GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 374	
Short Title: Modify Victims Compensation Act/AB.	(Public)
Sponsors: Representatives Baddour; Bonner, Bowie, Braswell, Bucha Earle, Goodwin, Gulley, Hackney, Hardy, Hightower, R. Hunte McAllister, McCrary, Mercer, Miller, Moore, Morris, Mosley, Redwine, Russell, Saunders, Sexton, Smith, Sutton, Warner, Warwick and Yongue.	er, Jeffus, Luebke, Nesbitt, Rayfield,
Referred to: Judiciary II.	
March 3, 1997	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO AMEND THE CRIME VICTIMS COMPENS INCREASE THE ALLOWABLE EXPENSE FOR FUNERALS VICTIMS OF HIT AND RUN ACCIDENTS AND VICTIMS ELIGIBLE FOR COMPENSATION. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 15B-2(1) reads as rewritten: "(1) 'Allowable expense' means reasonable charges incurred needed products, services, and accommodations, services)."	S AND TO MAKE OF TERRORISM arred for reasonably including those for
medical care, rehabilitation, medically related p remedial treatment and care.	roperty, and other

Allowable expense includes a total charge not in excess of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) three thousand five hundred dollars (\$3,500) for expenses related to funeral, cremation, and burial, including transportation of a body, but excluding expenses for flowers, gravestone, and other items not directly related to the funeral service."

Section 2. G.S. 15B-2(5) reads as rewritten:

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'Criminally injurious conduct' means conduct which that by its nature poses a substantial threat of personal injury or death, and is punishable by fine or imprisonment or death, or would be so punishable but for the fact that the person engaging in the conduct lacked the capacity to commit the crime under the laws of this State. Criminally injurious conduct includes conduct which that amounts to an offense involving impaired driving as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(24a)-G.S. 20-4.01(24a), and conduct that amounts to a violation of G.S. 20-166 if the victim was a pedestrian or was operating a vehicle moved solely by human power or a mobility impairment device. For purposes of this Chapter, a mobility impairment device is a device that is designed for and intended to be used as a means of transportation for a person with a mobility impairment, is suitable for use both inside and outside a building, and whose maximum speed does not exceed 12 miles per hour when the device is being operated by a person with a mobility impairment. Criminally injurious conduct but does not include conduct arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle when the conduct is punishable only as a violation of other provisions of Chapter 20 of the General Statutes. Criminally injurious conduct shall also include an act of terrorism, as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331, that is committed outside of the United States against a citizen of this State."

Section 3. No additional funds shall be appropriated to implement this act as provided in G.S. 15B-22.

Section 4. This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to claims arising from criminally injurious conduct that occurred on or after April 1, 1997.