GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 1098 **Committee Substitute Favorable 4/15/09**

	Short Title:	Kill Search and Rescue Animal.	(Public)	
	Sponsors:		-	
	Referred to:			
		April 7, 2009		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO	MAKE IT A CLASS H FELONY TO WILLFULLY KILL OR	ATTEMPT TO	
3		SEARCH AND RESCUE ANIMAL AND TO MAKE IT AN A		
4		STANCE FOR OTHER CRIMINAL OFFENSES THAT A		
5		ANIMAL WAS SERIOUSLY HARMED OR KILLED WHILE		
6	WAS ENGAGED IN PERFORMING OFFICIAL DUTIES.			
7		Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
8		ECTION 1. G.S. 14-163.1 reads as rewritten:		
9		Assaulting a law enforcement agency animal or animal	, an assistance	
10		imal.animal, or a search and rescue animal.	<u> </u>	
11		ne following definitions apply in this section:		
12	(1)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	used to assist a	
13		"person with a disability" as defined in G.S. 168A-3. The	term "assistance	
14		animal" is not limited to a dog and includes any animal tr		
15		person with a disability as provided in Article 1 of Cha		
16		General Statutes.	-	
17	(2)) Law enforcement agency animal. – An animal that is train	ned and may be	
18		used to assist a law enforcement officer in the performance	e of the officer's	
19		official duties.		
20	<u>(2a</u>	a) Search and rescue animal An animal that is trained and	may be used to	
21		assist in a search and rescue operation.		
22	(3)) Harm Any injury, illness, or other physiological imp	airment; or any	
23		behavioral impairment that impedes or interferes with duties	performed by a	
24		law enforcement agency animal or an assistance animal.		
25	(4)) Serious harm. – Harm that does any of the following:		
26		a. Creates a substantial risk of death.		
27		b. Causes maiming or causes substantial loss or impair	rment of bodily	
28		function.		
29		c. Causes acute pain of a duration that results in substan	Ũ	
30		d. Requires retraining of the law enforcement age	ency animal or	
31		assistance animal.		
32		e. Requires retirement of the law enforcement age	ency animal or	
33		assistance animal from performing duties.		
34	• •	ny person who knows or has reason to know that an animal is a l		
35	agency animal oranimal, an assistance animal animal, or a search and rescue animal and who			
36	willfully kills the animal is guilty of a Class H felony.			



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1	(b) Any person who knows or has reason to know that an animal is a law enforcement		
2	agency animal or an assistance animal animal, an assistance animal, or a search and rescue		
3	animal and who willfully causes or attempts to cause serious harm to the animal is guilty of a		
4	Class I felony.		
5	(c) Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater		
6	punishment, any person who knows or has reason to know that an animal is a law enforcement		
7	agency animal or an assistance animal animal, an assistance animal, or a search and rescue		
8	animal and who willfully causes or attempts to cause harm to the animal is guilty of a Class 1		
9	misdemeanor.		
10	(d) Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater		
11	punishment, any person who knows or has reason to know that an animal is a law enforcement		
12	agency animal or an assistance animal animal, an assistance animal, or a search and rescue		
13	animal and who willfully taunts, teases, harasses, delays, obstructs, or attempts to delay or		
14	obstruct the animal in the performance of its duty as a law enforcement agency animal or		
15	assistance animalanimal, an assistance animal, or a search and rescue animal is guilty of a Class		
16	2 misdemeanor.		
17	(d1) A defendant convicted of a violation of this section shall be ordered to make		
18	restitution to the person with a disability, or to a person, group, or law enforcement agency who		
19	owns or is responsible for the care of the law enforcement agency animal or search and rescue		
20	<u>animal</u> for any of the following as appropriate:		
21	(1) Veterinary, medical care, and boarding expenses for the assistance animal or		
22	law enforcement animal.		
23	(2) Medical expenses for the person with the disability relating to the harm		
24	inflicted upon the assistance animal.		
25	(3) Replacement and training or retraining expenses for the assistance animal or		
26	law enforcement animal.		
27	(4) Expenses incurred to provide temporary mobility services to the person with		
28	a disability.		
29	(5) Wages or income lost while the person with a disability is with the		
30	assistance animal receiving training or retraining.		
31	(6) The salary of the law enforcement agency animal handler as a result of the		
32	lost services to the agency during the time the handler is with the law		
33	enforcement agency animal receiving training or retraining.		
34	(7) Any other expense reasonably incurred as a result of the offense.		
35	(e) This section shall not apply to a licensed veterinarian whose conduct is in		
36	accordance with Article 11 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes.		
37	(f) Self-defense is an affirmative defense to a violation of this section.		
38	(g) Nothing in this section shall affect any civil remedies available for violation of this		
39	section."		
40	SECTION 2. G.S. 15A-1340.16(d)(6a) reads as rewritten:		
40 41	"(6a) The offense was committed against or proximately caused serious harm as		
42	defined in G.S. 14-163.1 or death to a law enforcement agency animal or		
42 43	assistance animal animal, an assistance animal, or a search and rescue animal		
43 44	as defined in G.S. 14-163.1, while engaged in the performance of the		
44 45	animal's official duties."		
43 46	SECTION 3. This act becomes effective December 1, 2009, and applies to		
40 47	offenses committed on or after that date.		
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