## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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## HOUSE BILL DRH40163-MH-32A (02/06)

Short Title:	Repeal Plastic Bag Ban.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Boswell, J. Bell, and Bradford (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO REPEAL THE BAN ON PLASTIC BAGS IN CERTAIN COASTAL AREAS.
3	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that large retailers were prohibited in September
4	2009 from supplying plastic bags on the barrier islands of the Outer Banks as a pilot program; and
5	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that the purpose of this pilot program was to
6	change consumer behavior with regard to the use of plastic bags and to create incentives for the
7	use of reusable shopping bags; and
8	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that the ban was expanded in October 2010 to
9	apply to all businesses in the affected area; and
10	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that businesses were required to pay consumers
11	for bringing reusable shopping bags to stores; and
12	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that businesses have expended substantial capital
13	to comply with this prohibition during a difficult economy when this capital could have been
14	utilized to hire additional employees or expand their businesses; and
15	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that this prohibition impacts North Carolina
16	businesses large and small, located not only in the Outer Banks but throughout North Carolina,
17	and hinders their ability to create jobs; and
18	Whereas, the General Assembly finds it is in the best interest of the citizens of this
19	entire State to reduce the distribution and use of plastic bags through recycling, reuse, and the use
20	of reusable bags; and
21	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that the states of Texas, Florida, and Virginia
22	have developed similar successful voluntary educational programs to educate the public about the
23	importance of the recycling of plastic bags; and
24	Whereas, the General Assembly finds that a voluntary educational program informing
25	North Carolina citizens of the availability of recycling sites throughout the entire State benefits
26	every citizen; Now, therefore,
27	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
28	SECTION 1. Part 2G of Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes is
29	repealed.
30	SECTION 2. G.S. 130A-22 reads as rewritten:
31	"§ 130A-22. Administrative penalties.
32	(a) The Secretary of Environmental Quality may impose an administrative penalty on a
33	person who violates Article 9 of this Chapter, rules adopted by the Commission pursuant to
34	Article 9, or any term or condition of a permit or order issued under Article 9. Each day of a
35	continuing violation shall constitute a separate violation. The penalty shall not exceed fifteen
36	thousand dollars (\$15,000) per day in the case of a violation involving nonhazardous waste. The



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1 penalty shall not exceed thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars (\$32,500) per day in the case of 2 a first violation involving hazardous waste as defined in G.S. 130A-290 or involving the disposal 3 of medical waste as defined in G.S. 130A-290 in or upon water in a manner that results in medical 4 waste entering waters or lands of the State; and shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) 5 per day for a second or further violation involving the disposal of medical waste as defined in 6 G.S. 130A-290 in or upon water in a manner that results in medical waste entering waters or lands 7 of the State. The penalty shall not exceed thirty-two thousand five hundred dollars (\$32,500) per 8 day for a violation involving a voluntary remedial action implemented pursuant to 9 G.S. 130A-310.9(c) or a violation of the rules adopted pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.12(b). The 10 penalty shall not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for a first violation; two hundred dollars 11 (\$200.00) for a second violation within any 12 month period; and five hundred dollars (\$500.00) 12 for each additional violation within any 12-month period for any violation of Part 2G of Article 9 of this Chapter. For violations of Part 7 of Article 9 of this Chapter and G.S. 130A-309.10(m): (i) 13 14 a warning shall be issued for a first violation; (ii) the penalty shall not exceed two hundred dollars 15 (\$200.00) for a second violation; and (iii) the penalty shall not exceed five hundred dollars 16 (\$500.00) for subsequent violations. If a person fails to pay a civil penalty within 60 days after the 17 final agency decision or court order has been served on the violator, the Secretary of 18 Environmental Quality shall request the Attorney General to institute a civil action in the superior 19 court of any county in which the violator resides or has his or its principal place of business to 20 recover the amount of the assessment. Such civil actions must be filed within three years of the 21 date the final agency decision or court order was served on the violator. 22 ...." 23

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**SECTION 3.** Section 13.10(c) of S.L. 2010-31 is repealed. **SECTION 4.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2017.