural person actively engaged in the business of the
2	corporation or a relative of a shareholder member who is
3	actively engaged in the business of the corporation.
4	c. <u>A trust that was created by a natural person who transferred the</u>
5	land to the trust and the beneficiaries of which are all either the
6	creator of the trust or the creator's relatives.
7	(4a) <u>Member. – A shareholder of a corporation, a partner of a general or</u>
8	limited partnership, or a member of a limited liability company.
9	(5) <u>'Present-use value' means the Present-use value. The value of</u>
10	land in its current use as agricultural land, horticultural land, or
11	forestland, based solely on its ability to produce income, using a rate
12	of nine percent (9%) to capitalize the expected net income of the
13	property and assuming an average level of management.
14	(5a) <u>'Relative' means: Relative. – Any of the following:</u>
15	a. Spouse; <u>A spouse, lineal descendant, lineal ancestor, sibling, or</u>
16	stepsibling.
17	b. A lineal ancestor; spouse, lineal descendant, or lineal
18	ancestor of a person listed in subparagraph a.
19 20	For the purpose of this subdivision, an adoptive or adopted relative is a
20	<u>relative.</u>
21	c. <u>A lineal descendant;</u>
22 23	d. A brother or sister, including a stepbrother or stepsister;
23 24	e. An adopted or adoptive child, parent, grandchild, or grandparent;
24 25	OF f. A spouse of a person listed in paragraphs b. through e.
23 26	(6) <u>'Sound management program' means a Sound management</u>
20 27	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{1}$
28	net return from the land consistent with its conservation and long-term
20 29	improvement."
30	Sec. 2. G.S. 105-277.3 reads as rewritten:
31	"§ 105-277.3. Agricultural, horticultural horticultural, and forestland –
32	*Classifications.
33	(a) The following classes of property are hereby designated special classes of
34	property under authority of Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North Carolina Constitution and
35	shall be appraised, assessed and taxed as hereinafter provided:
36	(1) Individually owned agricultural land consisting of one or more tracts,
37	one of which consists of at least 10 acres that are in actual production
38	and that, for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which
39	the benefit of this section is claimed, have produced an average gross
40	income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Gross income includes
41	income from the sale of the agricultural products produced from the
42	land and any payments received under a governmental soil conservation
43	or land retirement program. Land in actual production includes land

1		under improvements used in the commercial production or growing of
2		crops, plants, or animals.
3	(2)	Individually owned horticultural land consisting of one or more tracts,
4		one of which consists of at least five acres that are in actual production
5		and that, for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which
6		the benefit of this section is claimed, have either:
7		a. Been used to produce evergreens intended for use as Christmas
8		trees and met the qualifying or gross income requirements
9		established by the Department of Revenue for the land; or
10		b. Produced an average gross income of at least one thousand
11		dollars (\$1,000). Gross income includes income from the sale of
12		the horticultural products produced from the land and any
13		payments received under a governmental soil conservation or
14		land retirement program. Land in actual production includes land
15		under improvements used in the commercial production or
16	(2)	growing of fruits or vegetables or nursery or floral products.
17	(3)	Individually owned forestland consisting of one or more tracts, one of
18		which consists of at least 20 acres that are in actual production and are not included in a farm unit.
19 20	(b) In or	
20	. ,	der to come within a classification described in subdivision (a)(1), (2) or property must, if owned by natural persons, also: also satisfy one of the
21 22	following condi	
23	(1)	Be It is the owner's place of residence; or residence.
24	(1) (2)	Have It has been owned by the current owner or a relative of the current
25	(-)	owner for the four years preceding January 1 of the year for which the
26		benefit of this section is claimed.
27	(3)	At the time of transfer to the current owner, it qualified for classification
28	<u> </u>	in the hands of a business entity or trust which transferred the property
29		to the current owner who was a member of the business entity or a
30		beneficiary of the trust, as appropriate.
31	If owned by	a corporation, business entity or trust, the property must have been owned
32	by the corporation	on business entity or trust or by one or more of its principal shareholders as
33	defined in G.S. 1	105-277.2(4)b-members, or by one or more of its creators in the case of a
34	<u>trust,</u> for the fou	ir years immediately preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit
35		s claimed. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-277.2(4)b, above, a
36		usiness entity qualifying for a classification described in G.S. 105-277.3
37		e benefit of the classification by reason of the death of one of the principal
38	-	vided its members if the decedent's ownership passes to and remains in a
39	relative of the d	
40		dition, property may come within one of the classifications described in
41		bove, if <u>decedent.</u>
42	Property los	es its eligibility for the classifications described in subsection (a) of this

43 section if ownership of the property passes to anyone other than a relative of the owner or

passes to or from a business entity or trust from or to anyone other than its members or 1 beneficiaries, respectively, except that property does not lose its eligibility if both of the 2 3 following conditions are met: (i) it was appraised at its present use value or was eligible 4 for appraisal at its present use value pursuant to that subsection at the time title to the 5 property passed to the present owner, and (ii) at the time title to the property passed to the 6 present owner he owner, the owner owned other property classified under subsection (a). 7 Classification pursuant to this subsection shall-The fact that property may retain its eligibility 8 because the preceding two conditions were met does not affect any liability for deferred 9 taxes under G.S. 105-277.4(c) if such-those taxes were otherwise due at the time title 10 passed to the present owner.

(d) Enrollment in the federal Conservation Reserve Program authorized by Title 11 12 XII of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Pub. L. 99-198), as amended, shall not preclude eligibility of land for present use value treatment solely on the grounds that the land is no 13 14 longer in actual production, and income derived from participation in the federal 15 Conservation Reserve Program may be used in meeting the minimum income 16 requirements of this section either separately or in combination with income from actual 17 production. Land enrolled in the federal Conservation Reserve Program shall be assessed 18 as agricultural land if it is planted in vegetation other than trees, or as forest land if it is planted in trees." 19

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Sec. 3. G.S. 105-277.4(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) 21 Property meeting the conditions herein set forth-for classification under G.S. 105-277.3 shall be taxed on the basis of the value of the property for its present use. The 22 23 difference between the taxes due on the present-use basis and the taxes which would 24 have been payable in the absence of this classification, together with any interest, 25 penalties or costs that may accrue thereon, shall be a lien on the real property of the taxpayer as provided in G.S. 105-355(a). The difference in taxes shall be carried forward 26 in the records of the taxing unit or units as deferred taxes, but shall not be payable, unless 27 and until (i) the owner conveys the property to anyone other than a relative of the owner, or (ii) 28 29 ownership of the property passes to anyone other than a relative by will or intestacy, or (iii) 30 ownership of the property passes to a corporation as defined in G.S. 105-277.2(4)b from anyone 31 other than its principal shareholders or from such a corporation to anyone other than its principal 32 shareholders, or (iv)-the property loses its eligibility for the benefit of this elassification for 33 some other reason.-classification. The tax for the fiscal year that opens in the calendar year 34 in which a disgualification occurs shall be computed as if the property had not been 35 classified for that year, and taxes for the preceding three fiscal years which have been 36 deferred as provided herein, shall immediately be payable, together with interest thereon as provided in G.S. 105-360 for unpaid taxes which shall accrue on the deferred taxes due 37 38 herein as if they had been payable on the dates on which they originally became due. If only a part of the qualifying tract of land loses its eligibility, a determination shall be 39 40 made of the amount of deferred taxes applicable to that part and that amount shall 41 become payable with interest as provided above. Upon the payment of any taxes deferred in accordance with this section for the three years immediately preceding a 42 43 disqualification, all liens arising under this subsection shall be extinguished."

1 Sec. 4. This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years beginning on 2 or after July 1, 1995. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-277.4(a), an 3 application for the benefit provided in this act for the 1995-96 tax year shall be 4 considered timely if it is filed on or before September 1, 1995.