GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

S SENATE BILL 375

(6)

Short Title:	Facilitate Statewide Health Info. Exchange. (Public)	
Sponsors:	Senators Stein and Brunstetter.	
Referred to:	Health Care.	
	March 21, 2011	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO	O FACILITATE AND REGULATE THE DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED	
	INFORMATION THROUGH A VOLUNTARY, STATEWIDE HEALTH	
INFORMATION EXCHANGE NETWORK.		
The General A	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SI	ECTION 1. Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new	
Article to read	d:	
	"Article 29A.	
"North Carolina Health Information Exchange Act.		
" <u>§ 90-413.1. Title.</u>		
	shall be known and may be cited as the "North Carolina Health Information	
Exchange Act		
" <u>§ 90-413.2.</u>		
This Article is intended to improve the quality of health care delivery within this State by		
facilitating and regulating the use of a voluntary, statewide health information exchange		
network for the secure electronic transmission of individually identifiable health information		
among health care providers, health plans, and health care clearinghouses in a manner that is		
consistent with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, Privacy Rule and Security Rule, 45 C.F.R. §§ 160, 164.		
"§ 90-413.3. Definitions.		
The following definitions apply in this Article:		
<u>(1)</u>		
(2)		
<u> </u>	C.F.R. § 164.502(e)(2) that meets the applicable requirements of 45 C.F.R. §	
	164.504(e).	
<u>(3</u>)	"Covered entity" is as defined in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.	
<u>(4</u>)		
	or divulging in any other manner an individual's protected health information	
	through the HIE Network.	
<u>(5</u>)		
	"Covered entity" is as defined in 45 C.F.R. § 160.103. "Disclose" or "disclosure" means the release, transfer, provision of access to, or divulging in any other manner an individual's protected health information through the HIE Network.	

that the absence of immediate medical attention could reasonably be expected to result in (i) placing an individual's health in serious jeopardy, (ii)

serious impairment to an individual's bodily functions, or (iii) serious

"HIE Network" means the voluntary, statewide health information exchange

dysfunction of any bodily organ or part of an individual.



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(3) Add, remove, disclose, and access protected health information through the HIE Network in accordance with this Article.

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(4) Enter into a business associate contract with each of the covered entities participating in the HIE Network.

46 47 48 Grant user rights to the HIE Network to business associates of covered entities participating in the HIE Network (i) at the request of the covered entities and (ii) at the discretion of the NC HIE upon consideration of the business associates' legitimate need for utilizing the HIE Network and privacy and security concerns.

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(6) Facilitate and promote use of the HIE Network by covered entities.

- (7) Periodically monitor compliance with this Article by covered entities participating in the HIE Network.
- (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict the NC HIE from exercising any of its corporate powers in a manner that is not inconsistent with this Article.

"§ 90-413.5. Participation by covered entities.

- (a) Each covered entity that elects to participate in the HIE Network shall enter into a business associate contract and a written participation agreement with the NC HIE prior to disclosing or accessing any protected health information through the HIE Network.
- (b) Each covered entity that elects to participate in the HIE Network may authorize its business associates to disclose or access protected health information on behalf of the covered entity through the HIE, Network in accordance with this Article and at the discretion of the NC HIE, as provided in G.S. 90-413.4(5).
- (c) Notwithstanding any State law or regulation to the contrary, each covered entity that elects to participate in the HIE Network may disclose an individual's protected health information through the HIE Network (i) to other covered entities for any purpose permitted by HIPAA, unless the individual has exercised the right to opt out and (ii) in order to facilitate the provision of emergency medical treatment to the individual, subject to the requirements set forth in G.S. 90-413.6(e).
- (d) Any health care provider who relies in good faith upon any information provided through the NC HIE in the health care provider's treatment of a patient shall not incur criminal or civil liability for damages caused by the inaccurate or incomplete nature of this information.

"§ 90-413.6. Continuing right to opt out; effect of opt out; exception for emergency medical treatment.

- (a) Each individual has the right on a continuing basis to opt out or rescind a decision to opt out.
- (b) The NC HIE or its designee shall enforce an individual's decision to opt out or rescind an opt out prospectively from the date the NC HIE or its designee receives notice of the individual's decision to opt out or rescind an opt out in the manner prescribed by the NC HIE. An individual's decision to opt out or rescind an opt out does not affect any disclosures made by the NC HIE or covered entities through the HIE Network prior to receipt by the NC HIE or its designee of the individual's notice to opt out or rescind an opt out.
- (c) A covered entity may not deny treatment or benefits to an individual because of the individual's decision to opt out. However, nothing in this Article is intended to restrict a treating physician from otherwise appropriately terminating a relationship with a patient in accordance with applicable law and professional ethical standards.
- (d) Except as otherwise permitted in subsection (e) of this section and G.S. 90-413.7(a)(3), the protected health information of an individual who has exercised the right to opt out may not be disclosed to covered entities through the HIE Network for any purpose.
- (e) The protected health information of an individual who has exercised the right to opt out may be disclosed through the HIE Network in order to facilitate the provision of emergency medical treatment to the individual if all of the following criteria are met:
 - (1) The reasonably apparent circumstances indicate to the treating health care provider that (i) the individual has an emergency medical condition, (ii) a meaningful discussion with the individual about whether to rescind a previous decision to opt out is impractical due to the nature of the individual's emergency medical condition, and (iii) information available through the HIE Network could assist in the diagnosis or treatment of the individual's emergency medical condition.

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	providing diagnosis and treatment of the individual's emergency medical
	condition.
<u>(3)</u>	<u> </u>
	recorded electronically in a manner that permits the NC HIE or its designee
	to periodically audit compliance with this subsection.
	Construction and applicability.
	othing in this Article shall be construed to do any of the following:
<u>(1)</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	of the following rights related to an individual's protected health
	information:
	a. The right to receive a notice of privacy practices.
	b. The right to request restriction of use and disclosure.
	<u>c.</u> The right of access to inspect and obtain copies.
	<u>d.</u> The right to request amendment.
	e. The right to request confidential forms of communication.
(2)	f. The right to receive an accounting of disclosures.
<u>(2)</u>	<u> </u>
	Network to the extent that the disclosure is restricted by federal laws or
	regulations, including the federal drug and alcohol confidentiality
(2)	regulations set forth in 42 C.F.R. Part 2.
<u>(3)</u>	<u>-</u>
	Network for public health purposes or research purposes, so long as
(4)	disclosure is permitted by both HIPAA and State law.
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	from maintaining in the NC HIE computer system a copy of the protected
	health information of an individual who has exercised the right to opt out, as
	long as the NC HIE does not access, use, or disclose the individual's
	protected health information for any purpose other than for necessary system
(b) Th	maintenance or as required by federal or State law.
	is Article applies only to disclosures of protected health information made
	HIE Network. It does not apply to the use or disclosure of protected health
	any context outside of the HIE Network, including the redisclosure of protected
	ation obtained through the HIE Network.
	Penalties and remedies. I entity that discloses protected health information in violation of this Article is
subject to the	•
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(1)	covered entity pursuant to the Health Information Technology for Economic
	and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act, P.L. 111-5, Div. A, Title XIII, section
	13001, as amended, and any regulations adopted under the HITECH Act.
(2)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>(2)</u>	the HITECH Act that is available to the Attorney General or to an individual
	who has been harmed by a violation of this Article, including damages,
	penalties, attorneys' fees, and costs.
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<u>(3)</u>	with jurisdiction over the covered entity.
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<u>(4)</u>	Any penalty authorized under Article 2A of Chapter 75 of the General Statutes if the violation of this Article is also a violation of Article 2A of
	Chapter 75 of the General Statutes.
	Chapter 13 of the General Statutes.

1	(5) Any other civil or administrative remedy available to a plaintiff by State or
2	federal law or equity."
3	SECTION 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2011