## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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## SENATE BILL 851\* House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/23/09

	Short Title: Supervision of Certain Defendants. (P	ublic)
	Sponsors:	
	Referred to:	
	March 25, 2009	
1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2	AN ACT TO ALLOW DISTRICT COURTS TO SUPERVISE DEFENDANTS CONVIC	TED
3	IN SUPERIOR COURT WHO ARE ASSIGNED TO DRUG TREATMENT COURT	
4	THERAPEUTIC COURTS.	5 on
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 7A-271 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:	
7	"(f) The superior court has exclusive jurisdiction over all hearings to revoke prol	oation
8	pursuant to G.S. 15A-1345(e) in which the district court is supervising a drug treatment	
9	or a therapeutic court probation judgment under G.S. 7A-272(e), except that the district	
10	has jurisdiction to conduct the revocation proceedings when the chief district court judg	
11	the senior resident superior court judge agree that it is in the interest of justice that	
12	proceedings be conducted by the district court. If the district court exercises jurisdiction	under
13	this subsection to revoke probation, appeal of an order revoking probation is to the app	<u>ellate</u>
14	division."	
15	SECTION 2. G.S. 7A-272 is amended by adding two new subsections to read	
16	"(e) With the consent of the chief district court judge and the senior resident su	<u>perior</u>
17	court judge, the district court has jurisdiction to preside over the supervision of a prol	<u>pation</u>
18	judgment entered in superior court in which the defendant is required to participate in a	-
19	treatment court pursuant to G.S. 15A-1343(b1)(2b) or a therapeutic court, as defin	
20	subsection (f) of this section, or is participating in the drug treatment court pursuant	
21	deferred prosecution agreement under G.S. 15A-1341(a2). The district court may mod	-
22	extend the probation judgment, but jurisdiction to revoke probation supervised under	<u>r this</u>
23	subsection is as provided in G.S. 7A-271(f).	
24	(f) As used in subsection (e) of this section, the term "therapeutic court" refers	
25	court, other than drug treatment court established pursuant to Article 62 of Chapter 7A	
26	General Statutes, in which a criminal defendant, either as a condition of probation or put	
27	to a deferred prosecution agreement under G.S. 15A-1341, is ordered to participate in spe	
28	activities designed to address underlying problems of substance abuse and mental illnes	
29	contribute to the person's criminal activity. The ordered activities shall, at a minimum, re-	-
30	the person to participate in treatment and attend regular court sessions of the therapeutic	
31 32	over an extended period of time. The senior resident superior court judge and the chief d	
32 33	court judge shall agree in writing that the therapeutic court is being established and sha the written agreement with the Administrative Office of the Courts before jurisd	
33 34	established by subsection (e) of this section may be exercised by the district court."	
34 35	<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 15A-1344(a) reads as rewritten:	
36	"(a) Authority to Alter or Revoke. – Except as provided in subsection (a1) o	r (b)
37	probation may be reduced, terminated, continued, extended, modified, or revoked by any	



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entitled to sit in the court which imposed probation and who is resident or presiding in the 1 2 district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 or superior court district or set of districts as 3 defined in G.S. 7A-41.1, as the case may be, where the sentence of probation was imposed, 4 where the probationer violates probation, or where the probationer resides. Upon a finding that 5 an offender sentenced to community punishment under Article 81B has violated one or more 6 conditions of probation, the court's authority to modify the probation judgment includes the 7 authority to require the offender to comply with conditions of probation that would otherwise 8 make the sentence an intermediate punishment. The district attorney of the prosecutorial district 9 as defined in G.S. 7A-60 in which probation was imposed must be given reasonable notice of 10 any hearing to affect probation substantially." 11 SECTION 4. G.S. 15A-1344 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 12 "(a1) Authority to Supervise and Revoke Probation in Drug Treatment Court or 13 Therapeutic Court. – Jurisdiction to supervise, modify, and revoke probation imposed in cases 14 in which the offender is required to participate in a drug treatment court or a therapeutic court is as provided in G.S. 7A-272(e) and (f) and G.S. 7A-271(f). Proceedings to modify or revoke 15

16 probation in these cases must be held in the county in which the drug treatment court or 17 therapeutic court is located."

18 SECTION 5. This act becomes effective October 1, 2009, and applies to probation
19 judgments entered or deferred prosecution agreements executed on or after that date.