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HOUSE BILL 1289 Committee Substitute Favorable 7/1/99

Short Title: 1999 Fee Bill.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 15, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO SET THE PUBLIC UTILITY REGULATORY FEES, TO SET THE
3	INSURANCE REGULATORY CHARGE, TO IMPOSE THE INSURANCE
4	REGULATORY CHARGE ON SERVICE CORPORATIONS AND ON HEALTH
5	MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS IN THE YEAR 2000, AND TO ALLOW
6	THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CONSUMER SERVICES TO
7	IMPOSE FEES THAT REFLECT THE ACTUAL COST OF RENDERING THE
8	SERVICE.
9	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
10	Section 1. The percentage rate to be used in calculating the public utility
11	regulatory fee under G.S. 62-302(b)(2) is nine-hundredths percent (0.09%) of each public
12	utility's North Carolina jurisdictional revenues earned during each quarter that begins on
13	or after July 1, 1999.
14	Section 2. The annual fee imposed on The North Carolina Electric
15	Membership Corporation under G.S. 62-302(b1), as enacted by House Bill 476, 1999
16	General Assembly, S.L. 1999-180, for the 1999-2000 fiscal year is two hundred thousand
17	dollars (\$200,000).
18	Section 3. The percentage rate to be used in calculating the insurance
19	regulatory charge under G.S. 58-6-25 is seven percent (7%) for the 1999 calendar year.

1	Section 4. G.S. 58-6-25 reads as rewritten:
2	"§ 58-6-25. Insurance regulatory charge.
3	(a) Charge Levied. – There is levied on each insurance company an annual charge
4	for the purposes stated in subsection (d) of this section. As used in this section, the term
5	"insurance company" means a company that pays the gross premiums tax levied in G.S. 105-
6	228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8, except a service corporation subject to Article 65 of this Chapter. A
7	health maintenance organization subject to Article 67 of this Chapter is not subject to those taxes
8	and is therefore not subject to the charge levied in this section. The charge levied in this
9	section is in addition to all other fees and taxes. The percentage rate of the charge is
10	established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. For each insurance company that is
11	not an Article 65 corporation nor a health maintenance organization, the rate is applied to
12	charge shall be at a percentage rate of the company's premium tax liability for the taxable
13	year. For Article 65 corporations and health maintenance organizations, the rate is
14	applied to a presumed premium tax liability for the taxable year calculated as if the
15	corporation or organization were an insurer providing health insurance. In determining
16	an insurance company's premium tax liability for a taxable year, the following shall be
17	disregarded:
18	(1) Additional taxes imposed by G.S. 105-228.8.
19	(2) The additional local fire and lightning tax imposed by G.S. 105-
20	228.5(d)(4).
21	(3) Any tax credits for guaranty or solvency fund assessments under G.S.
22	105-228.5A or G.S. 97-133(a).
23	(4) Any tax credits allowed under Chapter 105 of the General Statutes other
24	than tax payments made by or on behalf of the taxpayer.
25	(b) Rates. – The rate of the charge for the 1991 taxable year shall be six and five-
26	tenths percent (6.5%). For subsequent taxable years, the rate each taxable year shall be the
27	percentage rate established by the General Assembly. When the Department prepares its
28	budget request for each upcoming fiscal year, the Department shall propose a percentage
29	rate of the charge levied in this section. The Governor shall submit that proposed rate to
30	the General Assembly each fiscal year. The General Assembly shall set by law the
31	percentage rate of the charge levied in this section. The percentage rate may not exceed
32	the rate necessary to generate funds sufficient to defray the estimated cost of the
33	operations of the Department for each upcoming fiscal year, including a reasonable
34	margin for a reserve fund. The amount of the reserve may not exceed one-third of the
35	estimated cost of operating the Department for each upcoming fiscal year. In calculating
36	the amount of the reserve, the General Assembly shall consider all relevant factors that
37	may affect the cost of operating the Department or a possible unanticipated increase or
38	decrease in North Carolina premiums or other charge revenue.
39	(c) Returns; When Payable The charge levied on each health maintenance
40	organization is payable March 15 following the end of each calendar year. The charge
41	levied on each insurance company other than a health maintenance organization is
42	payable at the time the insurance company remits its premium tax. If the insurance
40	community is a series of the series in the line of the series of the series of the series of the C.C. 105

43 company is required to remit installment payments of premiums tax under G.S. 105-

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228.5 for a taxable year, it shall also remit installment payments of the charge levied in 1 2 this section for that taxable year at the same time and on the same basis as the premium 3 tax installment payments. Each installment payment shall be equal to at least thirty-three 4 and one-third percent (33.3%) of the insurance company's regulatory charge liability 5 incurred in the immediately preceding taxable year. 6 Every insurance company shall, on or before the date the charge levied in this section 7 is due, file a return on a form prescribed by the Secretary of Revenue. The return shall 8 state the company's total North Carolina premiums or presumed premiums for the taxable

9 year and shall be accompanied by any supporting documentation that the Secretary of 10 Revenue may by rule require.

(d) Use of Proceeds. - The Insurance Regulatory Fund is created in the State 11 12 treasury, under the control of the Office of State Budget and Management. The proceeds 13 of the charge levied in this section and all fees collected under Articles 69 through 71 of 14 this Chapter and under Articles 9 and 9C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes shall be 15 credited to the Fund. The Fund shall be placed in an interest-bearing account and any 16 interest or other income derived from the Fund shall be credited to the Fund. Moneys in 17 the Fund may be spent only pursuant to appropriation by the General Assembly and in 18 accordance with the line item budget enacted by the General Assembly. The Fund is 19 subject to the provisions of the Executive Budget Act, except that no unexpended surplus 20 of the Fund shall revert to the General Fund. All money credited to the Fund shall be used 21 to reimburse the General Fund for the following:

- 22 Money appropriated to the Department of Insurance to pay its expenses (1)23 incurred in regulating the insurance industry and other industries in this 24 State.
- 25 (2)Money appropriated to State agencies to pay the expenses incurred in regulating the insurance industry, in certifying statewide data processors 26 27 under Article 11A of Chapter 131E of the General Statutes, and in purchasing reports of patient data from statewide data processors 28 29 certified under that Article.
- 30 (3) Money appropriated to the Department of Revenue to pay the expenses incurred in collecting and administering the taxes on insurance 31 companies levied in Article 8B of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. 32 (e)

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- Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:
- Article 65 corporation. Defined in G.S. 105-228.3. (1)(2)Insurance company. – A company that pays the gross premiums tax
- levied in G.S. 105-228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8 or a health maintenance organization.
 - Insurer. Defined in G.S. 105-228.3." (3)
- 39 Section 5. G.S. 106-6.1 reads as rewritten:

40 "§ 106-6.1. Fees not to exceed actual cost. Fees.

Fees or charges established by any board or commission within the Department of 41

- 42 Agriculture and Consumer Services for services rendered or for duties performed shall
- not exceed the actual cost to the Department of rendering such service or performing such 43

- duty. As used herein, "cost"shall mean expenses incurred for mileage, subsistence, 1 2 postage, computer time, salaries, materials, supplies, or other similar expenses which are 3 incurred as a direct result of rendering the service or performing the duty. As used herein, 4 "cost" shall not include fixed overhead expenses such as buildings, equipment, machinery, or other similar expenses which are indirectly related to a particular service or duty. A 5 6 board or commission within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may establish fees or charges for the services it provides. The Board of Agriculture, subject 7 8 to the provisions of Chapter 146 of the General Statutes, may establish a rate schedule for 9 the use of facilities operated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services." Section 6. Section 4 of this act becomes effective January 1, 2000, and applies 10 to the insurance regulatory charge levied for the 2000 calendar year. The remainder of 11
- 12 this act is effective when it becomes law.

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