GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2007**

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HOUSE BILL 973

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Committee Substitute Favorable 5/8/07 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 5/22/07 Fourth Edition Engrossed 5/23/07

	Short Title: Mental Health Equitable Coverage. (Public
	Sponsors:
	Referred to:
	March 22, 2007
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REQUIRE EQUITY IN HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR
3	MENTAL ILLNESS.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	SECTION 1. G.S. 58-51-55 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 58-51-55. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically
7	dependent.dependent individuals.
8	(a) Definitions. – As used in this section, the term:
9	(1) 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21)
10	and G.S. 122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnosti
11	and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or a subsequen
12	edition published by the American Psychiatric Association, excep
13	those mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent editions a
14	substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through
15	305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes.
16	(2) 'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in
17	G.S. 58-51-50
18	with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorder
19	DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of
20	those manuals.
21	(b) Coverage of Physical Illness. – No insurance company licensed in this State
22	under this Chapter shall, solely because an individual to be insured has or had a menta
23	illness or chemical dependency:
24	(1) Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any policy that afford
25	benefits or coverages for any medical treatment or service for physica
26	illness or injury;

- (2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that individual; or
- (3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that individual.
- (b1) Coverage of Mental Illness. A policy that covers both physical illness or injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar limitation on the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits, subject to the following:
 - (1) A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits under the policy, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
 - (2) If the policy contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer may impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
 - (3) If the policy contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the policy, the insurer may impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
 - (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the policy may distinguish between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits with respect to other terms of the policy, including coinsurance, limits on provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to medical necessity.
 - (5) If the insurer offers two or more benefit package options under a policy, each package must comply with this subsection.
 - (6) This subsection does not apply to a policy if the insurer can demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost of the policy by one percent (1%) or more.
 - (7) This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not affect services rendered before that date.
- (c) Mental Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. Nothing in this section requires an insurer to offer coverage for mental illness or chemical dependency, except as provided in G.S. 58-51-50.
- (d) Applicability. Subsection (b1) of this This section applies only to group health insurance contracts, other than excepted benefits as defined in G.S. 58-68-25, covering more than 5025 employees. The remainder of this section applies only to group health insurance contracts covering 20 or more employees. For purposes of this

 section, "group health insurance contracts" include MEWAs, as defined in G.S. 58-49-30(a)."

SECTION 2. Article 3 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

"§ 58-3-220. Mental illness benefits coverage.

- (a) Mental Health Equity Requirement. An insurer shall provide in each group health benefit plan benefits for the necessary care and treatment of mental illness that are no less favorable than benefits for physical illness generally. Benefits for treatment of mental illness shall be subject to the same limits as benefits for physical illness generally. For purposes of this subsection, 'limits' includes durational limits, deductibles, coinsurance factors, co-payments, maximum out-of-pocket limits, annual and lifetime dollar limits, and any other dollar limits or fees for covered services.
- (b) Weighted Average. If a health benefit plan contains annual limits, lifetime limits, co-payments, deductibles, or coinsurance only on selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the health benefit plan, then the insurer may impose limits on the mental health benefits based on a weighted average of the respective annual, lifetime, co-payment, deductible, or coinsurance limits on the selected physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
- (c) Nothing in this section prevents an insurer from applying utilization review criteria to determine medical necessity as defined in G.S. 58-50-61 as long as it does so in accordance with all requirements for utilization review programs and medical necessity determinations specified in that section, including the offering of an insurer appeal process and, where applicable, health benefit plan external review as provided for in Part 4 of Article 50 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes.
 - (d) Definitions. As used in this section:
 - (1) 'Health benefit plan' has the same meaning as in G.S. 58-3-167 and includes the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (Plan) and the Plan's optional PPO program.
 - (2) 'Insurer' has the same meaning as in G.S. 58-3-167.
 - (3) 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as in G.S. 122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or subsequent editions published by the American Psychiatric Association, except those mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent editions as substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through 305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes.
- (e) Applicability. This section applies only to group health benefit plans covering more than 25 employees."

SECTION 3. G.S. 58-65-90 reads as rewritten:

- "§ 58-65-90. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically dependent individuals.
 - (a) Definitions. As used in this section, the term:

1 (1) 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21); 2 and G.S. 122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic 3 and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or subsequent 4 editions published by the American Psychiatric Association, except 5 those mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent editions as 6 substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through 7 305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes. 8 'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in (2) 9 G.S. 58-65-75 10 with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders 11 DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of 12 those manuals. 13 (b) Coverage of Physical Illness. – No service corporation governed by this 14 Chapter shall, solely because an individual to be insured has or had a mental illness or 15 chemical dependency: 16 (1) Refuse to issue or deliver to that individual any individual or group 17 subscriber contract in this State that affords benefits or coverage for 18 medical treatment or service for physical illness or injury; 19 (2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury 20 coverages or benefits for that individual; or 21 (3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that 22 individual. 23 Coverage of Mental Illness. A subscriber contract that covers both physical (b1) 24 illness or injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar 25 limitation on the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits, subject to the following: 26 27 A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits (1)28 under the subscriber contract, without distinguishing the mental health 29 benefits. 30 If the subscriber contract contains lifetime limits only on selected (2)31 physical illness or injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent 32 substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the 33 subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose a lifetime 34 limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average 35 of the respective lifetime limits on the selected physical illness and 36 injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in 37 accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner. 38 If the subscriber contract contains annual limits only on selected (3) 39 physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent 40 substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the 41 subscriber contract, the service corporation may impose an annual 42 limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average 43 of the respective annual limits on the selected physical illness and

2 accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner. 3 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the subscriber contract 4 may distinguish between mental illness benefits and physical injury or 5 illness benefits with respect to other terms of the subscriber contract, 6 including coinsurance, limits on provider visits or days of coverage, 7 and requirements relating to medical necessity. 8 If the service corporation offers two or more benefit package options (5) 9 under a subscriber contract, each package must comply with this 10 subsection. 11 This subsection does not apply to a subscriber contract if the service (6) 12 corporation can demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will 13 increase the cost of the subscriber contract by one percent (1%) or 14 15 (7) This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not affect services rendered before that date. 16 17 Mental Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. – Nothing 18 in this section requires a service corporation to offer coverage for mental illness or 19 chemical dependency, except as provided in G.S. 58-65-75. 20 Applicability. — Subsection (b1) of this This section applies only to subscriber (d) 21 contracts, other than excepted benefits as defined in G.S. 58-68-25, covering more than 22 50 25 employees. The remainder of this section applies only to group contracts covering 23 20 or more employees." 24 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 58-67-75 reads as rewritten: 25 "§ 58-67-75. No discrimination against the mentally ill and chemically 26 dependent.dependent individuals. Definitions. – As used in this section, the term: 27 (a) 28 'Mental illness' has the same meaning as defined in G.S. 122C-3(21); (1) 29 and G.S. 122C-3(21), with a mental disorder defined in the Diagnostic 30 and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, DSM-IV, or subsequent 31 editions published by the American Psychiatric Association, except 32 those mental disorders coded in the DSM-IV or subsequent editions as 33 substance-related disorders (291.0 through 292.9 and 303.0 through 34 305.9) and those coded as 'V' codes. 35 (2) 'Chemical dependency' has the same meaning as defined in 36 G.S. 58-67-70 37 with a diagnosis found in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders 38 DSM-3-R or the International Classification of Diseases ICD/9/CM, or a later edition of

Coverage of Physical Illness. – No health maintenance organization governed

Refuse to enroll that individual in any health care plan covering

by this Chapter shall, solely because an individual has or had a mental illness or

physical illness or injury;

injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in

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chemical dependency:

(1)

those manuals.

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- (2) Have a higher premium rate or charge for physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that individual; or
- (3) Reduce physical illness or injury coverages or benefits for that individual.
- (b1) Coverage of Mental Illness. A health care plan that covers both physical illness or injury and mental illness may not impose a lesser lifetime or annual dollar limitation on the mental health benefits than on the physical illness or injury benefits, subject to the following:
 - (1) A lifetime limit or annual limit may be made applicable to all benefits under the plan, without distinguishing the mental health benefits.
 - (2) If the plan contains lifetime limits only on selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may impose a lifetime limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the respective lifetime limits on the selected physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
 - (3) If the plan contains annual limits only on selected physical illness and injury benefits, and these benefits do not represent substantially all of the physical illness and injury benefits under the plan, the HMO may impose an annual limit on the mental health benefits that is based on a weighted average of the respective annual limits on the selected physical illness and injury benefits. The weighted average shall be calculated in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner.
 - (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the plan may distinguish between mental illness benefits and physical injury or illness benefits with respect to other terms of the plan, including coinsurance, limits on provider visits or days of coverage, and requirements relating to medical necessity.
 - (5) If the HMO offers two or more benefit package options under a plan, each package must comply with this subsection.
 - (6) This subsection does not apply to a health benefit plan if the HMO can demonstrate to the Commissioner that compliance will increase the cost of the plan by one percent (1%) or more.
 - (7) This subsection expires October 1, 2001, but the expiration does not affect services rendered before that date.
- (c) Mental Illness or Chemical Dependency Coverage Not Required. Nothing in this section requires an HMO to offer coverage for mental illness or chemical dependency, except as provided in G.S. 58-67-70.
- (d) Applicability. Subsection (b1) of this <u>This</u> section applies only to group contracts, other than excepted benefits as defined in G.S. 58-68-25, covering more than 50 <u>25</u> employees. The remainder of this section applies only to group contracts covering 20 or more employees."

SECTION 5. G.S. 58-50-155 reads as rewritten:

"§ 58-50-155. Standard and basic health care plan coverages.

- (a) Notwithstanding G.S. 58-50-125(c), the standard health plan developed and approved under G.S. 58-50-125 shall provide coverage for all of the following:
 - (1) Mammograms and pap smears at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-57.
 - (2) Prostate-specific antigen (PSA) tests or equivalent tests for the presence of prostate cancer at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-58.
 - (3) Reconstructive breast surgery resulting from a mastectomy at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-51-62.
 - (4) For a qualified individual, scientifically proven bone mass measurement for the diagnosis and evaluation of osteoporosis or low bone mass at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-3-174.
 - (5) Prescribed contraceptive drugs or devices that prevent pregnancy and that are approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration for use as contraceptives, or outpatient contraceptive services at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-3-178, if the plan covers prescription drugs or devices, or outpatient services, as applicable. The same exceptions and exclusions as are provided under G.S. 58-3-178 apply to standard plans developed and approved under G.S. 58-50-125.
 - (6) Colorectal cancer examinations and laboratory tests at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-3-179.
 - (7) Treatment of mental illness that is at least equal to the coverage required by G.S. 58-3-220. Nothing in this subdivision prevents an insurer from applying utilization review criteria to determine medical necessity as defined in G.S. 58-50-61 as long as it does so in accordance with all requirements for utilization review programs and medical necessity determinations specified in that section, including the offering of an insurer appeal process and, where applicable, health benefit plan external review as provided for in Part 4 of Article 50 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes.
 - (a1), (a2) Repealed by Session Laws 1999-197, s. 2.
- (b) Notwithstanding G.S. 58-50-125(c), in developing and approving the plans under G.S. 58-50-125, the Committee and Commissioner shall give due consideration to cost-effective and life-saving health care services and to cost-effective health care providers."

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective January 1, 2008, and applies to health benefit plans that are delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed on and after that date. For purposes of this act, renewal of a health benefit policy, contract, or plan is presumed to occur on each anniversary of the date on which coverage was first effective on the person or persons covered by the health benefit plan.