GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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HOUSE BILL 427

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/7/11 Third Edition Engrossed 4/19/11 Senate Judiciary II Committee Substitute Adopted 6/9/11 Fifth Edition Engrossed 6/14/11

Short Title: Ru	n and You're Done.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
March 23, 2011		
VEHICLES TO ELUDE A The General Asse SECT	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED ROVIDE FOR THE SEIZURE, FORFEITU JSED BY DEFENDANTS IN FELONY CARREST. Simbly of North Carolina enacts: ION 1. G.S. 20-141.5 reads as rewritten: eding to elude arrest.	· ·
fleeing or eluding include factors to chase to stop and shall develop a m (g) If a penforcement ager county in which constructive possible by the sherif	law enforcement agency shall adopt a policy motorists. Each policy adopted pursuant to be considered by an officer in determining wapprehend a suspect. to initiate or terminate odel policy or policies to be considered for us the erson is arrested for a felony violation under shall seize the motor vehicle and delives such offense is committed, or the same shall ession if delivery of actual possession is imputed pending the trial of the person or persons of convergence of the shall restore the seized motorized motorized and shall restore the seized motorized execution by the owner of a good and valid an amount double the value of the property by said sheriff and shall be conditioned on the custody of the sheriff on the day of trial of the custody of the sheriff of the custody o	this subsection shall specifically when it is advisable to break off a a pursuit. The Attorney General se by law enforcement agencies. Inder this section, then the law er the same to the sheriff of the all be placed under said sheriff's practical, and the vehicle shall be operating such motor vehicle and or vehicle to the owner upon bond, with sufficient sureties, in a which bond shall be approved the return of the motor vehicle to of the person or persons accused by charge under this section, the owner thereof. The court in subsection (h) of this int, in its discretion and upon such a may allow reclamation of the or shall file with the court and the strength of the section is the court and the court and the strength of the section is subsection of the court and the subsection of the court and the strength of the section is subsection of the court and the subsection of the court an



- **General Assembly Of North Carolina** Upon conviction of the operator of said motor vehicle of a felony offense under this 1 (h) 2 section, the court shall order a sale at public auction of said motor vehicle. 3 The officer making the sale shall make the following deductions from the (1) 4 sale proceeds: 5 The expenses of keeping the motor vehicle. <u>a.</u> 6 b. The fee for the seizure. 7 The costs of the sale. 8 The officer shall then pay, from the net proceeds, all liens, according to their 9 priorities, which are established by intervention or otherwise at the hearing 10 or in other proceeding brought for said purpose as being bona fide. The officer shall pay the balance of the proceeds to the proper officer of the 11 county who receives fines and forfeitures to be used for the school fund of 12 13 the county. 14 <u>(2)</u> All liens against a motor vehicle sold under the provisions of this section 15 shall be transferred from the motor vehicle to the proceeds of its sale. 16 <u>(3)</u> If, at the time of hearing, or other proceeding in which the matter is 17 considered, the owner of the vehicle can establish to the satisfaction of the 18 court that the provisions of sub-subdivisions a. through c. of this subdivision 19 apply, then the court shall not order a sale of the vehicle but shall restore it 20 to the owner. The owner shall be entitled to a trial by jury upon the issues in 21 this subdivision. 22 <u>a.</u> 23 the time of the offense. 24 <u>b.</u> 25 26 27
 - The defendant was an immediate member of the owner's family at
 - The defendant had no previous felony or misdemeanor convictions at the time of the offense and had no previous or pending violations of any provision in Chapter 20 of the General Statutes for the three years previous to the time of the offense.
 - The defendant was under the age of 19 at the time of the offense.
 - A nondefendant motor vehicle owner may file a petition with the clerk of (4) court seeking a pretrial determination that the petitioner is an innocent owner. The clerk shall consider the petition and make a determination as soon as may be feasible. At any proceeding conducted pursuant to this subdivision, the clerk is not required to determine the issue of forfeiture, only the issue of whether the petitioner is an innocent owner. If the clerk determines that the petitioner is an innocent owner, the clerk shall release the motor vehicle to the petitioner. The clerk shall send a copy of the order authorizing or denying release of the vehicle to the district attorney and the sheriff. An order issued under this subdivision finding that the petitioner failed to establish that the petitioner is an innocent owner may be reconsidered by the court as part of the forfeiture hearing under this section.
 - If the owner of a motor vehicle seized pursuant to this section cannot be found, the taking of the same, with a description thereof, shall be advertised in some newspaper published in the city or county where taken, or, if there be no newspaper published in such city or county, in a newspaper having circulation in the county, once a week for two weeks and by handbills posted in three public places near the place of seizure, and if said owner shall not appear within 10 days after the last publication of the advertisement, the property shall be sold, or otherwise disposed of in the manner set forth in this section.
 - When any vehicle confiscated under the provisions of this section is found to be (i) specially equipped or modified from its original manufactured condition so as to increase its speed, the court shall, prior to sale, order that the special equipment or modification be removed and destroyed and the vehicle restored to its original manufactured condition.

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However, if the court should find that such equipment and modifications are so extensive that it would be impractical to restore said vehicle to its original manufactured condition, then the court may order that the vehicle be turned over to such governmental agency or public official within the territorial jurisdiction of the court as the court shall see fit, to be used in the performance of official duties only, and not for resale, transfer, or disposition other than as junk: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall affect the rights of lienholders and other claimants to said vehicles as set out in this section."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective December 1, 2011, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.