GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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HOUSE BILL 990*

Short Title: Increase Auto Insurance Coverage.	(Public)
Sponsors: Representatives Nesbitt; and Hensley.	
Referred to: Insurance.	

April 13, 1999

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A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN**ACT** TO **INCREASE MANDATORY** LIABILITY **INSURANCE** REOUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN MOTOR VEHICLES AND TO MAKE CONFORMING CHANGES IN CHAPTER 58 OF THE GENERAL STATUTES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 20-279.1(11) reads as rewritten: "(11) 'Proof of financial responsibility': Proof of ability to respond in damages for liability, on account of accidents occurring subsequent to the effective date of said proof, arising out of the ownership,

the effective date of said proof, arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle, in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident, and, subject to said limit for one person, in the amount of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and in the amount of fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident. Nothing contained herein shall prevent an insurer and an insured from entering into a contract, not affecting third parties,

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providing for a deductible as to property damage at a rate approved by the Commissioner of Insurance."

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Section 2. G.S. 20-279.5(c) reads as rewritten:

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"(c)

- This section shall not apply under the conditions stated in G.S. 20-279.6 nor:

 (1) To such operator or owner if such owner had in effect at the time of
- (1) To such operator or owner if such owner had in effect at the time of such accident an automobile liability policy with respect to the motor vehicle involved in such accident;
- (2) To such operator, if not the owner of such motor vehicle, if there was in effect at the time of such accident a motor vehicle liability policy or bond with respect to his operation of motor vehicles not owned by him;
- (3) To such operator or owner if the liability of such operator or owner for damages resulting from such accident is, in the judgment of the Commissioner, covered by any other form of liability insurance policy or bond or sinking fund or group assumption of liability;
- (4) To any person qualifying as a self-insurer, nor to any operator for a self-insurer if, in the opinion of the Commissioner from the information furnished him, the operator at the time of the accident was probably operating the vehicle in the course of the operator's employment as an employee or officer of the self-insurer; nor
- (5) To any employee of the United States government while operating a vehicle in its service and while acting within the scope of his employment, such operations being fully protected by the Federal Tort Claims Act of 1946, which affords ample security to all persons sustaining personal injuries or property damage through the negligence of such federal employee.

No such policy or bond shall be effective under this section unless issued by an insurance company or surety company authorized to do business in this State, except that if such motor vehicle was not registered in this State, or was a motor vehicle which was registered elsewhere than in this State at the effective date of the policy or bond, or the most recent renewal thereof, or if such operator not an owner was a nonresident of this State, such policy or bond shall not be effective under this section unless the insurance company or surety company if not authorized to do business in this State shall execute a power of attorney authorizing the Commissioner to accept service on its behalf of notice or process in any action upon such policy, or bond arising out of such accident, and unless said insurance company or surety company, if not authorized to do business in this State, is authorized to do business in the state or other jurisdiction where the motor vehicle is registered or, if such policy or bond is filed on behalf of an operator not an owner who was a nonresident of this State, unless said insurance company or surety company, if not authorized to do business in this State, is authorized to do business in the state or other jurisdiction of residence of such operator; provided, however, every such policy or bond is subject, if the accident has resulted in bodily injury or death, to a limit, exclusive of interest and cost, of not less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000)-fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one

accident and, subject to said limit for one person, to a limit of not less than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and, if the accident has resulted in injury to or destruction of property, to a limit of not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident."

Section 3. G.S. 20-279.15 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-279.15. Payment sufficient to satisfy requirements.

In addition to other methods of satisfaction provided by law, judgments herein referred to shall, for the purpose of this Article, be deemed satisfied:

- (1) When twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000)—fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) has been credited upon any judgment or judgments rendered in excess of that amount because of bodily injury to or death of one person as the result of any one accident; or
- (2) When, subject to such limit of twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person, the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) has been credited upon any judgment or judgments rendered in excess of that amount because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons as the result of any one accident; or
- (3) When fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) has been credited upon any judgment or judgments rendered in excess of that amount because of injury to or destruction of property of others as a result of any one accident;

Provided, however, payments made in settlement of any claims because of bodily injury, death or property damage arising from a motor vehicle accident shall be credited in reduction of the amounts provided for in this section."

Section 4. G.S. 20-279.21(b)(2) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) Such owner's policy of liability insurance:
 - (1) Shall designate by explicit description or by appropriate reference all motor vehicles with respect to which coverage is thereby to be granted;
 - (2) Shall insure the person named therein and any other person, as insured, using any such motor vehicle or motor vehicles with the express or implied permission of such named insured, or any other persons in lawful possession, against loss from the liability imposed by law for damages arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of such motor vehicle or motor vehicles within the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada subject to limits exclusive of interest and costs, with respect to each such motor vehicle, as follows: twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to said limit for one person, fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) because of bodily injury to or death of two

or more persons in any one accident, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident; and".

Section 5. G.S. 20-279.25(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Proof of financial responsibility may be evidenced by the certificate of the State Treasurer that the person named therein has deposited with him sixty-five thousand dollars (\$65,000) one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) in cash, or securities such as may legally be purchased by savings banks or for trust funds of a market value of sixty-five thousand dollars (\$65,000). one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000). The State Treasurer shall not accept any such deposit and issue a certificate therefor and the Commissioner shall not accept such certificate unless accompanied by evidence that there are no unsatisfied judgments of any character against the depositor in the county where the depositor resides."

Section 6. G.S. 20-280 reads as rewritten:

"§ 20-280. Filing proof of financial responsibility with governing board of municipality or county.

(a) Within 30 days after March 27, 1951, every person, firm or corporation engaging in the business of operating a taxicab or taxicabs within a municipality shall file with the governing board of the municipality in which such business is operated proof of financial responsibility as hereinafter defined.

No governing board of a municipality shall hereafter issue any certificate of convenience and necessity, franchise, license, permit or other privilege or authority to any person, firm or corporation authorizing such person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of operating a taxicab or taxicabs within the municipality unless such person, firm or corporation first files with said governing board proof of financial responsibility as hereinafter defined.

Within 30 days after the ratification of this section, every person, firm or corporation engaging in the business of operating a taxicab or taxicabs without the corporate limits of a municipality or municipalities, shall file with the board of county commissioners of the county in which such business is operated proof of financial responsibility as hereinafter defined.

No person, firm or corporation shall hereafter engage in the business of operating a taxicab or taxicabs without the corporate limits of a municipality or municipalities in any county unless such person, firm or corporation first files with the board of county commissioners of the county in which such business is operated proof of financial responsibility as hereinafter defined.

(b) As used in this section 'proof of financial responsibility' shall mean a certificate of any insurance carrier duly authorized to do business in the State of North Carolina certifying that there is in effect a policy of liability insurance insuring the owner and operator of the taxicab business, his agents and employees while in the performance of their duties against loss from any liability imposed by law for damages including damages for care and loss of services because of bodily injury to or death of any person and injury to or destruction of property caused by accident and arising out of the

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ownership, use or operation of such taxicab or taxicabs, subject to limits (exclusive of interests and costs) with respect to each such motor vehicle as follows: twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to said limit for one person, fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident.

(c) Every person, firm or corporation who engages in the taxicab business and who is a member of or participates in any trust fund or sinking fund, which said trust fund or sinking fund is for the sole purpose of paying claims, damages or judgments against persons, firms or corporations engaging in the taxicab business and which trust fund or sinking fund is approved by the governing body of any city or municipality with a population of over 50,000, shall be deemed a compliance with the financial responsibility provisions of this section.

Provided, however, that in the case of operators of 15 or more taxicabs, the limits (exclusive of interests and costs), with respect to each such motor vehicle shall be as follows: twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident and, subject to said limit for one person, forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident."

Section 7. G.S. 20-281 reads as rewritten:

"\$ 20-281. Liability insurance prerequisite to engaging in business; coverage of policy.

From and after July 1, 1953, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to engage in the business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the public for operation by the rentee or lessee unless such person, firm or corporation has secured insurance for his own liability and that of his rentee or lessee, in such an amount as is hereinafter provided, from an insurance company duly licensed to sell motor vehicle liability insurance in this State. Each such motor vehicle leased or rented must be covered by a policy of liability insurance insuring the owner and rentee or lessee and their agents and employees while in the performance of their duties against loss from any liability imposed by law for damages including damages for care and loss of services because of bodily injury to or death of any person and injury to or destruction of property caused by accident arising out of the operation of such motor vehicle, subject to the following minimum limits: twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident, and fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident, and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident. Provided, however, that nothing in this Article shall prevent such operators from qualifying as self-insurers under terms and conditions to be prepared and prescribed

by the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or by giving bond with personal or corporate surety, as now provided by G.S. 20-279.24, in lieu of securing the insurance policy hereinbefore provided for."

Section 8. G.S. 58-37-35(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) The Facility shall reinsure for each coverage available therein to the standard percentage of one hundred percent (100%) or lesser equitable percentage established in the plan of operation as follows:
 - (1) For the following coverages of motor vehicle insurance and in at least the following amounts of insurance:
 - a. Bodily injury liability: twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) each person, fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) each accident;
 - b. Property damage liability: fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) each person;
 - c. Medical payments: one thousand dollars (\$1,000) each person; except that this coverage shall not be available for motorcycles;
 - d. Uninsured motorist: twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) each person; fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) each accident for bodily injury; fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) each accident property damage (one hundred dollars (\$100.00) deductible);
 - e. Any other motor vehicle insurance or financial responsibility limits in the amounts required by any federal law or federal agency regulation; by any law of this State; or by any rule duly adopted under Chapter 150B of the General Statutes or by the North Carolina Utilities Commission.
 - (2) Additional ceding privileges for motor vehicle insurance shall be provided by the Board of Governors if there is a substantial public demand for a coverage or coverage limit of any component of motor vehicle insurance up to the following:

Bodily injury liability: one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) each person, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) each accident;

Property damage liability: fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) each accident;

Medical payments: two thousand dollars (\$2,000) each person;

Underinsured motorist: one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) each person and three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) each accident for bodily injury liability;

Uninsured motorist: one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) each person and each accident for bodily injury and fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for property damage (one hundred dollars (\$100.00) deductible).

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	(3) Whenever the additional ceding privileges are provided as in G.S. 58-
2	37-35(b)(2) for any component of motor vehicle insurance, the same
3	additional ceding privileges shall be available to 'all other' types of risks
ļ	subject to the rating jurisdiction of the North Carolina Rate Bureau."
5	Section 9. This act becomes effective January 1, 2000, and applies to new or
)	renewal policies written to become effective on or after that date.