GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1997

HOUSE BILL 594

Short Title: Fetus Death From Crim. Act.

Sponsors: Representatives Starnes; Capps, Davis, Hardy, and Morris.

Referred to: Judiciary II.

March 24, 1997

| 1 | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED |
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| 2 | AN ACT TO PROVIDE THAT IT IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE IF A PERSON |
| 3 | COMMITS OR ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT A CRIMINAL ACT AND THE |
| 4 | CRIMINAL ACT PROXIMATELY RESULTS IN THE DEATH OF A VIABLE |
| 5 | FETUS OR A STILLBORN BIRTH. |
| 6 | The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: |
| 7 | Section 1. Article 6 of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by |
| 8 | adding a new section to read: |
| 9 | " <u>§ 14-18.2. Death of a viable fetus or stillborn birth as a result of a criminal act.</u> |
| 10 | If a person commits or attempts to commit a criminal act and as the proximate result |
| 11 | of the criminal act or attempted criminal act causes either the death of a viable fetus or a |
| 12 | stillborn birth, the person is guilty of a violation under this section punishable as follows: |
| 13 | (1) The offense is a Class F felony if the criminal act was a felony, unless |
| 14 | the criminal act was a violation of G.S. 20-141.1. |
| 15 | (2) The offense is a Class G felony if the criminal act was a violation of |
| 16 | G.S. 20-141.1(a1), felony death by vehicle. |
| 17 | (3) The offense is a Class A1 misdemeanor if the criminal act was a |
| 18 | misdemeanor." |
| 19 | Section 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 1997, and applies to |
| 20 | offenses committed on or after that date. |

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(Public)