GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 381 Second Edition Engrossed 5/6/91

Short Title: OSHA Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Beall; and H. Hunter.

Referred to: Commerce.

March 28, 1991

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 2 AN ACT TO COMPLY WITH CONGRESSIONAL CHANGES IN OSHA.
- Whereas, States are required by Section 18 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act to implement changes in their State OSHA programs corresponding to Congressional changes that will keep State programs as effective as the federal OSHA program; and
- Whereas, Congress on November 5, 1990, passed the Omnibus Budget
 Reconciliation Act of 1990 which amended Section 17 of the Occupational Safety and
 Health Act to increase penalties for violations of the Act; and
- 10 Whereas, the United States Department of Labor has notified the North 11 Carolina Department of Labor that North Carolina must match these statutory changes 12 within six months; Now, therefore,
- 13 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
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- Section 1. G.S. 95-138(a) reads as rewritten:
- Any employer who willfully or repeatedly violates the requirements of this 15 "(a) Article, any standard, rule or order promulgated pursuant to this Article, or regulations 16 prescribed pursuant to this Article, may upon the recommendation of the Director to the 17 Commissioner be assessed by the Commissioner a civil penalty with a maximum of 18 seventy thousand dollars \$70,000 and a minimum of five thousand \$5,000 for each 19 20 violation. Any employer who has received a citation for a serious violation of the 21 requirements of this Article or any standard, rule, or order promulgated under this 22 Article or of any regulation prescribed pursuant to this Article, shall be assessed by the 23 Commissioner a civil penalty of up to two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) seven

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thousand dollars (\$7,000) for each such violation. If the violation is adjudged not to be 1 2 of a serious nature, then the employer may be assessed a civil penalty of up to one 3 thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) for each such violation. Any employer who fails to correct a violation for which a citation has been 4 5 issued under this Article within the period allowed for its correction (which period shall 6 not begin to run until the date of the final order of the Board in the case of any appeal 7 proceedings in this Article initiated by the employer in good faith and not solely for the 8 delay or avoidance of penalties), may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than one 9 thousand dollars (\$1,000). seven thousand dollars (\$7,000). Such assessment shall be 10 made to apply to each day during which such failure or violation continues. Any employer who violates any of the posting requirements, as prescribed under the 11 12 provision of this Article, shall be assessed a civil penalty of not more than one thousand 13 dollars (\$1,000)-seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) for such violation. The Commissioner 14 upon recommendation of the Director, or the Board in case of an appeal, shall have 15 authority to assess all civil penalties provided by this Article, giving due consideration 16 to the appropriateness of the penalty with respect to the size of the business of the 17 employer being charged, the gravity of the violation, the good faith of the employer and 18 the record of previous violations."

19 Sec. 2. This act is effective upon ratification and applies to violations 20 committed on or after that date.