# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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#### HOUSE BILL 277\* Committee Substitute Favorable 3/30/05

Short Title - Establish Child Assessment Responses

Short Thie. Establish Child Assessment Responses.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
February 17, 2005	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR FAMILY ASSESSMENT RESPONSES	IN CASES IN
WHICH CHILDREN ARE REPORTED TO BE NEGLECTED OR	DEPENDENT
AND FOR INVESTIGATIVE ASSESSMENT RESPONSES II	N CASES IN
WHICH CHILDREN ARE REPORTED TO BE ABUSED.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 7B-101 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 7B-101. Definitions.	
As used in this Subchapter, unless the context clearly requires	otherwise, the
following words have the listed meanings:	,
(1) Abused juveniles. – Any juvenile less than 18 years	of age whose
parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker:	C
a. Inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon the juy	enile a serious

a. Inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon the juvenile a serious physical injury by other than accidental means;

b. Creates or allows to be created a substantial risk of serious physical injury to the juvenile by other than accidental means;

c. Uses or allows to be used upon the juvenile cruel or grossly inappropriate procedures or cruel or grossly inappropriate devices to modify behavior;

d. Commits, permits, or encourages the commission of a violation of the following laws by, with, or upon the juvenile: first-degree rape, as provided in G.S. 14-27.2; second degree rape as provided in G.S. 14-27.3; first-degree sexual offense, as provided in G.S. 14-27.4; second degree sexual offense, as provided in G.S. 14-27.5; sexual act by a custodian, as provided in G.S. 14-27.7; crime against nature, as provided in G.S. 14-177; incest, as provided in G.S. 14-178; preparation of obscene photographs, slides, or motion pictures of the juvenile, as provided in

(Public)

1		G.S. 14-190.5; employing or permitting the juvenile to assist in
2		a violation of the obscenity laws as provided in G.S. 14-190.6;
3		dissemination of obscene material to the juvenile as provided in
4		G.S. 14-190.7 and G.S. 14-190.8; displaying or disseminating
5		material harmful to the juvenile as provided in G.S. 14-190.14
6		and G.S. 14-190.15; first and second degree sexual exploitation
7		of the juvenile as provided in G.S. 14-190.16 and
8		G.S. 14-190.17; promoting the prostitution of the juvenile as
9		provided in G.S. 14-190.18; and taking indecent liberties with
10		the juvenile, as provided in G.S. 14-202.1, regardless of the age
11		of the parties; G.S. 14-202.1;
12		e. Creates or allows to be created serious emotional damage to the
13		juvenile; serious emotional damage is evidenced by a juvenile's
14		severe anxiety, depression, withdrawal, or aggressive behavior
15		toward himself or others; or
16		f. Encourages, directs, or approves of delinquent acts involving
17		moral turpitude committed by the juvenile.
18	(2)	Aggravated circumstances Any circumstance attending to the
19		commission of an act of abuse or neglect which increases its enormity
20		or adds to its injurious consequences, including, but not limited to,
21		abandonment, torture, chronic abuse, or sexual abuse.
22	(3)	Caretaker Any person other than a parent, guardian, or custodian
23		who has responsibility for the health and welfare of a juvenile in a
24		residential setting. A person responsible for a juvenile's health and
25		welfare means a stepparent, foster parent, an adult member of the
26		juvenile's household, an adult relative entrusted with the juvenile's
27		care, any person such as a house parent or cottage parent who has
28		primary responsibility for supervising a juvenile's health and welfare
29		in a residential child care facility or residential educational facility, or
30		any employee or volunteer of a division, institution, or school operated
31		by the Department of Health and Human Services. "Caretaker" also
32		means any person who has the responsibility for the care of a juvenile
33		in a child care facility as defined in Article 7 of Chapter 110 of the
34		General Statutes and includes any person who has the approval of the
35		care provider to assume responsibility for the juveniles under the care
36		of the care provider. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to
37		impose a legal duty of support under Chapter 50 or Chapter 110 of the
38		General Statutes. The duty imposed upon a caretaker as defined in this
39		subdivision shall be for the purpose of this Subchapter only.
40	(4)	Clerk Any clerk of superior court, acting clerk, or assistant or
41		deputy clerk.
42	(5)	Community-based program. – A program providing nonresidential or
43		residential treatment to a juvenile in the community where the
44		juvenile's family lives. A community-based program may include

1		specialized foster care, family counseling, shelter care, and other
2		appropriate treatment.
3	(6)	Court. – The district court division of the General Court of Justice.
4	(7)	Court of competent jurisdiction A court having the power and
5		authority of law to act at the time of acting over the subject matter of
6		the cause.
7	(7a)	"Criminal history" means a Criminal history. – A local, State, or
8		federal criminal history of conviction or pending indictment of a
9		crime, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, involving violence against
10		a person.
11	(8)	Custodian. – The person or agency that has been awarded legal
12		custody of a juvenile by a court or a person, other than parents or legal
13		guardian, who has assumed the status and obligation of a parent
14		without being awarded the legal custody of a juvenile by a court.
15	(9)	Dependent juvenile. – A juvenile in need of assistance or placement
16		because the juvenile has no parent, guardian, or custodian responsible
17		for the juvenile's care or supervision or whose parent, guardian, or
18		custodian is unable to provide for the care or supervision and lacks an
19		appropriate alternative child care arrangement.
20	(10)	Director. – The director of the county department of social services in
21		the county in which the juvenile resides or is found, or the director's
22		representative as authorized in G.S. 108A-14.
23	(11)	District. – Any district court district as established by G.S. 7A-133.
24	<u>(11a)</u>	
25	<u> </u>	neglect and dependency as determined by the Director using a family-
26		centered approach that is protection and prevention oriented and that
27		evaluates the strengths and needs of the juvenile's family, as well as
28		the condition of the juvenile.
29	(11b)	Investigative assessment response A response to reports of child
30		abuse and selected reports of child neglect and dependency as
31		determined by the Director using a formal information gathering
32		process to determine whether a juvenile is abused, neglected, or
33		dependent.
34	(12)	Judge. – Any district court judge.
35	(13)	Judicial district Any district court district as established by
36		G.S. 7A-133.
37	(14)	Juvenile. – A person who has not reached the person's eighteenth
38	. ,	birthday and is not married, emancipated, or a member of the armed
39		forces of the United States.
40	(15)	Neglected juvenile A juvenile who does not receive proper care,
41		supervision, or discipline from the juvenile's parent, guardian,
42		custodian, or caretaker; or who has been abandoned; or who is not
43		provided necessary medical care; or who is not provided necessary
44		remedial care; or who lives in an environment injurious to the
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1		juvenile's welfare; or who has been placed for care or adoption in
2		violation of law. In determining whether a juvenile is a neglected
3		juvenile, it is relevant whether that juvenile lives in a home where
4		another juvenile has died as a result of suspected abuse or neglect or
5		lives in a home where another juvenile has been subjected to abuse or
6		neglect by an adult who regularly lives in the home.
7	(16)	Petitioner. – The individual who initiates court action, whether by the
8	( - )	filing of a petition or of a motion for review alleging the matter for
9		adjudication.
10	(17)	Prosecutor. – The district attorney or assistant district attorney
11		assigned by the district attorney to juvenile proceedings.
12	(18)	Reasonable efforts The diligent use of preventive or reunification
13		services by a department of social services when a juvenile's remaining
14		at home or returning home is consistent with achieving a safe,
15		permanent home for the juvenile within a reasonable period of time. If
16		a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the juvenile is not to
17		be returned home, then reasonable efforts means the diligent and
18		timely use of permanency planning services by a department of social
19		services to develop and implement a permanent plan for the juvenile.
20	(19)	Safe home. – A home in which the juvenile is not at substantial risk of
21		physical or emotional abuse or neglect.
22	(20)	Shelter care. – The temporary care of a juvenile in a physically
23		unrestricting facility pending court disposition.
24		r includes the plural, the masculine singular includes the feminine
25		sculine and feminine plural unless otherwise specified."
26		<b>FION 2.</b> G.S. 7B-300 reads as rewritten:
27	•	tective services.
28		of the department of social services in each county of the State shall
29	-	ive services for juveniles alleged to be abused, neglected, or dependent.
30		ervices shall include the investigation and screening of complaints,
31		ormance of an assessment using either a family assessment response or
32		assessment response, casework, or other counseling services to parents,
33	-	her caretakers as provided by the director to help the parents, guardians,
34		ers and the court to prevent abuse or neglect, to improve the quality of
35		e more adequate parents, guardians, or caretakers, and to preserve and
36	stabilize family	
37	1	ons of this Article shall also apply to child care facilities as defined in
38	G.S. 110-86."	<b>TION 3.</b> G.S. 7B-301 reads as rewritten:
39 40		Duty to report abuse, neglect, dependency, or death due to
40 41		reatment.
42		or institution who has cause to suspect that any juvenile is abused,
43	• •	ependent, as defined by G.S. 7B-101, or has died as the result of
44	•	hall report the case of that juvenile to the director of the department of

social services in the county where the juvenile resides or is found. The report may be 1 2 made orally, by telephone, or in writing. The report shall include information as is 3 known to the person making it including the name and address of the juvenile; the name 4 and address of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or caretaker; the age of the juvenile; the 5 names and ages of other juveniles in the home; the present whereabouts of the juvenile 6 if not at the home address; the nature and extent of any injury or condition resulting from abuse, neglect, or dependency; and any other information which the person 7 8 making the report believes might be helpful in establishing the need for protective 9 services or court intervention. If the report is made orally or by telephone, the person 10 making the report shall give the person's name, address, and telephone number. Refusal of the person making the report to give a name shall not preclude the department's 11 12 investigation assessment of the alleged abuse, neglect, dependency, or death as a result 13 of maltreatment.

14 Upon receipt of any report of sexual abuse of the juvenile in a child care facility, the 15 director shall notify the State Bureau of Investigation within 24 hours or on the next workday. If sexual abuse in a child care facility is not alleged in the initial report, but 16 17 during the course of the investigation assessment there is reason to suspect that sexual 18 abuse has occurred, the director shall immediately notify the State Bureau of Investigation. Upon notification that sexual abuse may have occurred in a child care 19 20 facility, the State Bureau of Investigation may form a task force to investigate the 21 report."

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- **SECTION 4.** G.S. 7B-302 reads as rewritten: "§ 7B-302. Investigation Assessment by director; access to confidential
- information; notification of person making the report. When a report of abuse, neglect, or dependency is received, the director of the 25 (a) department of social services shall make a prompt and thorough investigation 26 27 assessment, using either a family assessment response or an investigative assessment response, in order to ascertain the facts of the case, the extent of the abuse or neglect, 28 29 and the risk of harm to the juvenile, in order to determine whether protective services 30 should be provided or the complaint filed as a petition. When the report alleges abuse, the director shall immediately, but no later than 24 hours after receipt of the report, 31 32 initiate the investigation. assessment. When the report alleges neglect or dependency, 33 the director shall initiate the investigation assessment within 72 hours following receipt of the report. When the report alleges abandonment, the director shall immediately 34 35 initiate an investigation, assessment, take appropriate steps to assume temporary custody of the juvenile, and take appropriate steps to secure an order for nonsecure 36 37 custody of the juvenile. The investigation assessment and evaluation shall include a 38 visit to the place where the juvenile resides. resides, except when the report alleges 39 abuse or neglect in a child care facility as defined in Article 7 of Chapter 110 of the General Statutes. When a report alleges abuse or neglect in a child care facility as 40 defined in Article 7 of Chapter 110 of the General Statutes, a visit to the place where the 41 42 juvenile resides is not required. When the report alleges abandonment, the investigation assessment shall include a request from the director to law enforcement officials to 43 44 investigate through the North Carolina Center for Missing Persons and other national

1 and State resources whether the juvenile is a missing child. All information received by

the department of social services, including the identity of the reporter, shall be held instrictest confidence by the department.

4 When a report of a juvenile's death as a result of suspected maltreatment or a (b) 5 report of suspected abuse, neglect, or dependency of a juvenile in a noninstitutional 6 setting is received, the director of the department of social services shall immediately ascertain if other juveniles live in the home, and, if so, initiate an investigation 7 8 assessment in order to determine whether they require protective services or whether immediate removal of the juveniles from the home is necessary for their protection. 9 10 When a report of a juvenile's death as a result of maltreatment or a report of suspected abuse, neglect, or dependency of a juvenile in an institutional setting such as a 11 12 residential child care facility or residential educational facility is received, the director of the department of social services shall immediately ascertain if other juveniles remain 13 14 in the facility subject to the alleged perpetrator's care or supervision, and, if so, assess 15 the circumstances of those juveniles in order to determine whether they require 16 protective services or whether immediate removal of those juveniles from the facility is 17 necessary for their protection.

18 (c) If the investigation assessment indicates that abuse, neglect, or dependency 19 has occurred, the director shall decide whether immediate removal of the juvenile or any 20 other juveniles in the home is necessary for their protection. If immediate removal does 21 not seem necessary, the director shall immediately provide or arrange for protective 22 services. If the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker refuses to accept the protective 23 services provided or arranged by the director, the director shall sign a complaint seeking 24 to invoke the jurisdiction of the court for the protection of the juvenile or juveniles.

(d) If immediate removal seems necessary for the protection of the juvenile or
other juveniles in the home, the director shall sign a complaint <u>which\_that</u> alleges the
applicable facts to invoke the jurisdiction of the court. Where the investigation
assessment shows that it is warranted, a protective services worker may assume
temporary custody of the juvenile for the juvenile's protection pursuant to Article 5 of
this Chapter.

31 Whenever a juvenile is removed from the home of a parent, guardian, (d1) 32 custodian, stepparent, or adult relative entrusted with the juvenile's care due to physical abuse, the director shall conduct a thorough review of the background of the alleged 33 34 abuser or abusers. This review shall include a criminal history check and a review of 35 any available mental health records. If the review reveals that the alleged abuser or abusers have a history of violent behavior against people, the director shall petition the 36 court to order the alleged abuser or abusers to submit to a complete mental health 37 38 evaluation by a licensed psychologist or psychiatrist.

39 (e) In performing any duties related to the investigation assessment of the 40 complaint report or the provision or arrangement for protective services, the director 41 may consult with any public or private agencies or individuals, including the available 42 State or local law enforcement officers who shall assist in the investigation assessment 43 and evaluation of the seriousness of any report of abuse, neglect, or dependency when 44 requested by the director. The director or the director's representative may make a

written demand for any information or reports, whether or not confidential, that may in 1 2 the director's opinion be relevant to the investigation of or the provision for assessment 3 or provision of protective services. Upon the director's or the director's representative's 4 request and unless protected by the attorney-client privilege, any public or private 5 agency or individual shall provide access to and copies of this confidential information 6 and these records to the extent permitted by federal law and regulations. If a custodian 7 of criminal investigative information or records believes that release of the information 8 will jeopardize the right of the State to prosecute a defendant or the right of a defendant 9 to receive a fair trial or will undermine an ongoing or future investigation, it may seek 10 an order from a court of competent jurisdiction to prevent disclosure of the information. In such an action, the custodian of the records shall have the burden of showing by a 11 12 preponderance of the evidence that disclosure of the information in question will jeopardize the right of the State to prosecute a defendant or the right of a defendant to 13 14 receive a fair trial or will undermine an ongoing or future investigation. Actions brought 15 pursuant to this paragraph shall be set down for immediate hearing, and subsequent proceedings in the actions shall be accorded priority by the trial and appellate courts. 16

17 (f) Within five working days after receipt of the report of abuse, neglect, or 18 dependency, the director shall give written notice to the person making the report, 19 unless requested by that person not to give notice, as to whether the report was accepted 20 for investigation assessment and whether the report was referred to the appropriate 21 State or local law enforcement agency.

Within five working days after completion of the protective services 22 (g) 23 investigation, assessment, the director shall give subsequent written notice to the person 24 making the report, unless requested by that person not to give notice, as to whether there is a finding of abuse, neglect, or dependency, whether the county department of social 25 services is taking action to protect the juvenile, and what action it is taking, including 26 27 whether or not a petition was filed. The person making the report shall be informed of procedures necessary to request a review by the prosecutor of the director's decision not 28 29 to file a petition. A request for review by the prosecutor shall be made within five 30 working days of receipt of the second notification. The second notification shall include notice that, if the person making the report is not satisfied with the director's decision, 31 32 the person may request review of the decision by the prosecutor within five working 33 days of receipt. The person making the report may waive the person's right to this notification, and no notification is required if the person making the report does not 34 identify himself to the director. 35

- 36 (h) The director or the director's representative may not enter a private residence 37 for investigation assessment purposes without at least one of the following:
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43 44 (2) serious physical injury.(2) The permission of the parent or person responsible for the juvenile's

The reasonable belief that a juvenile is in imminent danger of death or

- care.(3) The accompaniment of a law enforcement officer who has legal authority to enter the residence.
  - (4) An order from a court of competent jurisdiction."

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## **SECTION 5.** G.S. 7B-303 reads as rewritten:

"§ 7B-303. Interference with investigation. assessment.

3 If any person obstructs or interferes with an investigation assessment (a) required by G.S. 7B-302, the director may file a petition naming said that person as 4 5 respondent and requesting an order directing the respondent to cease such the 6 obstruction or interference. The petition shall contain the name and date of birth and 7 address of the juvenile who is the subject of the investigation, assessment; shall include 8 a concise statement of the basis for initiating the assessment, shall specifically describe 9 the conduct alleged to constitute obstruction of or interference with the investigation, 10 assessment; and shall be verified.

(b) For purposes of this section, obstruction of or interference with an 11 12 investigation assessment means refusing to disclose the whereabouts of the juvenile, 13 refusing to allow the director to have personal access to the juvenile, refusing to allow 14 the director to observe or interview the juvenile in private, refusing to allow the director 15 access to confidential information and records upon request pursuant to G.S. 7B-302, refusing to allow the director to arrange for an evaluation of the juvenile by a physician 16 17 or other expert, or other conduct that makes it impossible for the director to carry out 18 the duty to investigate. assess the juvenile's condition.

Upon filing of the petition, the court shall schedule a hearing to be held not 19 (c)20 less than five days after service of the petition and summons on the respondent. Service 21 of the petition and summons and notice of hearing shall be made as provided by the Rules of Civil Procedure on the respondent; the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian, 22 23 or caretaker; and any other person determined by the court to be a necessary party. If at 24 the hearing on the petition the court finds by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that the respondent, without lawful excuse, has obstructed or interfered with an investigation 25 assessment required by G.S. 7B-302, the court may order the respondent to cease such 26 27 obstruction or interference. The burden of proof shall be on the petitioner.

If the director has reason to believe that the juvenile is in need of immediate 28 (d) 29 protection or assistance, the director shall so allege in the petition and may seek an ex 30 parte order from the court. If the court, from the verified petition and any inquiry the court makes of the director, finds probable cause to believe both that the juvenile is at 31 32 risk of immediate harm and that the respondent is obstructing or interfering with the 33 director's ability to investigate to determine assess the juvenile's condition, the court may enter an ex parte order directing the respondent to cease such the obstruction or 34 35 interference. The order shall be limited to provisions necessary to enable the director to conduct an investigation assessment sufficient to determine whether the juvenile is in 36 need of immediate protection or assistance. Within 10 days after the entry of an ex parte 37 38 order under this subsection, a hearing shall be held to determine whether there is good 39 cause for the continuation of the order or the entry of a different order. An order entered under this subsection shall be served on the respondent along with a copy of the 40 petition, summons, and notice of hearing. 41

42 (e) The director may be required at a hearing under this section to reveal the 43 identity of any person who made a report of suspected abuse, neglect, or dependency as 44 required by G.S. 7B-301.

1	(f) An order entered pursuant to this section is enforceable by civil or criminal
2	contempt as provided in Chapter 5A of the General Statutes."
3	<b>SECTION 6.</b> G.S. 7B-305 reads as rewritten:
4	"§ 7B-305. Request for review by prosecutor.
5	The person making the report shall have five working days, from receipt of the
6	decision of the director of the department of social services not to petition the court, to
7	notify the prosecutor that the person is requesting a review. The prosecutor shall notify
8	the person making the report and the director of the time and place for the review, and
9	the director shall immediately transmit to the prosecutor a copy of the investigation
10	report. a summary of the assessment."
11	<b>SECTION 7.</b> G.S. 7B-307 reads as rewritten:
12	"§ 7B-307. Duty of director to report evidence of abuse, neglect; investigation by
13	local law enforcement; notification of Department of Health and Human
14	Services and State Bureau of Investigation.
15	(a) If the director finds evidence that a juvenile may have been abused as defined
16	by G.S. 7B-101, the director shall make an immediate oral and subsequent written
17	report of the findings to the district attorney or the district attorney's designee and the
18	appropriate local law enforcement agency within 48 hours after receipt of the report.
19	The local law enforcement agency shall immediately, but no later than 48 hours after
20	receipt of the information, initiate and coordinate a criminal investigation with the
21	protective services investigation assessment being conducted by the county department
22	of social services. Upon completion of the investigation, the district attorney shall
23	determine whether criminal prosecution is appropriate and may request the director or
24	the director's designee to appear before a magistrate.
25	If the director receives information that a juvenile may have been physically harmed
26	in violation of any criminal statute by any person other than the juvenile's parent,
27	guardian, custodian, or caretaker, the director shall make an immediate oral and
28	subsequent written report of that information to the district attorney or the district
29	attorney's designee and to the appropriate local law enforcement agency within 48 hours
30	after receipt of the information. The local law enforcement agency shall immediately,
31	but no later than 48 hours after receipt of the information, initiate a criminal
32	investigation. Upon completion of the investigation, the district attorney shall determine
33	whether criminal prosecution is appropriate.
34	If the report received pursuant to G.S. 7B-301 involves abuse or neglect of a juvenile
35	in child care, the director shall notify the Department of Health and Human Services
36	within 24 hours or on the next working day of receipt of the report.
37	(b) If the director finds evidence that a juvenile has been abused or neglected as
38	defined by G.S. 7B-101 in a child care facility, the director shall immediately so notify
39	the Department of Health and Human Services and, in the case of sexual abuse, the
40	State Bureau of Investigation, in such a way as does not violate the law guaranteeing the

41 confidentiality of the records of the department of social services.

42 (c) Upon completion of the investigation, assessment, the director shall give the 43 Department written notification of the results of the investigation assessment required 44 by G.S. 7B-302. Upon completion of an investigation assessment of sexual abuse in a

child care facility, the director shall also make written notification of the results of the 1 2 investigation assessment to the State Bureau of Investigation.

3 The director of the department of social services shall submit a report of alleged 4 abuse, neglect, or dependency cases or child fatalities that are the result of alleged 5 maltreatment to the central registry under the policies adopted by the Social Services 6 Commission."

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### **SECTION 8.** G.S. 7B-308(b) reads as rewritten:

Immediately upon receipt of judicial authority to retain custody, the 8 "(b) 9 physician, the administrator, or that person's designee shall so notify the director of 10 social services for the county in which the facility is located. The director shall treat this notification as a report of suspected abuse and shall immediately begin an investigation 11 12 assessment of the case.

- 13 (1)If the investigation assessment reveals (i) that it is the opinion of the 14 certifying physician that the juvenile is in need of medical treatment to 15 cure or alleviate physical distress or to prevent the juvenile from suffering serious physical injury, and (ii) that it is the opinion of the 16 17 physician that the juvenile should for these reasons remain in the 18 custody of the facility for 12 hours, but (iii) that the juvenile's parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker cannot be reached or, upon request, 19 20 will not consent to the treatment within the facility, the director shall 21 within the initial 12-hour period file a juvenile petition alleging abuse and setting forth supporting allegations and shall seek a nonsecure 22 custody order. A petition filed and a nonsecure custody order obtained 23 24 in accordance with this subdivision shall come on for hearing under the regular provisions of this Subchapter unless the director and the 25 certifying physician together voluntarily dismiss the petition. 26 27
  - In all cases except those described in subdivision (1) above, the (2)director shall conduct the investigation assessment and may initiate juvenile proceedings and take all other steps authorized by the regular provisions of this Subchapter. If the director decides not to file a petition, the physician, the administrator, or that person's designee may ask the prosecutor to review this decision according to the provisions of G.S. 7B-305 and G.S. 7B-306."
    - SECTION 9. G.S. 7B-309 reads as rewritten:

#### 35 "§ 7B-309. Immunity of persons reporting and cooperating in an investigation. 36 assessment.

37 Anyone who makes a report pursuant to this Article, cooperates with the county 38 department of social services in a protective services inquiry or investigation, 39 assessment, testifies in any judicial proceeding resulting from a protective services report or investigation, assessment, or otherwise participates in the program authorized 40 by this Article, is immune from any civil or criminal liability that might otherwise be 41 42 incurred or imposed for that action provided that the person was acting in good faith. In any proceeding involving liability, good faith is presumed." 43 44

**SECTION 10.** G.S. 7B-404(a) reads as rewritten:

1	"(a) When the office of the clerk is closed, a magistrate may be authorized by the
2	chief district court judge to draw, verify, and issue petitions as follows:
3	(1) When the director of the department of social services requests a
4	petition alleging a juvenile to be abused, neglected, or dependent, or
5	(2) When the director of the department of social services requests a
6	petition alleging the obstruction of or interference with an
7	investigation assessment required by G.S. 7B-302."
8	<b>SECTION 11.</b> G.S. 7B-506(h)(3) reads as rewritten:
9	"(3) Inquire as to whether there are other juveniles remaining in the home
10	from which the juvenile was removed and, if there are, inquire as to
11	the specific findings of the investigation assessment conducted under
12	G.S. 7B-302 and any actions taken or services provided by the director
13	for the protection of the other juveniles."
14	<b>SECTION 12.</b> G.S. $108A-14(a)(11)$ reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 108A-14. Duties and responsibilities.
16	(a) The director of social services shall have the following duties and
17	responsibilities:
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19	(11) To investigate assess reports of child abuse and neglect and to take
20	appropriate action to protect such children pursuant to the Child Abuse
21	Reporting Law, Article 3 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes;".
22	SECTION 13. The Department of Health and Human Services shall
23	continue to assess the alternative response system of child protection as to the impact
24	the system has in child safety, timeliness of response, timeliness of service, and
25	coordination of local human services. The Department shall report the status of its
26	evaluation to the Legislative Study Commission on Children and Youth, the Senate
27	Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, the House of
28	Representatives Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services, and the
29 20	Fiscal Research Division before the convening of the 2006 Regular Session of the 2005
30 31	General Assembly. SECTION 14. This act becomes effective October 1, 2005.
31	SECTION 14. This act becomes effective October 1, 2003.