GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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SENATE BILL 125* Corrected Copy 3/1/11

Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/26/11 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/11/11

Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/11/11				
Short Title: F	Regional Schools.	(Public)		
Sponsors:				
Referred to:				
	February 28, 2011			
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
	PERMIT LOCAL BOARDS OF EDUCATION TO JOIL L SCHOOLS.	NTLY ESTABLISH		
	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:			
	CTION 1. Article 16 of Chapter 115C of the General Sta	tutes is amended by		
adding a new Pa				
	"Part 10. Regional Schools.			
" <u>§ 115C-238.56</u>				
	purpose of this Part is to authorize local boards of education			
	ool to serve enrolled students in two or more local school student opportunities for educational success through high			
	Regional schools may include partnerships with other	- ·		
	utions of higher education and private businesses or organic	-		
	ge, and promote the development of knowledge and skills			
	nce to the region.	in career erasters or		
	ept as otherwise provided in this Part, a regional school is	exempt from statutes		
	cable to a local board of education or local school administra	_		
"§ 115C-238.56	6B. Definitions.			
The following	ng definitions apply in this Part:			
<u>(1)</u>	First generation student. – A student who has no parent	who has completed a		
	two- or four-year degree.			
<u>(2)</u>	Participating units. – A local school administrative unit			
	education has adopted a resolution to create a regional	school that has been		
	approved by the State Board of Education.			
(2)	Dringing The principal of a regional school			

- (3) Principal. The principal of a regional school.
- (4) Regional school. A school created pursuant to G.S. 115C-238.56C which includes all of grades nine through twelve and may include grades seven and eight.
- (5) Regional school board of directors or board of directors. The governing board of a regional school appointed pursuant to G.S. 115C-238.56D.

"§ 115C-238.56C. Creation of regional school.

(a) Resolution to Create a Regional School. – Any two or more local boards of education may create a regional school as provided in this Part. In order to create a regional school, each local board of education shall adopt a resolution stating its intent to create the regional school, which shall include the following:



1 (1) Name of the regional school.
2 (2) Names of all other local box

- (2) Names of all other local boards of education known to that local board of education adopting resolutions to create the regional school.
- (3) Identification of one of the named local school administrative units to serve as the finance agent for the regional school.
- (4) <u>Identification of one of the named local school administrative units to provide, to the extent practicable, school food services to the regional school, if needed.</u>

The local board of education shall develop a plan to provide transportation to the students domiciled in the district.

- (b) Recognition of Regional School. Each local board of education that adopts a resolution as provided in this section shall file a copy of the resolution with the State Board of Education. Upon receipt of resolutions from all local boards of education identified in each resolution for a named regional school, the State Board of Education shall approve the creation of the regional school.
- <u>Expansion of Regional School. A local board of education may adopt a resolution stating its intent to join an existing regional school, which shall include the name of the regional school and the names of all other local boards of education which have previously adopted resolutions to create the regional school. The local board of education shall file a copy of the resolution with the State Board of Education. Following receipt of the petition and after receiving comment from the regional school board of directors, the State Board of Education may approve the expansion of the regional school.</u>

"§ 115C-238.56D. Regional school boards of directors; appointment; terms of office.

- (a) Appointment. A board of directors for a regional school shall consist of the following members. Appointed members of the board of directors shall be selected for their interest in and commitment to the importance of public education to regional economic development and to the purposes of the regional school.
 - (1) Local boards of education. Each participating unit shall appoint one member to the board of directors from among the membership of the local board of education. Members appointed by local boards of education shall serve terms of four years.
 - (2) Local superintendents. The local superintendent of the local school administrative unit identified as the finance agent for the regional school shall serve as an ex officio member of the board of directors. One additional superintendent shall be selected from among the superintendents of the participating units by those superintendents. The additional superintendent shall serve an initial term of two years. Subsequent appointees shall serve a term of four years.
 - (3) Economic development region. The Economic Development Regional Partnership for the economic development region in which the regional school is located shall appoint three members as representatives of the business community. At least one of the appointees shall be a resident of the county in which the regional school is located. The appointees shall serve an initial term of two years. Subsequent appointees shall serve a term of four years.
 - (4) Parent Advisory Council. The Parent Advisory Council established by G.S. 115C-238.56J shall appoint a member to the board of directors from among the Council membership. The member appointed by the Council shall serve a term of four years or until the child of the parent no longer attends the regional school.

- (5) <u>Higher education partners. Any institution of higher education partner may appoint a representative of the institution of higher education to serve as an ex officio member of the board of directors.</u>
- (b) Vacancies. Whenever an appointed member of the board of directors shall fail for any reason other than ill health or service in the interest of the State or nation to be present at three successive regular meetings of the board of directors, his or her place as a member of the board of directors shall be deemed vacant. Any member of the board of directors may be removed from office by the appointing authority for misfeasance, malfeasance, or nonfeasance in office. All vacancies shall be filled by the appointing authority for the remainder of the term of office.

"§ 115C-238.56E. Board of directors; meetings; rules of procedure; officers.

- (a) The board of directors shall meet at least four times a year and may hold special meetings at any time at the call of the chair or upon petition addressed to the chair by a majority of the members of the board of directors. All meetings of the board of directors shall be subject to the requirements of Article 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
- (b) The board of directors shall elect a chair and a vice-chair from among its members, who shall serve a two-year term.
- (c) All members of the board of directors shall be voting members except for the chair, who may vote only on matters to break a tie.
- (d) The board of directors shall determine its own rules of procedure and may delegate to such committees as it may create such of its powers as it deems appropriate.
- (e) Members of the board of directors shall receive such per diem compensation and necessary travel and subsistence expenses while engaged in the discharge of their official duties as is provided by law for members of State boards and commissions.

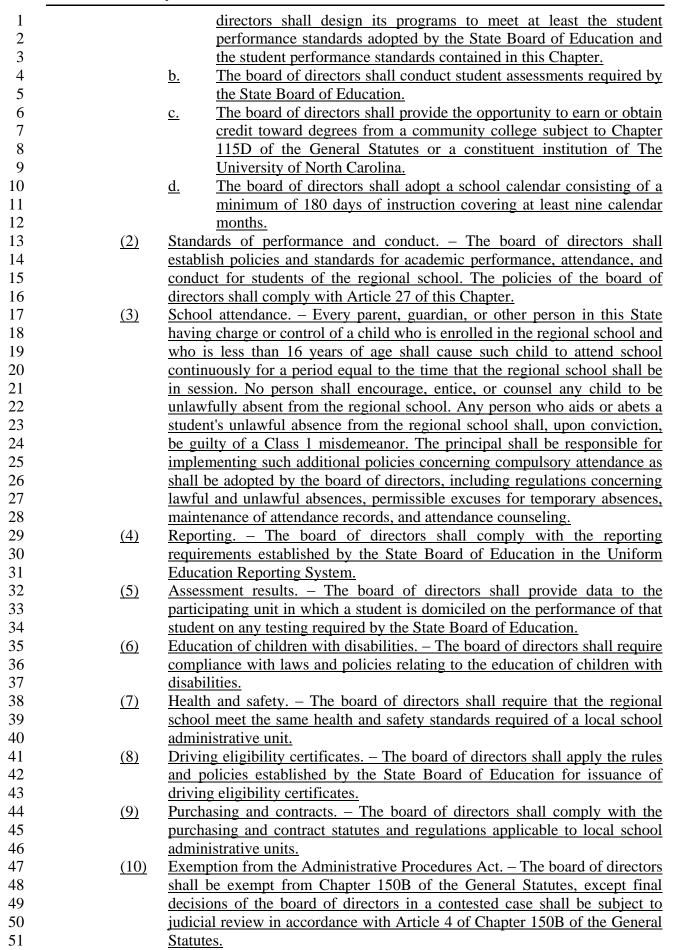
"§ 115C-238.56F. Board of directors; corporate powers.

- (a) The board of directors of the regional school shall be known and distinguished by the name of 'The Regional School Board of Directors' and shall continue as a body politic and corporate and by that name shall have perpetual succession and a common seal. It shall be able and capable in law to take, demand, receive, and possess all moneys, goods, and chattels that shall be given for the use of the regional school, and to apply to same according to the will of the donors; and by gift, purchase, or devise to receive, possess, enjoy, and retain forever any and all real and personal estate and funds, of whatsoever kind, nature, or quality the same may be, in special trust and confidence that the same, or the profits thereof, shall be applied to and for the use and purpose of establishing and endowing the regional school, and shall have power to receive donations from any source whatsoever, to be devoted exclusively to the purposes of the maintenance of the regional school, or according to the terms of the donation.
- (b) The board of directors shall be able and capable in law to bargain, sell, grant, alien, or dispose of and convey and assure to the purchasers any and all such real and personal estate and funds as it may lawfully acquire when the condition of the grant to it or the will of the devisor does not forbid it; and shall be able and capable in law to sue and be sued in all courts whatsoever; and shall have power to open and receive subscriptions; and in general may do all such things as are usually done by bodies corporate and politic, or such as may be necessary for the promotion of learning and virtue.

"§ 115C-238.56G. Board of directors; powers and duties.

The board of directors shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) Academic program.
 - The board of directors shall establish the standard course of study for the regional school. This course of study shall set forth the subjects to be taught in each grade and the texts and other educational materials on each subject to be used in each grade. The board of



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"§ 115C-238.56H. Student admissions and assignment.

- (a) Residency Requirement. A student shall be domiciled in a participating unit to be eligible to attend the regional school. A student's eligibility to remain enrolled in the regional school shall terminate at the end of any school year during which a student ceases to satisfy the residency requirements.
- (b) Participating Unit Allotments. The number of student seats in the freshman class of the regional school shall be assigned proportionate to the total student population of the participating units, as determined by the participating unit's final average daily membership in the preceding school year. If fewer students residing in a participating unit elect to attend the regional school than available allotted seats, the remaining seats shall be divided proportionally among the other participating units.
- (c) Admissions Criteria. The board of directors shall establish criteria, standards, and procedures for admission of students. The admission criteria may give priority to first generation students and shall include the following:
 - (1) Demonstrated academic achievement.
 - (2) Demonstrated student interest in attendance.
 - (3) Documented parental support for student attendance.
- (d) Lottery. If the number of eligible students meeting the board of directors' admission criteria exceeds the seats available through the participating unit allotment, students shall be accepted by lot.

"§ 115C-238.56I. Employees.

The board of directors shall appoint all certified and noncertified staff.

- (1) Principal. The board of directors shall employ and contract with a principal for a term not to exceed three years. The principal shall meet the requirements for certification set out in G.S. 115C-284, unless waived by the State Board of Education upon submission of a request by the board of directors. The principal shall be responsible for school operations and shall exercise those duties and powers delegated by the board of directors.
- (2) Teachers. The board of directors shall employ and contract with necessary teachers to perform the particular service for which they are employed in the school. At least fifty percent (50%) of teachers employed by the board of directors shall hold teacher certificates, unless waived by the State Board of Education upon submission of a request by the board of directors.
- (3) Career status. – Employees of the board of directors shall not be eligible for career status. If a teacher employed by a local school administrative unit makes a written request for a leave of absence to teach at the regional school, the local school administrative unit shall grant the leave for one year. For the initial year of the regional school's operation, the local school administrative unit may require that the request for a leave of absence be made up to 45 days before the teacher would otherwise have to report for duty. After the initial year of the regional school's operation, the local school administrative unit may require that the request for a leave of absence be made up to 90 days before the teacher would otherwise have to report for duty. A local board of education is not required to grant a request for a leave of absence or a request to extend or renew a leave of absence for a teacher who previously has received a leave of absence from that school board under this subdivision. A teacher who has career status under G.S. 115C-325 prior to receiving a leave of absence to teach at the regional school may return to a public school in the local school administrative unit with career status at the end of the leave of absence or upon the end of employment at the regional school if an appropriate position is available. If an appropriate position is

- unavailable, the teacher's name shall be placed on a list of available teachers, and that teacher shall have priority on all positions for which that teacher is qualified in accordance with G.S. 115C-325(e)(2).
- (4) Noncertified staff. The board of directors also may employ necessary employees who are not required to hold teacher certificates to perform duties other than teaching and may contract for other services.
- (5) Employment dismissal. An employee of the board of directors is not an employee of the local school administrative unit in which the regional school is located. The board of directors may discharge certified and noncertified employees according to the terms of the employment contract.
- (6) Employee benefits. Employees of the board of directors shall participate in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System and the State Health Plan on the same terms as employees employed by local boards of education.
- (7) Exemptions. Employees of the board of directors shall be exempt from Chapter 126 of the General Statutes, except Articles 6 and 7.

"§ 115C-238.56J. Parent Advisory Council; purpose; appointments.

- (a) Purpose. There shall be a Parent Advisory Council to serve as a resource and provide input to the board of directors as to the operation of a regional school. The board of directors shall consult the Parent Advisory Council when considering changes to the regional school's operations that may significantly impact students attending the regional school.
- (b) Appointment. Each local board of education of the participating units shall appoint two members to the Parent Advisory Council for a term of four years or until the member's child no longer attends the regional school. Appointees shall be parents or guardians of students attending the regional school and shall, to the extent possible, reflect the demographic composition of the participating units.

"§ 115C-238.56K. State and local funds.

- (a) The State Board of Education shall allocate to a regional school:
 - (1) An amount equal to the average per pupil allocation for average daily membership from the participating unit allotments for each child attending the regional school, except for the allocation for children with disabilities and for the allocation for children with limited English proficiency.
 - An additional amount for each child attending the regional school who is a child with disabilities. In the event a child with disabilities leaves the regional school and enrolls in a public school during the first 60 school days in the school year, the regional school shall return a pro rata amount of funds allocated for that child to the State Board, and the State Board shall reallocate those funds to the local school administrative unit in which the public school is located. In the event a child with disabilities enrolls in the regional school during the first 60 school days in the school year, the State Board shall allocate to the regional school the pro rata amount of additional funds for children with disabilities.
 - (3) An additional amount for children with limited English proficiency attending the regional school, based on a formula adopted by the State Board.
- (b) The State Board shall allow for annual adjustments to the amount allocated to the regional school based on its enrollment growth in school years subsequent to the initial year of operation.
- (c) For each child who enrolls in the regional school, the participating unit in which the child resides shall transfer to the regional school an amount equal to the per pupil amount of all money appropriated to the local current expense fund for the participating unit for the fiscal year. The amount transferred under this subsection that consists of revenue derived from

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supplemental taxes shall be transferred only if the child enrolled in the regional school resides in that tax district.

"§ 115C-238.56L. Finance and budget.

- (a) The local school administrative unit identified as the finance agent by resolution pursuant to G.S. 115C-238.56C shall be the finance agent for the Board and shall have all the rights, duties, and obligations for receipt, accounting, and dispersing funds for the board of directors, including all the rights, duties, and obligations specified in Article 31 of this Chapter, which powers shall be exercised by the identified local school administrative unit for and on behalf of the board of directors. The board of directors shall provide reasonable compensation to the local school administrative unit for this service.
- (b) No later than 10 days after the money is appropriated to the local current expense fund, each local board of education of a participating unit shall transfer to the board of directors the amount required under G.S. 115C-238.56K(c) for each child enrolled in the school who resides in that participating unit. Once it has received funds from the local board of education, the board of directors shall be under no obligation to return the funds.

"§ 115C-238.56M. Participating units.

- (a) <u>Transportation. Participating units shall develop a plan to provide transportation to</u> the students domiciled in the district.
- (b) Food Service. The local school administrative unit identified by resolution shall provide, to the extent practicable, school food services to the regional school. For purposes of federal funding through the National School Lunch Program or other federally supported food service programs, the local school administrative unit identified by resolution shall be permitted to include eligible students enrolled in the regional school. Other participating units shall not include students enrolled in the regional school for purposes of federally supported food service programs.

"§ 115C-238.56N. Criminal history record checks.

- (a) As used in this section:
 - 'Criminal history' means a county, state, or federal criminal history of (1) conviction of a crime, whether a misdemeanor or a felony, that indicates an individual (i) poses a threat to the physical safety of students or personnel or (ii) has demonstrated that he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill his or her duties as school personnel. These crimes include the following North Carolina crimes contained in any of the following Articles of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes: Article 5A, Endangering Executive and Legislative, and Court Officers; Article 6, Homicide; Article 7A, Rape and Other Sex Offenses; Article 8, Assaults; Article 10, Kidnapping and Abduction; Article 13, Malicious Injury or Damage by Use of Explosive or Incendiary Device or Material; Article 14, Burglary and Other Housebreakings; Article 15, Arson and Other Burnings; Article 16, Larceny; Article 17, Robbery; Article 18, Embezzlement; Article 19, False Pretense and Cheats; Article 19A, Obtaining Property or Services by False or Fraudulent Use of Credit Device or Other Means; Article 20, Frauds; Article 21, Forgery; Article 26, Offenses Against Public Morality and Decency; Article 26A, Adult Establishments; Article 27, Prostitution; Article 28, Perjury; Article 29, Bribery; Article 31, Misconduct in Public Office; Article 35, Offenses Against the Public Peace; Article 36A, Riots and Civil Disorders; Article 39, Protection of Minors; and Article 60, Computer-Related Crime. These crimes also include possession or sale of drugs in violation of the North Carolina Controlled Substances Act, Article 5 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes, and alcohol-related offenses such as sale to underage persons in violation of G.S. 18B-302 or driving while

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impaired in violation of G.S. 20-138.1 through G.S. 20-138.5. In addition to 1 2 the North Carolina crimes listed in this subdivision, such crimes also include 3 similar crimes under federal law or under the laws of other states. 4

- 'School personnel' means any of the following: (2)
 - Member of the board of directors. <u>a.</u>
 - Employee of the regional school. <u>b.</u>
 - Independent contractor or employee of an independent contractor of <u>c.</u> the regional school if the independent contractor carries out duties customarily performed by school personnel, whether paid with federal, State, local, or other funds, who has significant access to students or who has responsibility for the fiscal management of the regional school.
- The board of directors shall adopt a policy on whether and under what (b) circumstances school personnel shall be required to be checked for a criminal history. The board of directors shall apply its policy uniformly in requiring school personnel to be checked for a criminal history. The board of directors may grant conditional approval of an application while the board of directors is checking a person's criminal history and making a decision based on the results of the check.

The board of directors shall not require school personnel to pay for the criminal history record check authorized under this section.

The board of directors shall require the person to be checked by the Department of Justice (i) to be fingerprinted and to provide any additional information required by the Department of Justice to a person designated by the board of directors or to the local sheriff or the municipal police, whichever is more convenient for the person, and (ii) to sign a form consenting to the check of the criminal record and to the use of fingerprints and other identifying information required by the repositories. The board of directors shall consider refusal to consent when making employment decisions and decisions with regard to independent contractors. The fingerprints of the individual shall be forwarded to the State Bureau of Investigation for a search of the State criminal history record file, and the State Bureau of Investigation shall forward a set of fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history record check. The Department of Justice shall provide to the board of directors the criminal history from the State and National Repositories of Criminal Histories of any school personnel for which the board of directors requires a criminal history record check.

The board of directors shall not require school personnel to pay for the fingerprints authorized under this section.

- The board of directors shall review the criminal history it receives on an individual. The board of directors shall determine whether the results of the review indicate that the individual (i) poses a threat to the physical safety of students or personnel or (ii) has demonstrated that he or she does not have the integrity or honesty to fulfill his or her duties as school personnel and shall use the information when making employment decisions and decisions with regard to independent contractors. The board of directors shall make written findings with regard to how it used the information when making employment decisions and decisions with regard to independent contractors. The board of directors may delegate any of the duties in this subsection to the principal.
- The board of directors, or the principal if designated by the board of directors, shall provide to the State Board of Education the criminal history it receives on a person who is certificated, certified, or licensed by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall review the criminal history and determine whether the person's certificate or license should be revoked in accordance with State laws and rules regarding revocation.

(f) All the information received by the board of directors through the checking of the criminal history or by the State Board of Education in accordance with this section is privileged information and is not a public record but is for the exclusive use of the board of directors or the State Board of Education. The board of directors or the State Board of Education may destroy the information after it is used for the purposes authorized by this section after one calendar year.

- mployees, or the State Board of Education, or its employees, arising from any act taken or omission by any of them in carrying out the provisions of this section. The immunity established by this subsection shall not extend to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing that would otherwise be actionable. The immunity established by this subsection shall be deemed to have been waived to the extent of indemnification by insurance, indemnification under Articles 31A and 31B of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, and to the extent sovereign immunity is waived under the Tort Claims Act, as set forth in Article 31 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.
- (h) Any applicant for employment who willfully furnishes, supplies, or otherwise gives false information on an employment application that is the basis for a criminal history record check under this section shall be guilty of a Class A1 misdemeanor."

SECTION 2. G.S. 114-19.2 reads as rewritten:

"§ 114-19.2. Criminal record checks of school personnel.

- (a) The Department of Justice may provide a criminal record check to the local board of education of a person who is employed in a public school in that local school district or of a person who has applied for employment in a public school in that local school district, if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Department may also provide a criminal record check of school personnel as defined in G.S. 115C-332 by fingerprint card to the local board of education from National Repositories of Criminal Histories, in accordance with G.S. 115C-332. The information shall be kept confidential by the local board of education as provided in Article 21A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes.
- (a1) The Department of Justice may provide a criminal history record check to the board of directors of a regional school of a person who is employed at a regional school or of a person who has applied for employment at a regional school if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Department may also provide a criminal history record check of school personnel as defined in G.S. 115C-238.56N by fingerprint card to the board of directors of the regional school from the National Repositories of Criminal Histories, in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.56N. The information shall be kept confidential by the board of directors of the regional school as provided in G.S. 115C-238.56N.
- (b) The Department of Justice may provide a criminal record check to the employer of a person who is employed in a nonpublic school or of a person who has applied for employment in a nonpublic school, if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. For purposes of this subsection, the term nonpublic school is one that is subject to the provisions of Article 39 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, but does not include a home school as defined in that Article.
- (c) The Department of Justice shall charge a reasonable fee for conducting a criminal record check under this section. The fee shall not exceed the actual cost of locating, editing, researching, and retrieving the information.
- (c1) The Department of Justice may provide a criminal record check to the schools within the Department of Health and Human Services of a person who is employed, applies for employment, or applies to be selected as a volunteer, if the employee or applicant consents to the record check. The Department of Health and Human Services shall keep all information pursuant to this subsection confidential, as provided in Article 7 of Chapter 126 of the General Statutes.

1 (d) The Department of Justice shall adopt rules to implement this section."
2 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 115B-2(a) reads as rewritten:

"§ 115B-2. Tuition waiver authorized.

- (a) The constituent institutions of The University of North Carolina and the community colleges as defined in G.S. 115D-2(2) shall permit the following persons to attend classes for credit or noncredit purposes without the required payment of tuition:
 - (1) Repealed by Session Laws 2009-451, s. 8.11(a), effective July 1, 2009.
 - (2) Any person who is the survivor of a law enforcement officer, firefighter, volunteer firefighter, or rescue squad worker killed as a direct result of a traumatic injury sustained in the line of duty.
 - (3) The spouse of a law enforcement officer, firefighter, volunteer firefighter, or rescue squad worker who is permanently and totally disabled as a direct result of a traumatic injury sustained in the line of duty.
 - (4) Any child, if the child is at least 17 years old but not yet 24 years old, whose parent is a law enforcement officer, firefighter, volunteer firefighter, or rescue squad worker who is permanently and totally disabled as a direct result of a traumatic injury sustained in the line of duty. However, a child's eligibility for a waiver of tuition under this Chapter shall not exceed: (i) 54 months, if the child is seeking a baccalaureate degree, or (ii) if the child is not seeking a baccalaureate degree, the number of months required to complete the educational program to which the child is applying.
 - (5) Any child, if the child (i) is at least 17 years old but not yet 24 years old, (ii) is a ward of North Carolina or was a ward of the State at the time the child reached the age of 18, (iii) is a resident of the State; and (iv) is eligible for services under the Chaffee Education and Training Vouchers Program; but the waiver shall only be to the extent that there is any tuition still payable after receipt of other financial aid received by the student.
 - (6) Any child enrolled in a regional school established pursuant to Part 10 of Article 16 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes who enrolls in classes at a constituent institution or community college which has a written agreement with the regional school."

SECTION 4. G.S. 115C-238.50A reads as rewritten:

"§ 115C-238.50A. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Part:

- (1) Constituent institution. A constituent institution as defined in G.S. 116-2(4).
- (2) Education partner. An education partner as provided in G.S. 115C-238.52.
- (3) Governing board. The State Board of Education, the State Board of Community Colleges, the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina, or the Board of the North Carolina Independent Colleges and Universities.
- (3a) <u>Local board of education. A local board as defined in G.S. 115C-5(5) or a regional school board of directors as defined in G.S. 115C-238.56B(5).</u>
- (4) Local board of trustees. The board of trustees of a community college, constituent institution of The University of North Carolina, or private college located in North Carolina."

SECTION 5. G.S. 126-5(c1) reads as rewritten:

- "(c1) Except as to the provisions of Articles 6 and 7 of this Chapter, the provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to:
 - (1) Constitutional officers of the State.
 - (2) Officers and employees of the Judicial Department.

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General Assembly Of North Carolina Session 2			
1	(27)	The Chief Administrative Law Judge of the Office of Administrative	
2		Hearings.	
3	(28)	The Executive Director and the Assistant Director of the U.S.S. North	
4		Carolina Battleship Commission.	
5	(29)	The Executive Director, Deputy Director, all other directors, assistant and	
6		associate directors, and center fellows of the North Carolina Center for the	
7		Advancement of Teaching."	
8	SECT	TION 6. This act is effective when it becomes law	