GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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SENATE BILL 2081* Judiciary I (Civil) Committee Substitute Adopted 6/12/08

Short Title:	NICS Reporting/Restoration.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	May 28, 2008	

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 2 AN ACT TO REQUIRE REPORTING OF INVOLUNTARY MENTAL 3 COMMITMENT TO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND 4 CHECK SYSTEM: AND TO PROVIDE FOR A RESTORATION PROCESS TO 5 REMOVE THE COMMITMENT BAR TO THE PURCHASE, POSSESSION,

AND TRANSFER OF FIREARMS.

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The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 122C-54 is amended by adding the following new subsection to read:

"(d1) After a judicial determination that an individual shall be involuntarily committed for either inpatient or outpatient mental health treatment pursuant to Article 5 of this Chapter, the clerk of superior court in the county where the judicial determination was made shall, as soon as practicable, cause a report of the commitment to be transmitted to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS). The clerk shall also cause to be transmitted to NICS a record where an individual is found not guilty by reason of insanity or found mentally incompetent to proceed to criminal trial. The clerk, upon receipt of documentation that an affected individual has received a relief from disabilities pursuant to G.S. 122C-54.1 or any applicable federal law, shall cause the individual's record in NICS to be updated. The record of involuntary commitment shall be accessible only by an entity having proper access to NICS and shall remain otherwise confidential as provided by this Article. The clerk shall effect the transmissions to NICS required by the subsection according to protocols which shall be established by the Administrative Office of the Courts."

SECTION 2. Article 3 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new section to read:

"§ 122C-54.1. Restoration process to remove mental commitment bar.

Any individual over the age of 18 may petition for the removal of the mental commitment bar to purchase, possess, or transfer a firearm when the individual no longer suffers from the condition that resulted in the individual's involuntary 1 2

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commitment for either inpatient or outpatient mental health treatment pursuant to Article 5 of this Chapter and no longer poses a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12. The individual may file the petition with a district court judge upon the expiration of any current inpatient or outpatient commitment. No individual who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity may petition a court for restoration under this section.

- (b) The petition must be filed in the district court of the county where the respondent was the subject of the most recent judicial determination that either inpatient or outpatient treatment was appropriate or in the district court of the county of the petitioner's residence. An individual disqualified from firearms possession due to a comparable out-of-state mental commitment shall make application in the county of residence. The clerk of court upon receipt of the petition shall schedule a hearing using the regularly scheduled commitment court time and provide notice of the hearing to the petitioner and the district attorney. Copies of the petition must be served on the director of the inpatient and outpatient treatment facility, in-State or out-of-state, and the district attorney in the petitioner's current county of residence.
- The burden is on the petitioner to establish by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner no longer suffers from the condition that resulted in commitment and no longer poses a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12. The district attorney shall present any and all relevant information to the contrary. For these purposes, the district attorney may access and use any and all mental health records, juvenile records, and criminal history of the petitioner wherever maintained. The applicant must sign a release for the district attorney to receive any mental health records of the applicant. Upon motion by the petitioner, the court may allow for the in camera inspection of any mental health records. The court may allow the use of the record but restrict it from public disclosure, unless it finds that the public interest would be better served by making the record public. Unless the court closes the hearing in accordance with this subsection, the proceeding shall be open to the public. Upon motion by the petitioner, the court may close the hearing to the public unless the court finds that the public interest would be better served by conducting the hearing in public. The district court shall enter an order that the petitioner does or does not continue to suffer from the condition that resulted in commitment and does or does not continue to pose a danger to self or others for purposes of the purchase, possession, or transfer of firearms pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 922, G.S. 14-404, and G.S. 14-415.12. The court shall include in its order the specific findings of fact on which it bases its decision. The decision of the district court may be appealed to the superior court for a hearing de novo. After a denial by the superior court, the applicant must wait a minimum of one year before reapplying. Attorneys designated by the Attorney General shall be available to represent the State, or assist in the representation of the State, in a restoration proceeding when requested to do so by a district attorney and approved by the Attorney General. An attorney so designated shall have all the powers of the district attorney under this section.

Upon a judicial determination to grant a petition under this section, the clerk

SECTION 3.(b) G.S. 14-415.12 is amended by adding the following new

An applicant shall not be ineligible to receive a concealed carry permit under

SECTION 5. Sections 1 through 3 of this act become effective December 1,

There is appropriated from the General Fund to the

subdivision (6) of subsection (b) of this section because of involuntary commitment to

mental health services if the individual's rights have been restored under

Administrative Office of the Courts the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000)

2008. Section 4 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2008. The remainder of this act is

for the 2008-2009 fiscal year to carry out the provisions of this act.

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of superior court in the county where the petition was granted shall forward the order to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) for updating of the respondent's record."

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SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 14-404 is amended by adding the following new subsection to read: An applicant shall not be ineligible to receive a permit under subsection (4) of

subsection to read:

G.S. 122C-54.1."

SECTION 4.

effective when it becomes law.

"(c)

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subsection (c) of this section because of involuntary commitment to mental health services if the individual's rights have been restored under G.S. 122C-54.1."

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Senate Bill 2081*-Second Edition

Page 3