GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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SENATE BILL 646*

Agriculture/Environment and Natural Resources Committee Substitute Adopted 7/23/07

Short Title: Enact WASC Recommendations/Funds.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
March 12, 2007	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO ESTABLISH WORKING WATERFRONTS AS A SPECIAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO PRESENT-USE VALUE; TO ESTADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR THE COORDINATION OF WACCESS; TO DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORMAKE EXPANDED PUBLIC ACCESS TO COASTAL WATERS IN ITS ROAD PROJECT PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION PRINCREASE FEES FOR VESSEL TITLING; TO PROVIDE ASSOCIATED WITH AN EMERGENCY COASTAL AREA MACT PERMIT SHALL BE WAIVED; AND TO DIRECT THE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT TO STUDY CONSTRUCTION IN REGULATED FLOOD ZONES, AS RECOMMENDED WATERFRONT ACCESS STUDY COMMITTEE.	ABLISH THE ATERFRONT RTATION TO A PRIORITY OGRAMS; TO THAT FEES ANAGEMENT DIVISION OF AND REPAIR
PART I. PRESENT-USE VALUE FOR WORKING WATERFRON	TS.
SECTION 1.1. G.S. 105-277.2 reads as rewritten: "§ 105-277.2. Agricultural, horticultural, and forestland Agricultural land, forestland, and working waterf Definitions. The following definitions apply in G.S. 105-277.3 through G.S. 105-277.3.	ront land –
The following definitions apply in G.S. 105-277.3 through G.S. 105-2 (1b) Commercial fishing. – Harvesting or processing organisms with the intent of disposing of them for processing commercial channels.	wild marine

- Present-use value. The value of land in its current use as agricultural 1 (5) 2 land, horticultural land, or forestland, or working waterfront land, 3 based on the following requirements: 4 For agricultural land or horticultural land, solely on its ability to <u>a.</u> 5 produce income and income, assuming an average level of 6 management. The capitalization rate for agricultural land and 7 horticultural land is to be between six percent (6%) and seven 8 percent (7%), as determined by the Use-Value Advisory Board 9 under G.S. 105-277.7. For forestland, its ability to produce income, assuming an 10 b. 11 average level of management. A rate of nine percent (9%) shall 12 be used to capitalize the expected net income of forestland. The 13 capitalization rate for agricultural land and horticultural land is 14 to be determined by the Use-Value Advisory Board as provided 15 in G.S. 105-277.7. 16 For working waterfront land, the true value of the working <u>c.</u> 17 waterfront land multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which 18 is the total present-use value for all counties for horticultural land, agricultural land, and forestland and the denominator of 19 which is the total true value for all counties for horticultural 20 land, agricultural land, and forestland. 21 22 23 Unit. – One or more tracts of agricultural land, horticultural land, or **(7)** 24 forestland, or working waterfront land. Multiple tracts must 25 be under the same ownership and be of the same type of classification. 26 If the multiple tracts are located within different counties, they must be 27 within 50 miles of a tract qualifying under G.S. 105-277.3(a). 28 Working waterfront land. – Land that abuts water to the head of tide or (8) 29 is within the intertidal zone and that is primarily used to provide access 30 to or to support commercial fishing activities." **SECTION 1.2.** The catch line of G.S. 105-277.3 reads as rewritten: 31 32 "§ 105-277.3. Agricultural, horticultural, and forestland Agricultural land, 33 horticultural land, forestland, and working waterfront land 34 Classifications." 35 **SECTION 1.3.** G.S. 105-277.3(a) reads as rewritten: 36 Classes Defined. – The following classes of property are designated special classes of property under authority of Section 2(2) of Article V of the North Carolina 37 38 Constitution and must be appraised, assessed, and taxed as provided in G.S. 105-277.2 39 through G.S. 105-277.7. 40
 - (1) Agricultural land. Individually owned agricultural land consisting of one or more tracts, one of which consists of at least 10 acres that are in actual production and that, for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed, have produced an average gross income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

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- Gross income includes income from the sale of the agricultural 1 2 products produced from the land, any payments received under a 3 governmental soil conservation or land retirement program, and the 4 amount paid to the taxpayer during the taxable year pursuant to P.L. 5 108-357, Title VI, Fair and Equitable Tobacco Reform Act of 2004. 6 Land in actual production includes land under improvements used in 7 the commercial production or growing of crops, plants, or animals. 8 (2) Horticultural land. – Individually owned horticultural land consisting 9 of one or more tracts, one of which consists of at least five acres that 10 are in actual production and that, for the three years preceding January 11 1 of the year for which the benefit of this section is claimed, have met 12 the applicable minimum gross income requirement. Land in actual 13 production includes land under improvements used in the commercial 14 production or growing of fruits or vegetables or nursery or floral 15 products. Land that has been used to produce evergreens intended for use as Christmas trees must have met the minimum gross income 16 17 requirements established by the Department of Revenue for the land. 18 All other horticultural land must have produced an average gross 19 income of at least one thousand dollars (\$1,000). Gross income 20 includes income from the sale of the horticultural products produced 21 from the land and any payments received under a governmental soil 22 conservation or land retirement program. 23 Forestland. – Individually owned forestland consisting of one or more (3) 24 tracts, one of which consists of at least 20 acres that are in actual 25 production and are not included in a farm unit. 26 Working waterfront land. - Individually owned working waterfront (4) 27 land that is actually used as a working waterfront and that has 28 produced an average gross income of at least one thousand dollars 29 (\$1,000) for the three years preceding January 1 of the year for which 30 the benefit is claimed." **SECTION 1.4.** The catch line of G.S. 105-277.4 reads as rewritten: 31 32 "§ 105-277.4. Agricultural, horticultural and forestland Agricultural land, 33 horticultural land, forestland, and working waterfront land Application; appraisal at use value; appeal; deferred taxes." 34 35 **SECTION 1.5.** The catch line of G.S. 105-277.5 reads as rewritten: 36 105-277.5. Agricultural, horticultural and forestland Agricultural land, 37 horticultural land, forestland, and working waterfront land - Notice of 38 change in use." 39 **SECTION 1.6.** The catch line of G.S. 105-277.6 reads as rewritten: 40
 - "§ 105-277.6. Agricultural, horticultural and forestland Agricultural land, horticultural land, forestland, and working waterfront land Appraisal; computation of deferred tax."

SECTION 1.7. G.S. 105-277.7 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-277.7. Use-Value Advisory Board.

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- (a) Creation and Membership. The Use-Value Advisory Board is established under the supervision of the Agricultural Extension Service of North Carolina State University. The Director of the Agricultural Extension Service of North Carolina State University shall serve as the chair of the Board. The Board shall consist of the following additional members, to serve ex officio:
 - (1) A representative of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, designated by the Commissioner of Agriculture.
 - (2) A representative of the Division of Forest Resources of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, designated by the Director of that Division.
 - (3) A representative of the Agricultural Extension Service at North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University, designated by the Director of the Extension Service.
 - (4) A representative of the North Carolina Farm Bureau Federation, Inc., designated by the President of the Bureau.
 - (5) A representative of the North Carolina Association of Assessing Officers, designated by the President of the Association.
 - (6) The Director of the Property Tax Division of the North Carolina Department of Revenue or the Director's designee.
 - (7) A representative of the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners, designated by the President of the Association.
 - (8) A representative of the North Carolina Forestry Association, designated by the President of the Association.
 - (9) A representative of the Division of Marine Fisheries of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, designated by the director of that Division.
- (b) Staff. The Agricultural Extension Service at North Carolina State University must provide clerical assistance to the Board.
- (c) Duties. The Board must annually submit to the Department of Revenue a recommended use-value manual. In developing the manual, the Board may consult with federal and State agencies as needed. The manual must contain all of the following:
 - (1) The estimated cash rental rates for agricultural lands and horticultural lands for the various classes of soils found in the State. The rental rates must recognize the productivity levels by class of soil or geographic area, and the crop as either agricultural or horticultural. The rental rates must be based on the rental value of the land to be used for agricultural or horticultural purposes when those uses are presumed to be the highest and best use of the land. The recommended rental rates may be established from individual county studies or from contracts with federal or State agencies as needed.
 - (2) The recommended net income ranges for forestland furnished to the Board by the Forestry Section of the North Carolina Cooperative Extension Service. These net income ranges may be based on up to six classes of land within each Major Land Resource Area designated by

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- the United States Soil Conservation Service. In developing these ranges, the Forestry Section must consider the soil productivity and indicator tree species or stand type, the average stand establishment and annual management costs, the average rotation length and timber yield, and the average timber stumpage prices.
- (3) The capitalization rates adopted by the Board prior to February 1 for use in capitalizing incomes into values. The capitalization rate for forestland shall be nine percent (9%). The capitalization rate for agricultural land and horticultural land must be no less than six percent (6%) and no more than seven percent (7%). The incomes must be in the form of cash rents for agricultural lands and horticultural lands and net incomes for forestlands.
- (4) The value per acre adopted by the Board for the best agricultural land. The value may not exceed one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,200).
- (5) Recommendations concerning any changes to the capitalization rate for agricultural land and horticultural land and to the maximum value per acre for the best agricultural land and horticultural land based on a calculation to be determined by the Board. The Board shall annually report these recommendations to the Revenue Laws Study Committee and to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- Recommendations concerning requirements for horticultural land used (6) to produce evergreens intended for use as Christmas trees when requested to do so by the Department."

SECTION 1.8. G.S. 160A-37(f1) reads as rewritten:

- Property Subject to Present-Use Value Appraisal. If an area described in an ordinance includes agricultural land. annexation horticultural land. forestland forestland, or working waterfront land that meets either of the conditions listed below on the effective date of annexation, then the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to subsection (f2) of this section:
 - The land is being taxed at present-use value pursuant to (1) G.S. 105-277.4.
 - The land meets both of the following conditions: (2)
 - On the date of the resolution of intent for annexation it was a. being used for actual production and is eligible for present-use value taxation under G.S. 105-277.4, but the land had not been in use for actual production for the required time under G.S. 105-277.3.
 - The assessor for the county where the land subject to b. annexation is located has certified to the city that the land meets the requirements of this subdivision."

SECTION 1.9. G.S. 160A-49(f1) reads as rewritten:

"(f1) Property Subject to Present-Use Value Appraisal. – If an area described in an ordinance annexation includes agricultural land. horticultural land.

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(1)	Land that The land is being taxed at present-use value pursuan	n to
(2)	G.S. 105-277.4; or <u>105-277.4.</u>	
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	was being used for actual production and is eligible	
	present-use value taxation under G.S. 105-277.4, but the	
	has had not been in use for actual production for the requ	irec
	time under G.S. 105-277.3; and 105-277.3.	4 4.
	b. The assessor for the county where the land subject	
	annexation is located has certified to the city that the land m	ieeis
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SE	CTION 2.1. There is established the Advisory Committee for	the
	of Waterfront Access within the Department of Environment and Nat	
	the Advisory Committee shall be composed of the following members:	
(1)	The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources or	
(1)	Secretary's designee, Chair.	tiic
(2)	The Director of the Division of Coastal Management of	the
(2)	Department of Environment and Natural Resources or the Direct	
	designee.	tor s
(3)	The Director of the Division of Parks and Recreation of	the
(3)	Department of Environment and Natural Resources or the Direct	
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(4)	designee. The Director of the Division of Marine Fisheries of the Department	nt of
(4)	Environment and Natural Resources or the Director's designee.	it OI
(5)	The Director of the Division of Aquariums of the Departmen	ıt of
(3)	Environment and Natural Resources or the Director's designee.	i UI
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Executive Director's designee.

Secretary of Administration.

League of Municipalities.

Association of County Commissioners.

The Executive Director of the Wildlife Resources Commission or the

A representative of the State Property Office appointed by the

One local government representative appointed by the North Carolina

One local government representative appointed by the North Carolina

The Executive Director of North Carolina Sea Grant.

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SECTION 2.2. The Advisory Committee for the Coordination of Waterfront Access shall:

- (1) Develop a coordinated plan for providing greater waterfront access in the State. This plan shall specifically address geographic diversity of waterfront access, diversity of types of waterfront access, and funding for waterfront access. The entities represented on the Advisory Committee shall adhere to the plan to the maximum extent practicable.
- (2) Develop recommendations for increasing and improving waterfront access in the State.

SECTION 2.3. The Advisory Committee shall report its progress in implementing this Part, including any recommendations developed pursuant to this Part, to the Joint Legislative Commission on Seafood and Aquaculture no later than October 1 of each year. The first report required by this section shall be submitted no later than October 1, 2008.

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PART III. DIRECT THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO EXPAND PUBLIC ACCESS TO COASTAL WATERS.

SECTION 3.1. G.S. 136-18 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

 "(40) To expand public access to coastal waters in its road project planning and construction programs. The Department shall work with the Wildlife Resources Commission, other State agencies, and other entities to ensure that public access to coastal waters is expanded along the roadways, bridges, and other transportation infrastructure owned or maintained by the Department. The Department shall report on its progress in expanding public access to coastal waters to the Joint Legislative Commission on Seafood and Aquaculture no later than March 1 of each year."

SECTION 3.2. The first report required by G.S. 136-18, as enacted by this section, is due no later than March 1, 2008.

PART IV. INCREASE BOATING AND WATERWAY ACCESS FUNDING.

SECTION 4.1. G.S. 75A-3(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) The Boating <u>and Waterways</u> Account is established within the Wildlife Resources Fund created under G.S. 143-250. All moneys collected pursuant to the numbering and titling provisions of this Chapter shall be credited to this Account. Motor fuel excise tax revenue is credited to the Account under G.S. 105-449.126. Except as otherwise specified by law, any moneys appropriated or otherwise made available for the purposes of administering and enforcing this Chapter shall remain available until expended, including the income received and accruing from the investment of revenues in this Account, all moneys collected pursuant to the numbering and titling provisions of this Chapter; and motor fuel excise tax revenue credited to the Account under

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G.S. 105-449.126. The Commission shall use revenue in the Account, subject to the Executive Budget Act and the Personnel Act, for the administration and enforcement of this Chapter; for activities relating to boating and water safety including education and waterway marking and improvement; and for boating access area acquisition, development, and maintenance. The Commission shall use at least three dollars (\$3.00) of each one-year certificate of number fee and at least nine dollars (\$9.00) of each three-year certificate of number fee collected under the numbering provisions of G.S. 75A-5 for boating access area acquisition, development, and maintenance."

SECTION 4.2. G.S. 75A-5(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Application for Certificate of Number and Fees. – The owner of each vessel requiring numbering by this State shall file an application for a certificate of number with the Commission. The Commission shall furnish application forms and shall prescribe the information contained in the application form. The application shall be signed by the owner of the vessel or the owner's agent and shall be accompanied by a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for a one-year period or by a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) forty dollars (\$40.00) for a three-year period; provided, however, there shall be no fee charged for vessels owned and operated by nonprofit rescue squads if they are operated exclusively for rescue purposes, including rescue training. The owner shall have the option of selecting a one-year numbering period or a three-year numbering period. Upon receipt of the application in approved form, the Commission shall enter the application in its records and issue the owner a certificate of number stating the identification number awarded to the vessel and the name and address of the owner, and a validation decal indicating the expiration date of the certificate of number. The owner shall paint on or attach to each side of the bow of the vessel the identification number in such manner as may be prescribed by rules of the Commission in order that it may be clearly visible. The identification number shall be maintained in legible condition. The validation decal shall be displayed on the starboard bow of the vessel immediately following the number. The certificate of number shall be pocket size and shall be available for inspection on the vessel for which the certificate is issued at all times the vessel is in operation. Any person charged with failing to so carry a certificate of number shall not be convicted if the person produces in court a certificate of number previously issued to the owner that was valid at the time of the alleged violation."

SECTION 4.3. G.S. 75A-5(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Change of Ownership. – Should the ownership of a vessel change, a new application form with a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for a one-year period or by a fee of twenty five dollars (\$25.00) forty dollars (\$40.00) for a three-year period shall be filed with the Commission and a new certificate bearing the same identification number shall be awarded to the new owner in the same manner as an original certificate of number. Possession of the certificate shall in cases involving prosecution for violation of any provision of this Chapter be prima facie evidence that the person whose name appears on the certificate is the owner of the vessel referred to on the certificate."

SECTION 4.4. G.S. 75A-5(h) reads as rewritten:

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PART V. WAIVER OF FEES FROM CAMA EMERGENCY PERMITS.

SECTION 5. G.S. 113A-118(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) The Secretary may issue special emergency permits under this Article. These permits may only be issued in those extraordinary situations in which life or structural property is in imminent danger as a result of storms, sudden failure of man-made structures, or similar occurrence. These permits may carry any conditions necessary to protect the public interest, consistent with the emergency situation and the impact of the proposed development. If an application for an emergency permit includes work beyond that necessary to reduce imminent dangers to life or property, the emergency permit shall be limited to that development reasonably necessary to reduce the imminent danger; all further development shall be considered under ordinary permit procedures. This emergency permit authority of the Secretary shall extend to all development in areas of environmental concern, whether major or minor development, and the mandatory notice provisions of G.S. 113A-119(b) shall not apply to these emergency permits. To the extent feasible, these emergency permits shall be coordinated with any emergency permits required under G.S. 113-229(e1). The fees associated with any permit issued pursuant to this subsection or rules adopted pursuant to this subsection shall be waived."

Renewal of Certificates. - An owner of a vessel awarded a certificate of

number pursuant to this Chapter shall renew the certificate on or before the first day of

the month after which the certificate expires; otherwise, the certificate shall lapse and be

void until such time as it may thereafter be renewed. Application for renewal shall be

submitted on a form approved by the Commission and shall be accompanied by a fee of

ten dollars (\$10.00) fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for a one-year period or by a fee of

twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) forty dollars (\$40.00) for a three-year period; provided,

there shall be no fee required for a period of one year for renewal of certificates of

number that have been previously issued to commercial fishing vessels as defined in

G.S. 75A-5.1, upon compliance with all of the requirements of that section."

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PART VI. STUDY CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR IN REGULATED FLOOD ZONES.

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SECTION 6. The Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety shall study ways to facilitate the construction and repair of water dependent structures such as fish processing and packing facilities and boat repair and building facilities located in regulated flood zones. The Division shall report the results of its study, including any recommendations, to the Joint Legislative Commission on Seafood and Aquaculture by March 1, 2008.

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PART VII. APPROPRIATION; EFFECTIVE DATE.

1	SECTION 7.1. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the
2	Agricultural Extension Service of North Carolina State University the sum of one
3	hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for the 2007-2008 fiscal year for the Use-Value
4	Advisory Board established under G.S. 105-277.7.
5	SECTION 7.2. Section 7.1 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2007.
6	Sections 1.1 through 1.9 of this act are effective for taxes imposed for taxable years
7	beginning on or after July 1, 2008. Section 4.1 through 4.4 of this act become effective