GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 516

Senate Transportation Committee Substitute Adopted 6/25/91

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 1, 1991

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT REQUIRING TRAFFIC SIGNS AND OTHER TRAFFIC CONTROL
3	DEVICES ON ALL HIGHWAYS AND PUBLIC VEHICULAR AREAS TO
4	CONFORM TO THE MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 136-30 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 136-30. Uniform guide and warning-signs and other traffic control devices on
8	highwayshighways, streets, and public vehicular areas.
9	(a) <u>State Highway System. – The Department of Transportation is hereby</u>
10	authorized to classify, designate and mark both intrastate and interstate highways,
11	including connecting streets in incorporated towns and cities, lying within this State and
12	to provide a system of marking and signing such highways. Highways shall be distinctly
13	marked with some standard, uniform design and the numbers thereon shall correspond
14	with the numbers given the various routes by the Department of Transportation and
15	shown on official maps issued by the Department of Transportation. Other guide signs
16	and warning signs shall also be of uniform design. The system of marking and signing
17	highways shall correlate with and so far as possible conform to the system adopted in
18	other states. may number and mark highways in the State highway system. All traffic
19	signs and other traffic control devices placed on a highway in the State highway system
20	must conform to the Uniform Manual. The Department of Transportation shall have the
21	power to control all signs within the right-of-way of State highways. highways in the
22	State highway system. The Department of Transportation may erect proper and uniform
23	signs directing persons to roads and places of importance.

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1	(b) Municipal Street System. – All traffic signs and other traffic control devices
2	placed on a municipal street system street must conform to the Uniform Manual. All
3	traffic control devices placed on a highway that is within the corporate limits of a
4	municipality but is part of the State highway system must be approved by the
5	Department of Transportation.
6	(c) Public Vehicular Areas. – Except as provided in this subsection, all traffic
7	signs and other traffic control devices placed on a public vehicular area, as defined in
8	<u>G.S. 20-4.01, must conform to the Uniform Manual. The owner of private property that</u>
9	contains a public vehicular area may place on the property a traffic control device, other
10	than a sign designating a parking space for handicapped persons, as defined in G.S. 20-
11	<u>37.5, that differs in material from the uniform device but does not differ in shape, size,</u>
12	<u>color, or any other way from the uniform device. The owner of private property that</u>
12	contains a public vehicular area may place on the property a sign designating a parking
14	space for handicapped persons that differs in material and color from the uniform sign
15	but does not differ in shape, size, or any other way from the uniform device.
16	(d) Definition. – As used in this section, the term 'Uniform Manual' means the
17	Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, published by the
18	United States Department of Transportation, and any supplement to that Manual
19	adopted by the North Carolina Department of Transportation."
20	Sec. 2. G.S. 136-30.1(c) is repealed.
21	Sec. 3. G.S. 136-31 is repealed.
22	Sec. 4. G.S. 20-37.6 reads as rewritten:
23	"§ 20-37.6. Handicapped; drivers and passengers; parking privileges.
24	(a) Any vehicle driven by or transporting a person who is handicapped as defined
25	by G.S. 20-37.5 or transporting a person who is visually impaired as defined by G.S.
26	111-11, as certified by a licensed ophthalmologist, optometrist, or Division of Services
27	for the Blind, may be parked for unlimited periods in parking zones restricted as to the
28	length of time parking is permitted. This provision has no application to those zones or
29	during times in which the stopping, parking, or standing of all vehicles is prohibited or
30	which are reserved for special types of vehicles. Any qualifying vehicle may park in
31	spaces designated by aboveground markings as restricted to vehicles distinguished as
32	being driven by or as transporting the handicapped or as transporting the visually
33	impaired.
34	(b) Handicapped Car Owners; Distinguishing License Plates. – If the
35	handicapped or visually impaired person is a registered owner of a vehicle, this vehicle
36	may display a distinguishing license plate. This license plate shall be issued for the
37	normal fee applicable to standard license plates. Any vehicle owner who qualifies for a
38	distinguishing license plate may also receive a combination of two distinguishing
39	placards or identification cards under subsection (c).
40	(c) Handicapped Drivers and Passengers; Distinguishing Placards or
41	Identification Cards A person who is either handicapped or visually impaired may
42	apply for issuance of a distinguishing placard or a wallet-size identification card to be

designed by the Division of Motor Vehicles of the Department of Transportation, in
cooperation with the Office for the Handicapped of the Department of Insurance. Any

organization which, as determined and certified by the State Vocational Rehabilitation 1 2 Agency, regularly transports handicapped or visually impaired people, may also apply. 3 A placard shall be at least 6 inches by 12 inches in size, and a placard or identification 4 card shall contain all the information the Division of Motor Vehicles deems necessary for designation and enforcement. A placard or identification card shall be displayed on 5 6 the driver's side of the dashboard of a vehicle only when the vehicle is being driven by a 7 duly licensed handicapped driver or is being used to transport handicapped or visually 8 impaired passengers. When the placard or identification card is properly displayed, all 9 parking rights and privileges extended to vehicles displaying a distinguishing license 10 plate issued pursuant to subsection (b) shall apply. The Division of Motor Vehicles shall establish procedures for the issuance of the distinguishing placards and identification 11 12 cards, and may charge a fee sufficient to pay the actual cost of issuance. A combination 13 of two placards or identification cards may be issued to an applicant on request. 14 Applicants who are organizations may receive one placard or identification card for 15 each transporting vehicle.

16 (d) Designation of Parking Places. – Designation of parking spaces for the 17 physically handicapped persons and the visually impaired on streets and in other areas, 18 including public vehicular areas specified in G.S. 20-4.01(32), shall be by the use of sign R7-8 for multiple parking spaces as shown in the Manual on Uniform Traffic 19 20 Control Devices, or sign R7-8a for single parking spaces as shown in the N.C. 21 Department of Transportation Supplement to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control 22 Devices. Signs R7-8 and R7-8a public vehicular areas shall comply with G.S. 136-30. 23 A sign designating a parking space for handicapped persons shall state the maximum 24 penalty for parking in a parking space for the physically handicapped or visually impaired the space in violation of the law. 25

Unique Properties. - The owner of private property which contains a public 26 (d1)27 vehicular area, on which is to be designated one or more parking spaces for the 28 physically handicapped and the visually impaired, may file a written certification, on a 29 form supplied by the Department of Transportation, that signs conforming to G.S. 20-30 37.6(d) would not be compatible with the unique visual character of the property. Upon 31 filing of the certification with the Department of Transportation, the owner may cause to 32 be erected signs of materials and colors different from signs R7-8 and R7-8a. The signs 33 shall be the same size and shape as signs R7-8 or R7-8a, as appropriate, with the same 34 letters, words, numbers, and symbols, except for the statement of the maximum penalty 35 for parking in a parking space for the physically handicapped or visually impaired in 36 violation of the law. Such signs shall be deemed to conform to G.S. 20-37.6(d). 37 Enforcement of Handicapped Parking Privileges. - It shall be unlawful: (e) 38 To park or leave standing any vehicle in a space designated with a sign (1)

(1) To park or leave standing any vehicle in a space designated with a sign pursuant to subsection (d) of this section for handicapped persons or visually impaired persons when the vehicle does not display the distinguishing license plate, placard, or identification card as provided in this section or a disabled veteran registration plate issued pursuant to G.S. 20-81.4[;]

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7	(2) (3)	For any person not qualifying for the rights and privileges extended to handicapped or visually impaired persons under this section to exercise or attempt to exercise such rights or privileges by the unauthorized use of a distinguishing license plate, placard, or identification card issued pursuant to the provisions of this section; To park or leave standing any vehicle so as to obstruct a curb ramp or curb cut for handicapped persons as provided for by the North
8 9	(4)	Carolina Building Code or as designated in G.S. 136-44.14; For those responsible for designating parking spaces for the
10	(+)	handicapped to erect or otherwise use signs not conforming to G.S. 20-
11		37.6(d) for this purpose.
12	This section	is enforceable in all public vehicular areas specified in G.S. 20-
13	4.01(32).	
14		ties for Violation. –
15	(1)	A violation of G.S. 20-37.6(e)(1), (2) or (3) is an infraction which
16		carries a penalty of at least fifty dollars (\$50.00) but not more than one
17		hundred dollars (\$100.00) and whenever evidence shall be presented in
18		any court of the fact that any automobile, truck, or other vehicle was
19		found to be parked in a properly designated handicapped parking space
20		in violation of the provisions of this section, it shall be prima facie
21		evidence in any court in the State of North Carolina that the vehicle
22		was parked and left in the space by the person, firm, or corporation in
23		whose name the vehicle is registered and licensed according to the
24		records of the Division of Motor Vehicles. No evidence tendered or
25		presented under this authorization shall be admissible or competent in
26		any respect in any court or tribunal except in cases concerned solely
27		with a violation of this section.
28	(2)	A violation of G.S. 20-37.6(e)(4) is an infraction which carries a
29		penalty of at least fifty dollars (\$50.00) but not more than one hundred
30		dollars (\$100.00) and whenever evidence shall be presented in any
31		court of the fact that any such nonconforming sign or markings are
32		being used it shall be prima facie evidence in any court in the State of
33		North Carolina that the person, firm, or corporation with ownership of
34		the property where said nonconforming signs or markings are located
35		is responsible for violation of this section. Building inspectors and
36		others responsible for North Carolina State Building Code violations
37		specified in G.S. 143-138(h) where such signs are required by the
38		Handicapped Section of the North Carolina State Building Code, may
39		cause a citation to be issued for this violation and may also initiate any
40	(2)	appropriate action or proceeding to correct such violation.
41	(3)	A law-enforcement officer, including a security officer who has
42		authority to enforce laws on the property of his employer as specified
43		in Chapter 74A, may cause a vehicle parked in violation of this section
44		to be towed; and such officer shall be a legal possessor as provided in

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1 2 3 4 5 6	G.S. 20-161(d)(2). This law-enforcement officer, or security officer, shall not be held to answer in any civil or criminal action to any owner, lienholder or other person legally entitled to the possession of any motor vehicle removed from such space pursuant to this section, except where such motor vehicle is willfully, maliciously, or negligently damaged in the removal from aforesaid space to place of
7 8 9 10 11 12	 storage. (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of the General Statutes, the provisions of this section relative to handicapped parking shall be enforced by State, county, city and other municipal authorities in their respective jurisdictions whether on public or private property in the same manner as is used to enforce other parking laws and ordinances
12	by said agencies."
14	Sec. 5. G.S. 20-169 reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 20-169. Powers of local authorities.
16	Local authorities, except as expressly authorized by G.S. 20-141 and 20-158, shall
17	have no power or authority to alter any speed limitations declared in this Article or to
18	enact or enforce any rules or regulations contrary to the provisions of this Article,
19 20	except that local authorities shall have power to provide by ordinances for the regulation
20	of traffic by means of traffic or semaphores or other signaling devices on any portion of
21	the highway where traffic is heavy or continuous and may prohibit other than one-way
22 23	traffic upon certain highways, and may regulate the use of the highways by processions
23 24	or assemblages and except that local authorities shall have the power to regulate the speed of vehicles on highways in public parks, but signs shall be erected giving notices
24	of such special limits and regulations. Signaling devices of a stop-light nature erected
26	pursuant to this section and which emit alternate red and green lights shall be so arranged and
27	placed that the red light shall appear at the top and the green light shall appear at the bottom of
28	the signaling unit. Provided, that all traffic signs, signals, markings, islands, and all other
29	traffic-control devices installed or erected on streets or highways on the State highway system
30	within the corporate limits of a municipality shall be subject to the approval of the Department
31	of Transportation and be installed or erected in substantial conformance with the specifications
32	set forth in the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, or any
33	subsequent revisions of the same, published by the United States Department of Commerce
34	Bureau of Public Roads and dated June, 1961. Provided further that the Department of
35 36	Transportation is authorized and directed to assume the cost of installing and erecting such traffic-control devices provided the same are installed and erected with the approval of the
37	Department of Transportation and in conformity with this section, and the Department of
38	Transportation is authorized and directed to assume the costs of altering existing traffic-control
39	devices on the State highway system to conform to the said specifications set out above."
40	Sec. 6. G.S. 160A-296(b) is repealed.
41	Sec. 7. This act becomes effective January 1, 1992. Any nonconforming
42	sign or other traffic control device in use on the effective date of this act may remain in
43	use until January 1, 1994.