SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 1112 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/14/99 House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/29/99

Short Title: No Sales Tax Fee/Other Changes.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 15, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO PROMOTE ELECTRONIC COMMERCE BY REPEALING THE SALES
3	TAX REGISTRATION FEE AND TO MAKE OTHER CHANGES TO THE TAX
4	LAWS AND RELATED STATUTES.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 105-164.4(c) reads as rewritten:
7	"(c) Certificate of Registration Before a person may engage in business as a
8	retailer or a wholesale merchant, the person must obtain a certificate of registration from
9	the Department. To obtain a certificate of registration, a person must register with the
10	Department and pay fifteen dollars (\$15.00)Department.
11	A certificate of registration is valid unless it is revoked for failure to comply with the
12	provisions of this Article or becomes void. A certificate issued to a retailer becomes void
13	if, for a period of 18 months, the retailer files no returns or files returns showing no
14	sales."
15	Section 2. G.S. 105-88 reads as rewritten:
16	"§ 105-88. Loan agencies or brokers. <u>ag</u>encies.

3

(Public)

(a) Every person, firm, or corporation engaged in <u>any of the following businesses</u>
 <u>must pay for the privilege of engaging in that business an annual tax of seven hundred</u>
 <u>fifty dollars (\$750.00) for each location at which the business is conducted:</u>

- 4 The the regular-business of making loans or lending money, accepting (1)5 liens on, or contracts of assignments of, salaries or wages, or any part 6 thereof, or other security or evidence of debt for repayment of such 7 loans in installment payment or otherwise, and maintaining in connection 8 with same any office or other located or established place for the conduct, 9 negotiation, or transaction of such business and/or advertising or soliciting 10 such business in any manner whatsoever, shall be deemed a loan agency, and 11 shall apply for and procure from the Secretary of Revenue a State license for the privilege of transacting or negotiating such business at each office or place 12 so maintained, and shall pay for such license a tax of seven hundred fifty 13 dollars (\$750.00). otherwise. 14
- 15(2)The business of check cashing regulated under Article 22 of Chapter 5316of the General Statutes.
- 17

18

(3)

of the General Statutes. The business of pawnbroker regulated under Chapter 91A of the

General Statutes.

19 This section does not apply to banks, industrial banks, trust companies, (b)savings and loan associations, cooperative credit unions, the business of negotiating loans 20 21 on real estate as described in G.S. 105-41, pawnbrokers lending or advancing money on 22 specific articles of personal property, or insurance premium finance companies licensed 23 under Article 35 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes. This section applies to those 24 persons or concerns operating what are commonly known as loan companies or finance 25 companies and whose business is as hereinbefore described, and those persons, firms, or corporations pursuing the business of lending money and taking as security for the 26 27 payment of the loan and interest an assignment of wages or an assignment of wages with 28 power of attorney to collect the amount due, or other order or chattel mortgage or bill of sale upon household or kitchen furniture. No real estate mortgage broker is required to 29 obtain a privilege license under this section merely because the broker advances the 30 31 broker's own funds and takes a security interest in real estate to secure the advances and when, at the time of the advance, the broker has already made arrangements with others 32 33 for the sale or discount of the obligation at a later date and does so sell or discount the 34 obligation within the period specified in the arrangement or extensions thereof; or when, at the time of the advance the broker intends to sell the obligation to others at a later date 35 and does, within 12 months from date of initial advance, make arrangements with others 36 37 for the sale of the obligation and does sell the obligation within the period specified in the arrangement or extensions thereof; or because the broker advances the broker's own funds 38 39 in temporary financing directly involved in the production of permanent-type loans for sale to others; and no real estate mortgage broker whose mortgage lending operations are 40 41 essentially as described above is required to obtain a privilege license under this section.

42 (c) At the time of making any such loan, the person, or officer of the firm or 43 corporation making the <u>same, loan, shall give to the borrower in writing in convenient</u>

1		ng the amount received by the borrower, the amount to be paid
2		nd the time in which said the amount is to be paid, and the rate of
3	interest and discount age	1
4		son, firm, or corporation failing, refusing, or neglecting to pay the
5		be guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor in addition to double the tax
6		<u>I be <u>A loan is not</u> collectible at law in the courts of this State in</u>
7		on making such-the loan has failed to pay the tax levied herein,
8		hied in this section or otherwise failed to comply with the
9	provisions of this section	
10		es, and towns may levy a license tax on the business taxed under
11		s of one hundred dollars (\$100.00)."
12		S. 105-159.1(d) reads as rewritten:
13		e Secretary shall amend the first page of the income tax return in
14		desiring must give an individual the opportunity to make the
15		ntribution authorized in this section may do so by designating on the
16		. The line of authorization for the designation shall be color contrasted
17		the remainder of the income tax return. section. The return or its
18		ory instruction shall instructions must readily indicate that any
19	-	ase nor decrease a contribution neither increases nor decreases an
20	individual's tax liability.	
21		S. 105-164.3(25) reads as rewritten:
22	· · · ·	' means an electric power company or a telephone company that
23	•	ect to a privilege tax based on gross receipts under G.S. 105-116
24		120, a any of the following:
25		<u>A</u> business entity that provides local, toll, or private
26		telecommunications service as defined by G.S. 105-120(e), or a
27		<u>105-120(e).</u>
28		<u>A business entity or a municipality that sells electric power, other</u>
29		than a municipality whose only wholesale supplier of electric
30		power is a federal agency and who is required by a contract with
31		that federal agency to make payments in lieu of taxes. power."
32	Section 5. G.	S. 105-164.13(12) reads as rewritten:
33		es of any of the following items:
34	<u>a.</u>	Therapeutic, prosthetic, or artificial devices, such as pulmonary
35		respirators or medical beds, that are designed for individual
36		personal use to correct or alleviate physical illness, disease, or
37		incapacity and that are sold on the written prescription of a
38		physician, dentist, or other professional person licensed to
39		prescribe, and crutches, prescribe.
40	<u>b.</u>	Crutches, artificial limbs, artificial eyes, hearing aids, false teeth,
41		eyeglasses ground on prescription of a physician or an
42		optometrist, and orthopedic-optometrist.

1	a Orthonodia annianass designed to be warn by the nurshager or
1 2	<u>c.</u> <u>Orthopedic appliances designed to be worn by the purchaser or</u>
23	user.
3 4	<u>d.</u> <u>Durable medical equipment and related medical supplies that are</u>
4 5	covered under the Medicare or Medicaid program and are sold on
	either a certificate of medical necessity or a written prescription
6	of a physician, dentist, or other professional person licensed to
7	prescribe. This exemption applies whether or not the item is
8	purchased by a Medicare or Medicaid beneficiary."
9	Section 6. G.S. 105-164.13(13) reads as rewritten:
10	"(13) <u>All of the following drugs, including the constituent elements and</u>
11	ingredients used to produce the drugs, the packaging materials, and
12 13	any instructions or information about the product included in the
	package with the drugs:
14	<u>a.</u> <u>Prescription drugs.</u>
15	<u>b.</u> <u>Medicines</u> <u>Nonprescription</u> <u>drugs</u> sold on prescription of
16	physicians, dentists, or veterinarians; insulin whether or not sold on
17	prescriptionveterinarians.
18	$\frac{c.}{1000} = \frac{1000}{1000} $
19 20	Section 7. G.S. $105-164.13(13b)$ is repealed.
20	Section 8. G.S. 105-164.13(16) reads as rewritten:
21	"(16) Sales of any of the following articles:
22	a. A used article taken in trade, or a series of trades, as a credit or
23	part payment on the sale of a new article if tax is paid on the
24	sales price of the new article. "New article" means the original
25	stock in trade of the merchant and is not limited to a newly
26	manufactured article.
27	b. <u>An-an</u> article repossessed by the vendor if tax was paid on the
28	sales price of the article."
29	Section 9. G.S. 105-164.13(35) reads as rewritten:
30	"(35) Sales by a nonprofit civic, charitable, educational, scientific, literary
31	literary, or fraternal organization continuously chartered or incorporated
32	within North Carolina for at least two years when such all of the
33	following conditions are met:
34	<u>a.</u> <u>The sales are conducted only upon an annual basis for the</u>
35	purpose of raising funds for its activities, and when the
36	organization's activities.
37	b. the <u>The proceeds thereof of the sale</u> are actually used for such
38	purposes; provided, however, that no such sale shall be exempt if
39	not actually consummated the organization's activities.
40	c. <u>The products sold are delivered to the purchaser within 60 days</u>
41	after the first solicitation of any sale made during said-the
42	organization's annual sales period."
43	Section 10. G.S. 105-164.13(39) is repealed.

1	Section 11. G.S. 105-164.13(42) reads as rewritten:	
2	"(42) Tangible personal property that is purchased by a retailer for r	esale
3	or is manufactured or purchased by a wholesale merchant for r	
4	and then withdrawn from inventory and donated by the retail	
5	wholesale merchant to either a governmental entity or a non	
6	organization, contributions to which are deductible as chari	
7	contributions for federal income tax purposes."	
8	Section 12. G.S. 105-164.13 is amended by adding a new subdivision to re-	ead:
9	"(46) Sales of electricity by a municipality whose only wholesale sup	
10	of electric power is a federal agency and who is required	-
11	contract with that federal agency to make payments in lieu of tax	-
12	Section 13. G.S. 105-164.13A reads as rewritten:	
13	"§ 105-164.13A. Service charges on food, beverages, or meals.	
14	When a service charge is imposed on food, beverages, or meals, so much of sai	d -the
15	service charge as-that does not exceed fifteen percent (15%)-twenty percent (20%) o	
16	sales price is considered a tip and is specifically exempted from the tax imposed by	
17	Article when the service charge: if it meets both of the following conditions:	
18	(1) Is separately stated in the price list, menu, or written proposal	and
19	also in the invoice or bill; and bill.	
20	(2) Is turned over to the personnel directly involved in the service of	f the
21	food, beverages, or meals, in accordance with G.S. 95-25.6.	
22	Such service charge shall be considered to be a tip."	
23	Section 14. G.S. $105-164.14(c)(16)$ reads as rewritten:	
24	"(16) A local airport authority that was created pursuant to a local a	ct of
25	the General Assembly and has at least one of the follo	
26	characteristics:	_
27	a. It has all of the rights of a municipality.	
28	b. A local act of the General Assembly declares it to	se a
29	municipality.	
30	c. A local act of the General Assembly specifically authorizes	it to
31	receive a refund under this section. Assembly."	
32	Section 15. G.S. 105-236(1) reads as rewritten:	
33	"(1) Penalty for Bad Checks. – When the bank upon which	any
34	uncertified check tendered to the Department of Revenue in pay	ment
35	of any obligation due to the Department returns the check becau	se of
36	insufficient funds or the nonexistence of an account of the dra	iwer,
37	the Secretary shall assess a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) c	f the
38	check, subject to a minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum	num
39	of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). This penalty does not apply i	f the
40	Secretary finds that, when the check was presented for payment	t, the
41	drawer of the check had sufficient funds in an account at a fina	ncial
42	institution in this State to pay the check and, by inadvertence	, the
43	drawer of the check failed to draw the check on the account that	t had

1	sufficient funds. The penalty imposed may not be waived or diminished
2	by the Secretary."
3	Section 16. G.S. 105-236(5) reads as rewritten:
4	"(5) Negligence. –
5	a. Finding of negligence. – For negligent failure to comply with any
6	of the provisions to which this Article applies, or rules issued
7	pursuant thereto, without intent to defraud, the Secretary shall
8	assess a penalty equal to ten percent (10%) of the deficiency due
9	to the negligence.
10	b. Large <u>individual</u> income tax deficiency. – In the case of
11	individual income tax, if a taxpayer understates taxable income,
12	by any means, by an amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%)
13	or more of gross income, the Secretary shall assess a penalty
14	equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the deficiency. For
15	purposes of this subdivision, "gross income" means gross income
16	as defined in section 61 of the Code.
17	c. Other large tax deficiency. – In the case of a tax other than
18	individual income tax, if a taxpayer understates tax liability by
19	twenty-five percent (25%) or more, the Secretary shall assess a
20	penalty equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the deficiency.
21	d. No double penalty. – If a penalty is assessed under subdivision
22	(6) of this section, no additional penalty for negligence shall be
23	assessed with respect to the same deficiency.
24	e. Inheritance and gift tax deficiencies. – This subdivision does not
25	apply to inheritance, estate, and gift tax deficiencies that are the
26	result of valuation understatements."
27	Section 17. G.S. 105-237(a) reads as rewritten:
28	"(a) Waiver. – The Secretary may, upon making a record of the reasons
29	therefor, reduce or waive any penalties provided for in this Subchapter, except the penalty
30	provided in G.S. 105-236 relating to unpaid checks. Subchapter."
31	Section 18. G.S. 105-259(b)(15) reads as rewritten:
32	"(b) Disclosure Prohibited. – An officer, an employee, or an agent of the State who
33	has access to tax information in the course of service to or employment by the State may
34	not disclose the information to any other person unless the disclosure is made for one of
35	the following purposes:
36	$\frac{15}{15}$
37	(15) To exchange information concerning a tax imposed by Articles 2A,
38 39	2B, 2C, or 2D of this Chapter with one of the following agencies when the information is needed to fulfill a duty imposed on the
39 40	when the information is needed to fulfill a duty imposed on the Department or the agency:
40 41	Department or the agency: The North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission
41 42	a. The North Carolina Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission.b. The Division of Alcohol Law Enforcement of the Department of
42 43	Crime Control and Public Safety.
J	Crime Control and I dolle Safety.

1	c. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms of the United
2	States Treasury Department.
3	<u>d.</u> <u>Local law enforcement agencies.</u> "
4	Section 19. G.S. 105-266(c)(1) reads as rewritten:
5 6	"(c) Statute of Limitations. – The period in which a refund must be demanded or discovered under this section is determined as follows:
0 7	
8	(1) General Rule. – No overpayment shall be refunded, whether upon discovery or receipt of written demand, if the discovery is not made
	discovery or receipt of written demand, if the discovery is not made
9	or the demand is not received within three years after the date set by
10	the statute for the filing of the return or within six months after the
11	payment of the tax alleged to be an overpayment, whichever is later.
12	An agreement by a taxpayer to extend the time in which the
13	Department can assess the taxpayer for an underpayment
14	automatically extends the time in which the taxpayer can request a
15	$\frac{\text{refund.}''}{\text{Section 20} - C - S - 105 - 440 - 65(c)(8) is repealed}$
16 17	Section 20. G.S. $105-449.65(a)(8)$ is repealed.
17	Section 21. G.S. $105-449.65(a)(9)$ is repealed.
18 19	Section 22. G.S. 105-449.87(a)(1) reads as rewritten: "(a) Tax. – An excise tax at the motor fuel rate is imposed on the following:
20	(a) Tax. – All excise tax at the motor fuer fate is imposed on the following. (1) Dyed diesel fuel that is used to operate a highway vehicle for a use
20 21	that is not a nontaxable use under § 4082(b) of the Code. The tax
21	does not apply, however, to dyed diesel fuel that is used to operate
22	special mobile equipment."
23 24	Section 23. G.S. 105-449.97(b) reads as rewritten:
2 4 25	"(b) Administrative Discount. – A supplier that files a timely return <u>and sends a</u>
23 26	<u>timely payment may deduct from the amount of tax payable with the return an</u>
20 27	administrative discount of one-tenth of one percent (0.1%) of the amount of tax payable
28	to this State as the trustee, not to exceed eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) a month. The
20 29	discount covers expenses incurred in collecting taxes on motor fuel."
30	Section 24. G.S. 105-449.106 reads as rewritten:
31	"§ 105-449.106. Quarterly refunds for certain local governmental entities, nonprofit
32	organizations, and taxicabs. taxicabs, and special mobile equipment.
33	(a) Government and Nonprofits. – A local governmental entity or a nonprofit
34	organization listed below that purchases and uses motor fuel may receive a quarterly
35	refund, for the excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate equal to the amount
36	of the flat cents-per-gallon rate plus the variable cents-per-gallon rate in effect during the
37	quarter for which the refund is claimed, less one cent $(1 \not \epsilon)$ per gallon. Any of the following
38	entities may receive a refund under this section:
39	(1) A county or a municipal corporation.
40	(2) A private, nonprofit organization that transports passengers under
41	contract with or at the express designation of a unit of local government.
42	(3) A volunteer fire department.
43	(4) A volunteer rescue squad.

1	(5) A shaltared workshop reasonized by the Department of Health and
1 2	(5) A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of Health and Human Services.
2	An application for a refund allowed under this section subsection must be made in
4	accordance with this Part and must be signed by the chief executive officer of the entity.
4 5	The chief executive officer of a nonprofit organization is the president of the organization
6	or another officer of the organization designated in the charter or bylaws of the
7	organization.
8	Any of the following entities may receive a refund under this subsection:
8 9	(1) A county or a municipal corporation.
10	(2) <u>A private, nonprofit organization that transports passengers under</u>
11	<u>contract with or at the express designation of a unit of local government.</u>
11	
12	
13	 (4) <u>A volunteer rescue squad.</u> (5) <u>A sheltered workshop recognized by the Department of Health and</u>
14	Human Services.
16	(b) Taxi. – A person who purchases and uses motor fuel in a taxicab, as defined in
17	G.S. 20-87(1), while the taxicab is engaged in transporting passengers for hire, or in a bus
18	operated as part of a city transit system that is exempt from regulation by the North
19	Carolina Utilities Commission under G.S. 62-260(a)(8), may receive a quarterly refund,
20	for the excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate equal to the flat cents-per-
21	gallon rate plus the variable cents-per-gallon rate in effect during the quarter for which
22	the refund is claimed, less one cent (1ϕ) per gallon. An application for a refund must be
23	made in accordance with this Part.
24	(c) Special Mobile Equipment. – A person who purchases and uses motor fuel to
25	operate special mobile equipment off-highway may receive a quarterly refund, for the
26	excise tax paid during the preceding quarter, at a rate equal to the flat cents-per-gallon
27	rate plus the variable cents-per-gallon rate in effect during the quarter for which the
28	refund is claimed, less the amount of sales and use tax due on the fuel under this Chapter,
29	as determined in accordance with G.S. 105-449.107(c). An application for a refund must
30	be made in accordance with this Part."
31	Section 25. G.S. 105-449.116 is repealed.
32	Section 26. G.S. 20-50(a) reads as rewritten:
33	"(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Article, every owner of a <u>A</u> vehicle intended to
34	be operated upon any highway of this State must be registered with the Division in
35	accordance with G.S. 20-52, and the owner of the vehicle must comply with G.S. 20-52
36	before operating the vehicle. A vehicle that is leased to an individual who is a resident of
37	this State is a vehicle intended to be operated upon a highway of this State. and required
38	by this Article to be registered shall, before the same is so operated, apply to the Division for and
39	obtain the registration thereof, the registration plates therefor and a certificate of title therefor,
40	and attach the registration plates to the vehicle, except when an owner is permitted to operate a
41 42	vehicle under the registration provisions relating to manufacturers, dealers and nonresidents
42 43	contained in G.S. 20-79, or under temporary registration plates as provided in this Article: Provided that the
J.	

1	The Commissioner of Motor Vehicles or his-the Commissioner's duly authorized
2	agent is empowered to grant a special one-way trip permit to move a vehicle without
3	license upon good cause being shown. It is further provided that when When the owner of a
4	vehicle leases such-the vehicle to a carrier of passengers or property and it-the vehicle is
5	actually used by such-the carrier in the operation of its business, the registration-license
6	plates may be obtained by the lessee, upon written consent of the owner, after the
7	certificate of title has been obtained by the owner. Provided further that when When the
8	owner of a vehicle leases such-the vehicle to a farmer and it-the vehicle is actually used by
9	such-the farmer in the operation of his-a farm, the registration-license plates may be
10	obtained by the farmer at the applicable farmer rate, upon written consent of the owner,
11	after the certificate of title has been obtained by the owner. The lessee shall make
12	application on an appropriate form furnished by the Division and file such evidence of
13	the lease as the Division may require."
14	Section 27. G.S. 20-87(10) reads as rewritten:
15	"(10) Special Mobile Equipment. – The fee for special mobile equipment for
16	the license year or any part of the license year is the same as two times
17	the fee in subdivision (5) for a private passenger motor vehicle of not
18	more than 15 passengers."
19	Section 28. G.S. 20-116(a) reads as rewritten:
20	"(a) The total outside width of any vehicle or the load thereon shall not exceed 96
21	inches, except as otherwise provided in this section: Provided that when section. When
22	hogsheads of tobacco are being transported, a tolerance of six inches shall be allowed and
23	that when is allowed. When sheet or bale tobacco is being transported the load does must
24	not exceed a width of 114 inches at the top of the load and the bottom of the load at the
25	truck bed <u>does-must</u> not exceed the width of 102 inches inclusive of allowance for load
26	shifting or settling. Special mobile equipment is allowed a total outside width not to
27	exceed 102 inches. Provided, further, that vehicles Vehicles (other than passenger buses)
28	which that do not exceed the overall width of 102 inches and otherwise provided in this
29	section may be operated in accordance with G.S. 20-115.1(c), (f), and (g)."
30	Section 29. G.S. 20-140.5 reads as rewritten:
31	"§ 20-140.5. Special mobile equipment may tow certain vehicles.
32	Special mobile equipment may tow any of the following vehicles: not tow any vehicle
33	other than the following:
34	(1) A single passenger vehicle that can carry no more than nine passengers
35	and is not loaded, in whole or in part, with passengers or property. passengers
36	and is carrying no passengers.
37	(2) A single property-hauling vehicle that has a registered weight of 5,000
38	pounds or less and is not loaded, in whole or in part, with passengers or
39	property. less, is carrying no passengers, and does not exceed its
40	registered weight.
41	Special mobile equipment may not tow a vehicle that is not listed in this section."
42	Section 30. G.S. 110-129.2(g) reads as rewritten:

1	"(g)	Other	Uses of Directory Information The Employment Security Commission
2	following	g ageno	cies may access information entered into the Directory from employer
3	reports fo	or the p	urpose purposes stated:
4	1	(1)	The Employment Security Commission for the purpose of administering
5		<u> </u>	employment security programs.
6		<u>(2)</u>	The North Carolina Industrial Commission may access information
7			entered into the Directory from employer reports-for the purpose of
8			administering workers' compensation programs.
9		<u>(3)</u>	The Department of Revenue for the purpose of administering the taxes it
10			has a duty to collect under Chapter 105 of the General Statutes."
11		Sectio	on 31. This act does not affect the rights or liabilities of the State, a
12	taxpayer,	, or and	ther person arising under a statute amended or repealed by this act before
13	the effect	tive dat	e of its amendment or repeal; nor does it affect the right to any refund or
14	credit of	a tax	that accrued under the amended or repealed statute before the effective
15	date of it	s amen	dment or repeal.
16		Sectio	on 32. Sections 1 and 27 of this act become effective January 1, 2000.
17	Sections	2 and	14 of this act become effective July 1, 1999; Section 14 applies to
18	purchase	s made	on or after that date. Sections 5 through 11, 13, 15 through 17, and 22 of
19	this act	become	e effective October 1, 1999; Sections 15 through 17 apply to penalties
20	assessed	on or a	fter that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law;
21	Section 2	1 annl	as to tay as not on an other January 1, 1000

21 Section 24 applies to taxes paid on or after January 1, 1999.