GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 450

Short Title: Unemployment Ins. Tax Change/AB.

Sponsors: Representatives Redwine; Baddour, Jeffus, Luebke, and Miller.

Referred to: Commerce, if favorable, Insurance.

March 10, 1997

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MODIFY THE CALCULATION AND COLLECTION OF
3	UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TAXES.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. 96-10(a) reads as rewritten:
6	"(a) Interest on Past-Due Contributions Contributions unpaid on the date on
7	which they are due and payable, as prescribed by the Commission, shall bear interest at
8	the rate of one half of one percent (0.5%) one and one-half percent (1.5%) per month from
9	and after such that date until payment plus accrued interest is received by the
10	Commission. An additional penalty in the amount of ten percent (10%) of the taxes due
11	shall be added, but said-that penalty shall in no event be less than five dollars (\$5.00).
12	Penalties and interest collected pursuant to this subsection shall be paid into the Special
13	Employment Security Administration Fund. If any employer, in good faith, pays
14	contributions to another state or to the United States under the Federal Unemployment
15	Tax Act, prior to a determination of liability by this Commission, which and the
16	contributions were legally payable to this State, such the contributions, when paid to this
17	State, shall be deemed to have been paid by the due date under the law of this State if
18	they were paid by the due date of such-the other state or the United States."
19	Section 2. G.S. 96-10(i) reads as rewritten:

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1		s otherwise provided in this subsection, no suit or proceedings for
2		d contributions may be begun under this chapter Chapter after five
3	-	on which such the contributions become due, and no suit or
4		rpose of establishing liability and/or status may be begun with
5	1 01	occurring more than five years prior to the first day of January of
6	-	such-the suit or proceeding is instituted; provided, that this instituted.
7		not apply in any case of willful attempt in any manner to defeat or
8		f any contributions becoming due under this Chapter: Provided,
9	-	<u>A</u> proceeding shall be deemed to have been instituted or begun
10		ance of an order by the chairman of the Commission directing a
11	•	determine liability or nonliability, and/or status under this Chapter
12		or upon the date notice and demand for payment is mailed by
13	-	l to the last known address of the employing unit: Provided, further,
14		herein-unit. The order shall be deemed to have been issued on the
15		mailed by registered certified mail to the last known address of the
16		running of the period of limitations provided in this subsection for
17	-	ents or collection shall, in a case under Title II of the United States
18	-	or the period during which the Commission is prohibited by reason
19 20	the prohibition is remo	ng the assessment or collection and for a period of one year after
20 21	_	G. S. 96-9(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
21		rience Rating. –
22	(2) Exper	Waiting Period for Rate Reduction. – No employer's contribution
23 24	a.	rate shall be reduced below the standard rate for any calendar
24 25		year until its account has been chargeable with benefits for at
25 26		least 12 calendar months ending July 31 immediately preceding
27		the computation date. <u>An employer's account has been</u>
28		chargeable with benefits for at least 12 calendar months if the
29		employer has reported wages paid in four completed calendar
30		quarters pursuant to G.S. 96-9(a).
31	b.	Credit Ratio. – The Commission shall, for each year, compute a
32		credit reserve ratio for each employer whose account has a credit
33		balance. An employer's credit reserve ratio shall be the quotient
34		obtained by dividing the credit balance of the employer's account
35		as of July 31 of each year by the total taxable payroll of the
36		employer for the 36 calendar-month period ending June 30
37		preceding the computation date. Credit balance as used in this
38		section means the total of all contributions paid and credited for
39		all past periods in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 96-
40		9(c)(1) together with all other lawful credits to the account of the
41		employer less the total benefits charged to the account of the
42		employer for all past periods.

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c. d.	Debit Ratio. – The Commission shall for each year compute a debit ratio for each employer whose account shows that the total of all its contributions paid and credited for all past periods in accordance with G.S. 96-9(c)(1) together with all other lawful credits is less than the total benefits charged to its account for all past periods. An employer's debit ratio shall be the quotient obtained by dividing the debit balance of the employer's account as of July 31 of each year by the total taxable payroll of the employer for the 36 calendar-month period ending June 30 preceding the computation date. The amount arrived at by subtracting the total amount of all contributions paid and credited for all past periods in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 96-9(c)(1) together with all other lawful credits of the employer for the total amount of all benefits charged to the account of the employer for such periods is the employer's debit balance. Other Provisions. – For purposes of this subsection, the first date on which an account shall be chargeable with benefits shall be the first date with respect to which a benefit year as defined in G.S. 96-8 can be established, based in whole or in part on wages paid by that employer.
	No employer's contribution rate shall be reduced below the standard rate for any calendar year unless its liability extends over a period of all or part of two consecutive calendar years and, as of August 1 of the second year, its credit reserve ratio meets the requirements of that schedule used in computing rates for the following calendar year, unless the employer's liability was established under G.S. 96-8(5)b and its predecessor's account was transferred as provided by G.S. 96-9(c)(4)a.

Whenever contributions are erroneously paid into one account which should have been paid into another account or which should have been paid into a new account, that erroneous payment can be adjusted only by refunding the erroneously paid amounts to the paying entity. No pro rata adjustment to an existing account may be made, nor can a new account be created by transferring any portion of the erroneously paid amount, notwithstanding that the entities involved may be owned, operated, or controlled by the same person or organization. No adjustment of a contribution rate can be made reducing the rate below the standard rate for any period in which the account was not in actual existence and in which it was not actually chargeable for benefits. Whenever payments are found to have been made to the wrong account, refunds can be made to the entity making the wrongful payment for a period not exceeding

1	five years from the last day of the calendar year in which it is
2	determined that wrongful payments were made. Notwithstanding
3	payment into the wrong account, if an entity is determined to
4	have met the requirements to be a covered employer, whether or
5	not the entity has had paid on the account of its employees any
6	sum into another account, the Commission shall collect
7	contributions at the standard rate or the assigned rate, whichever
8	is higher, for the five years preceding the determination of
9	erroneous payments, which five years shall run from the last day
10	of the calendar year in which the determination of liability for
11	contributions or additional contributions is made. This
12	requirement applies regardless of whether the employer acted in
13	good faith."
14	Section 4. Section 1 of this act becomes effective January 1, 1998, and applies

to contributions due on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it
becomes law.