#### **SESSION 1995**

SENATE BILL 320 Second Edition Engrossed 5/11/95 House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/13/95 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/29/95

Short Title: Uniform Custodial Trust Act.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 8, 1995

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO BE KNOWN AS THE NORTH CAROLINA UNIFORM CUSTODIAL
3	TRUST ACT AND TO MAKE CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO THE POWER
4	OF ATTORNEY STATUTES, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GENERAL
5	STATUTES COMMISSION.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. The General Statutes are amended by adding a new Chapter to read
8	as follows:
9	" <u>CHAPTER 33B.</u>
10	<b>''NORTH CAROLINA UNIFORM CUSTODIAL TRUST ACT.</b>
11	" <u>§ 33B-1. Definitions.</u>
12	As used in this act:
13	(1) <u>'Adult' means an individual who is at least 21 years of age.</u>
14	(2) 'Beneficiary' means an individual for whom property has been
15	transferred to or held under a declaration of trust by a custodial trustee
16	for the individual's use and benefit under this act.

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1	<u>(3)</u>	'Guardian of the estate' means a guardian appointed for the purpose of
2	<u>(5)</u>	managing the property, estate, and business affairs of a ward, or a
3		person legally authorized to perform substantially the same functions.
4		As used in this act the term 'guardian of the estate' includes a general
5		guardian or guardian of the estate appointed under the provisions of
6		Chapter 35A of the General Statutes.
7	<u>(4)</u>	<u>'Court' means the clerk of superior court of this State.</u>
8	(5)	'Custodial trust property' means an interest in property transferred to or
9	<u>(5)</u>	held under a declaration of trust by a custodial trustee under this act and
10		the income from and proceeds of that interest.
11	<u>(6)</u>	<u>'Custodial trustee' means a person designated as trustee of a custodial</u>
12	<u>(0)</u>	trust under this act or a substitute or successor to the person designated.
12	<u>(7)</u>	'Guardian of the person' means a guardian appointed for the purpose of
14		performing duties relating to the care, custody, and control of a ward,
15		but not a person who is only a guardian ad litem. As used in this act the
16		term 'guardian of the person' includes a general guardian or guardian of
17		the person appointed under the provisions of Chapter 35A of the
18		General Statutes.
19	<u>(8)</u>	<u>'Incapacitated' means lacking the ability to manage property and</u>
20	<u>(0)</u>	business affairs effectively by reason of mental illness, mental
20		deficiency, physical illness or disability, chronic use of drugs, chronic
22		intoxication, confinement, detention by a foreign power, disappearance,
23		being under 21 years of age, or other disabling cause.
24	<u>(9)</u>	'Legal representative' means a personal representative or guardian of the
25	<u> </u>	estate.
26	<u>(10)</u>	'Member of the beneficiary's family' means a beneficiary's spouse,
27		descendant, parent, grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt, whether
28		of the whole or half blood or by adoption.
29	<u>(11)</u>	'Person' means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust,
30		partnership, joint venture, association, or any other legal or commercial
31		entity.
32	<u>(12)</u>	'Personal representative' means an executor, administrator, or special
33		administrator of a decedent's estate, a person legally authorized to
34		perform substantially the same function, or a successor to any of them.
35	<u>(13)</u>	'State' means a state, territory, or possession of the United States, the
36		District of Columbia, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
37	<u>(14)</u>	'Transferor' means a person who creates a custodial trust by transfer or
38		declaration.
39	<u>(15)</u>	'Trust company' means a financial institution, corporation, or other legal
40		entity, authorized to exercise general trust powers in North Carolina.
41	<u>(16)</u>	'General guardian' means a guardian of both the estate and the person.
42	" <u>§ 33B-2. Cust</u>	odial trust; general.

1	(a) <u>A person may create a custodial trust of property by a written transfer of the</u>
2	property to a trust company or an adult other than the transferor executed in any lawful
3	manner, naming as beneficiary an individual, who may be the transferor, in which the
4	transferee is designated, in substance, as custodial trustee under the North Carolina
5	Uniform Custodial Trust Act. A transfer is executed in a lawful manner if the
6	formalities, if any, of the transfer of the particular property necessary under general
7	principles of law are satisfied.
8	(b) <u>An adult may create a custodial trust of property by a written declaration which</u>
9	names as beneficiary an individual other than the declarant. The declaration shall be
10	evidenced by registration of the property or by other instrument of declaration executed
11	in any lawful manner, describing the property and designating the declarant, in substance,
12	as custodial trustee under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act. A registration
13	or other declaration of trust for the sole benefit of the declarant is not a custodial trust
14	under this act. A registration or declaration is executed in a lawful manner if the
15	formalities, if any, of the transfer of the beneficial interest in the particular property under
16	general principles of law are satisfied.
17	(c) <u>Title to custodial trust property is in the custodial trustee, and the beneficial</u>
18	interest is in the beneficiary.
19	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, a transferor may not
20	terminate a custodial trust.
21	(e) The beneficiary, if not incapacitated, or the guardian of the estate of an
22	incapacitated beneficiary, may terminate a custodial trust by delivering to the custodial
23	trustee a writing signed by the beneficiary or guardian of the estate declaring the
24	termination. If not previously terminated, the custodial trust terminates on the death of
25	the beneficiary.
26	(f) Any person may augment existing custodial trust property by the addition of
27	other property pursuant to a written instrument satisfying the requirements of subsections
28	(a) or (b) of this section.
29 20	(g) <u>The transferor may designate, or authorize the designation of, a successor</u> custodial trustee in the trust instrument.
30	
31	(h) This act does not displace or restrict other means of creating trusts. A trust, the
32 33	terms of which do not conform to this act, may be enforceable according to its terms under the law.
33 34	
34 35	<ul> <li><u>\$ 33B-3. Custodial trust to begin in the future.</u></li> <li>(a) A person may create a custodial trust to begin in the future by designating the</li> </ul>
35 36	(a) <u>A person may create a custodial trust to begin in the future by designating the</u> transferee in substance 'as custodial trustee for (name of beneficiary) under
30 37	the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act'. A designation under this section may
37	• •
38 39	be made in: (1) $\wedge$ will:
39 40	(1) <u>A will;</u> (2) <u>A trust</u>
40 41	(2) <u>A trust;</u> (3) <u>An insurance policy;</u>
41 42	(3) <u>An insurance policy;</u> (4) <u>A deed;</u>
42	$\frac{(4)}{(5)} \xrightarrow{A \text{ bayable-on-death account}}_{A \text{ payable-on-death account}}$
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1	(6) <u>An instrument exercising a power of appointment, provided that the</u>
2	donor of the power has not expressly prohibited the exercise of the
3	power in favor of a custodial trustee, and provided further that the
4	beneficiary of the custodial trust is a permissible object of the power,
5	although the custodial trustee need not be a permissible object of the
6	power; or
7	(7) <u>A writing designating a beneficiary of contractual rights, including but</u>
8	not limited to rights under a pension or profit sharing plan, which is
9	registered with or delivered to the fiduciary, payor, issuer, or obligor of
10	the contractual right. (b) Persona may be designated as substitute or successor sustadial trustage to
11	(b) Persons may be designated as substitute or successor custodial trustees to
12 13	whom the property must be paid or transferred in the order named if the preceding
13 14	designated custodial trustee is unable or unwilling to serve.
14 15	" <u>§ 33B-4.</u> Form and effect of receipt and acceptance by custodial trustee;
15 16	(a) <u>Jurisdiction.</u> (a) <u>Obligations of a custodial trustee, including the obligation to follow directions</u>
10	(a) <u>Obligations of a custodial trustee, including the obligation to follow directions</u> of the beneficiary, arise under this act upon the custodial trustee's acceptance, express or
17	implied, of the custodial trust property.
18 19	(b) The custodial trustee's acceptance may be evidenced by a writing stating in
20	substance:
20	<u>'CUSTODIAL TRUSTEE'S RECEIPT AND ACCEPTANCE</u>
21	I,
23	property described below or in the attached instrument and accept the custodial trust as
24	custodial trustee for
25	Uniform Custodial Trust Act. I undertake to administer and distribute the custodial trust
26	property pursuant to the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act. My obligations as
27	custodial trustee are subject to the directions of the beneficiary unless the beneficiary is
28	designated as, is, or becomes incapacitated. The custodial trust property consists of
29	
30	Dated:
31	
32	(Signature of Custodial Trustee)'.
33	(c) Upon accepting custodial trust property, a person designated as custodial
34	trustee under this act is subject to personal jurisdiction in this State with respect to any
35	matter relating to the custodial trust.
36	"§ 33B-5. Transfer to custodial trustee by fiduciary or obligor; facility of payment.
37	(a) <u>A person, including a fiduciary other than a custodial trustee, who holds</u>
38	property of or owes a debt to an incapacitated individual not having a guardian of the
39	estate may make a transfer to an adult member of the beneficiary's family or to a trust
40	company as custodial trustee for the use and benefit of the incapacitated individual. If the
41	value of the property or the debt exceeds twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000), the transfer
42	is not effective unless authorized by the court.

1	(b) A written acknowledgment of delivery, signed by a custodial trustee, is a		
2	sufficient receipt and discharge for property transferred to the custodial trustee pursuant		
3	to this section.		
4	(c) <u>This section shall not apply when the disposition of the property has been</u>		
5	directed by an instrument designating a custodial trustee pursuant to G.S. 33B-3.		
6	"§ 33B-6. Single beneficiaries; separate custodial trusts.		
7	(a) Beneficial interests in a custodial trust may not be created for multiple		
8	beneficiaries.		
9	(b) All custodial trust property held under this act by the same custodial trustee for		
10	the use and benefit of a single beneficiary may be administered as a single custodial trust.		
11	" <u>§ 33B-7. General duties of custodial trustee.</u>		
12	(a) If appropriate, a custodial trustee shall register or record the instrument vesting		
13	title to custodial trust property.		
14	(b) If the beneficiary is not incapacitated, a custodial trustee shall follow the		
15	directions of the beneficiary in the management, control, investment, or retention of the		
16	custodial trust property.		
17	If the beneficiary is incapacitated or the beneficiary has capacity but has not given		
18	direction, the custodial trustee shall observe the standard of care that would be observed		
19	by a prudent person dealing with property of another and is not limited by any other law		
20	restricting investments by fiduciaries. However, a custodial trustee, in the custodial		
21	trustee's discretion, may retain any custodial trust property received from the transferor.		
22	If a custodial trustee has a special skill or expertise or is named custodial trustee on		
23	the basis of representation of a special skill or expertise, the custodial trustee shall		
24	observe the standard of care expected of one with that skill or expertise.		
25	(c) <u>Subject to subsection (b) of this section, a custodial trustee shall take control of</u>		
26	and collect, hold, manage, invest, and reinvest custodial trust property.		
27	(d) <u>A custodial trustee at all times shall keep custodial trust property of which the</u>		
28	custodial trustee has control, separate from all other property in a manner sufficient to		
29	identify it clearly as custodial trust property of the beneficiary. Custodial trust property,		
30	the title to which is subject to recordation, is adequately identified as such if an		
31	appropriate instrument so identifying the property is recorded in the name of the custodial		
32	trustee, designated in substance 'as custodial trustee for		
33	under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act'. Custodial trust property subject		
34	to registration is so identified if it is registered, or held in an account in the name of the		
35	custodial trustee, designated in substance 'as custodial trustee for		
36	of beneficiary) under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act'.		
37	(e) <u>A custodial trustee shall keep records of all transactions with respect to</u>		
38	custodial trust property, including information necessary for the preparation of tax		
39 40	returns, and shall make the records and information available at reasonable times to the		
40 41	<u>beneficiary or legal representative of the beneficiary.</u> (f) <u>Unless the durable power of attorney specifically provides otherwise, the</u>		
41 42	exercise of the durable power of attorney for an incapacitated beneficiary is not effective		
42 43	to terminate or direct the administration or distribution of a custodial trust.		
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1	"§ 33B-8. General powers of custodial trustee.
2	(a) A custodial trustee, acting in a fiduciary capacity, has all the rights and powers
3	over custodial trust property which an unmarried adult owner has over individually
4	owned property, but a custodial trustee may exercise those rights and powers in a
5	fiduciary capacity only.
6	(b) This section does not relieve a custodial trustee from liability for a violation of
7	<u>G.S. 33B-7.</u>
8	"§ 33B-9. Use of custodial trust property.
9	(a) A custodial trustee shall pay to the beneficiary or expend for the beneficiary's
10	use and benefit so much or all of the custodial trust property as the beneficiary while not
11	incapacitated may direct from time to time.
12	(b) If the beneficiary is incapacitated, the custodial trustee shall expend so much or
13	all of the custodial trust property as the custodial trustee considers advisable for the use
14	and benefit of the beneficiary and the spouse and children, and other dependents of the
15	beneficiary. Expenditures may be made in the manner, when, and to the extent that the
16	custodial trustee determines suitable and proper, without court order and without regard
17	to other support, income, or property of the beneficiary.
18	(c) <u>A custodial trustee may establish checking, savings, or other similar accounts</u>
19	of reasonable amounts from which either the custodial trustee or the beneficiary may
20	withdraw funds or against which either may draw checks. Funds withdrawn from, or
21	checks written against, the account of the beneficiary are distributions of custodial trust
22	property by the custodial trustee to the beneficiary.
23	" <u>§ 33B-10. Determination of incapacity; effect.</u>
24	(a) The custodial trustee shall administer the custodial trust as for an incapacitated
25	beneficiary if (i) the custodial trust was created under G.S. 33B-5, (ii) the transferor has
26	so directed in the instrument creating the custodial trust, (iii) a determination that a
27	beneficiary is an incompetent adult has been made under the provisions of Chapter 35A,
28	including a determination of limited incompetence under the provisions of G.S. 35A-
29	<u>1112(d)</u> , unless the court provided otherwise, or (iv) the custodial trustee has determined
30	that the beneficiary is incapacitated under subsection (b) of this section.
31	(b) <u>A custodial trustee may determine that the beneficiary is incapacitated in</u>
32	reliance upon (i) previous direction or authority given by the beneficiary while not
33	incapacitated, including direction or authority pursuant to a durable power of attorney,
34 35	(ii) the certificate of the beneficiary's physician, (iii) authority given to the custodial trustee in the instrument creating the trust to determine the incapacity of the beneficiary
35 36	after the creation of the custodial trust, or (iv) other reasonable evidence.
30 37	(c) If a custodial trustee for an incapacitated beneficiary determines that the
38	beneficiary's incapacity has ceased, or that circumstances concerning the beneficiary's
39	ability to manage property and business affairs have changed since the creation of a
40	custodial trust directing administration as for an incapacitated beneficiary, the custodial
41	trustee may administer the trust as for a beneficiary who is not incapacitated.
42	(d) Regardless of whether any determination of incapacity under subsection (b) of
43	this section has or has not been made, the beneficiary, the custodial trustee, or other

1	person intereste	ed in the custodial trust property or the welfare of the beneficiary, may
2	-	he procedures of Chapter 35A for a determination by the court whether
3	·	is or continues to be incapacitated as defined in G.S. 33B-1(8). A
4	•	of incapacity does not require appointment of a guardian of the estate
5		cretion of the court such appointment is otherwise warranted.
6		acity of a beneficiary does not terminate (i) the custodial trust, (ii) any
7	• • • •	successor custodial trustee, (iii) rights or powers of the custodial trustee,
8	-	unities of third persons acting on instructions of the custodial trustee.
9		stodial trustee shall not be liable for any determinations authorized by this
10	section regardin	g the capacity or incapacity of the beneficiary made in good faith.
11	" <u>§ 33B-11. Thi</u>	rd-party transactions.
12	A third pers	on in good faith and without a court order may act on instructions of, or
13	-	with, a person purporting to make a transfer as, or to act in the capacity of,
14	a custodial trust	ee. In the absence of actual knowledge to the contrary, the third person is
15	not responsible	for determining:
16	(1)	The validity of the purported custodial trustee's designation;
17	<u>(2)</u>	The propriety of, or the authority under this act for, any action of the
18		purported custodial trustee;
19	<u>(3)</u>	The validity or propriety of an instrument executed or instruction given
20		pursuant to this act either by the person purporting to make a transfer or
21		declaration or by the purported custodial trustee; or
22	<u>(4)</u>	The propriety of the application of property vested in the purported
23		custodial trustee.
24	" <u>§ 33B-12. Lia</u>	<u>bility to the third person.</u>
25	<u>(a)</u> <u>A cla</u>	im based on (i) a contract entered into by a custodial trustee acting in a
26	fiduciary capac	ity, (ii) an obligation arising from the ownership or control of custodial
27	trust property,	(iii) a tort committed in the course of administering the custodial trust,
28	may be asserte	d by a third person against the custodial trust property by proceeding
29	against the custo	odial trustee in a fiduciary capacity, whether or not the custodial trustee or
30	the beneficiary	is personally liable.
31	<u>(b)</u> <u>A cus</u>	stodial trustee may be held personally liable to a third person:
32	<u>(1)</u>	On a contract entered into in a fiduciary capacity if the custodial trustee
33		fails to reveal that capacity or to identify the custodial trust in the
34		<u>contract; or</u>
35	<u>(2)</u>	For an obligation arising from control of custodial trust property or for a
36		tort committed in the course of the administration of the custodial trust
37		if the custodial trustee is personally at fault.
38	<u> </u>	neficiary is not personally liable to a third person for an obligation arising
39		ownership of custodial trust property or for a tort committed in the course
40		n of the custodial trust unless the beneficiary is personally in possession
41		trust property giving rise to the liability or is personally at fault.
42		ections (b) and (c) of this section do not preclude actions or proceedings
43	to establish liab	bility of the custodial trustee or beneficiary as owner or possessor of the

custodial trust property to the extent that person is protected as the insured by liability 1 2 insurance. 3 "§ 33B-13. Declination, resignation, incapacity, death, or removal of custodial 4 trustee; designation of successor custodial trustee. 5 Before accepting the custodial trust property, a person designated as custodial (a) 6 trustee may decline to serve by notifying the person who made the designation, the 7 transferor, or the transferor's legal representative. In such case, the transferor or the 8 transferor's legal representative may designate a substitute custodial trustee. If the 9 custodial trust is being created under G.S. 33B-3, the substitute custodial trustee 10 designated under G.S. 33B-3 becomes the custodial trustee, or, if a substitute custodial trustee has not been designated, the person who made the designation may designate a 11 12 substitute custodial trustee pursuant to G.S. 33B-3. A custodial trustee who has accepted the custodial trust property may resign by 13 (b) 14 (i) delivering written notice to a successor custodial trustee, if any, the beneficiary, and, if 15 the beneficiary is incapacitated, to the beneficiary's guardian of the estate, if any, and (ii) transferring and, where appropriate, registering or recording an instrument relating to the 16 17 custodial trust property in the name of the successor custodial trustee identified under 18 subsection (c) of this section. 19 (c)If a custodial trustee or successor custodial trustee is ineligible, resigns, dies, or 20 becomes incapacitated, the successor designated under G.S. 33B-2 or G.S. 33B-3 21 becomes custodial trustee. If there is no effective provision for a successor, the beneficiary, if not incapacitated, may designate a successor custodial trustee; if the 22 23 beneficiary fails to act within 90 days, the resigning custodial trustee may designate a 24 successor custodial trustee. If there is no effective provision for a successor custodial trustee and if the beneficiary is incapacitated, the beneficiary's guardian of the estate 25 becomes successor custodial trustee. If the beneficiary does not have a guardian of the 26 27 estate or the guardian of the estate fails to act as custodial trustee, the resigning custodial trustee may designate a successor custodial trustee. 28 29 If a successor custodial trustee is not designated pursuant to subsection (c) of (d) 30 this section, the following persons may in the order listed petition the court to designate a successor custodial trustee: the transferor, the legal representative of the transferor, the 31 legal representative of the custodial trustee, the general guardian of the beneficiary, the 32 guardian of the estate of the beneficiary, an adult member of the beneficiary's family, a 33 person interested in the custodial trust property, or a person interested in the welfare of 34 35 the beneficiary. 36 A custodial trustee who declines to serve or resigns, or the legal representative (e) of a deceased or incapacitated custodial trustee shall put the custodial trust property and 37 38 records in the possession and control of the successor custodial trustee as soon as 39 practical. The successor custodial trustee shall enforce the obligation to deliver custodial trust property and records. 40 A beneficiary, the beneficiary's guardian of the estate, an adult member of the 41 (f)42 beneficiary's family, a guardian of the person of the beneficiary, a person interested in the 43 custodial trust property, or a person interested in the welfare of the beneficiary, may

1	petition the court (i) to remove the custodial trustee for cause and to designate a successor
2	custodial trustee, (ii) to require the custodial trustee to furnish a bond or other security for
3	the faithful performance of fiduciary duties, or (iii) for other appropriate relief.
4	"§ 33B-14. Expenses, compensation, and bond of custodial trustee.
5	Except as otherwise provided in the instrument creating the custodial trust, in an
6	agreement with the beneficiary, or by court order, a custodial trustee:
7	(1) Is entitled to reimbursement from custodial trust property for reasonable
8	expenses incurred in the performance of fiduciary services;
9	(2) May charge, no later than six months after the end of each calendar
10	year, a reasonable compensation for fiduciary services performed during
10	that year; and
11	(3) Need not furnish a bond or other security for the faithful performance of
12	fiduciary duties.
13	"§ 33B-15. Reporting and accounting by custodial trustee; determination of liability
15	of custodial trustee.
16	(a) Upon the acceptance of custodial trust property, the custodial trustee shall
17	provide a written statement that the custodial trust property is held pursuant to this act
18	and describing the custodial trust property. The custodial trustee shall thereafter provide
19	a written statement of the administration of the custodial trust property (i) once each year,
20	(ii) upon request at reasonable times by the beneficiary or the beneficiary's legal
20	representative, (iii) upon resignation or removal of the custodial trustee, and (iv) upon
22	termination of the custodial trust. The statements must be provided to the beneficiary or
23	to the beneficiary's legal representative. Upon termination of the beneficiary's interest,
24	the custodial trustee shall furnish a statement to the person to whom the custodial trust
25	property is to be delivered.
26	(b) <u>A beneficiary, the beneficiary's legal representative, an adult member of the</u>
27	beneficiary's family, a person interested in the custodial trust property, or a person
28	interested in the welfare of the beneficiary may petition the court for an accounting by the
29	custodial trustee or the custodial trustee's legal representative.
30	(c) <u>A successor custodial trustee may petition the court for an accounting by a</u>
31	predecessor custodial trustee or the legal representative of a predecessor custodial trustee.
32	(d) In an action or proceeding under this act or in any other proceeding, the court
33	may require or permit the custodial trustee or the custodial trustee's legal representative to
34	account. The custodial trustee or the custodial trustee's legal representative may petition
35	the court for approval of annual or final accounts.
36	(e) If a custodial trustee is removed, the court shall require an accounting and
37	order delivery of the custodial trust property and records to the successor custodial trustee
38	and the execution of all instruments required for transfer of the custodial trust property.
39	(f) On petition of the custodial trustee or any person who could petition for an
40	accounting, the court, after notice to interested persons, may issue instructions to the
41	custodial trustee or review the propriety of the acts of a custodial trustee or the
42	reasonableness of compensation determined by the custodial trustee or others.
43	"§ 33B-16. Limitations of action against custodial trustee.

1	(a) Exce	pt as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section, a claim for relief
2	against a custod	dial trustee for accounting or breach of duty is barred as to a beneficiary, a
3	person to who	om custodial trust property is to be paid or delivered, or the legal
4	representative of	of an incapacitated or deceased beneficiary or payee:
5	(1)	Who has received a final account or statement fully disclosing the
6		matter unless an action or proceeding to assert the claim is commenced
7		within two years after receipt of the final account or statement; or
8	<u>(2)</u>	Who has not received a final account or statement fully disclosing the
9		matter unless an action or proceeding to assert the claim is commenced
10		within three years after the termination of the custodial trust.
11	<u>(b)</u> Exce	pt as provided in subsection (c) of this section, a claim for relief to
12	recover from a	custodial trustee for fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment is barred
13	unless an action	n or proceeding to assert the claim is commenced within five years after
14	the termination	of the custodial trust.
15	$\underline{(c)}$ <u>A cla</u>	im for relief is not barred by this section if the claimant:
16	<u>(1)</u>	Is a minor, until the earlier of two years after the claimant becomes an
17		adult or dies;
18	(2)	Is an incapacitated adult, until the earliest of two years after (i) the
19		appointment of a guardian of the estate, (ii) the removal of the
20		incapacity, or (iii) the death of the claimant; or
21	<u>(3)</u>	Was an adult, now deceased, who was not incapacitated, until two years
22		after the claimant's death if the claim was not barred by adjudication,
23		consent, or limitation prior to the claimant's death.
24		stribution on termination.
25	<u>(a)</u> <u>Upor</u>	n termination of a custodial trust, the custodial trustee shall transfer the
26	unexpended cus	stodial trust property:
27	<u>(1)</u>	To the beneficiary, if not incapacitated or deceased;
28	<u>(2)</u>	To the guardian of the estate or other recipient designated by the court
29		for an incapacitated beneficiary; or
30	<u>(3)</u>	Upon the beneficiary's death, in the following order:
31		<u>a.</u> As last directed in a writing signed by the deceased beneficiary
32		while not incapacitated and received by the custodial trustee
33		during the life of the deceased beneficiary;
34		b. As designated in the instrument creating the custodial trust; or
35		<u>c.</u> <u>To the estate of the deceased beneficiary.</u>
36		when the custodial trust would otherwise terminate, the distributee is
37		he custodial trust continues for the use and benefit of the distributee as
38	-	il the incapacity is removed or the custodial trust is otherwise terminated.
39		h of a beneficiary does not terminate the power of the custodial trustee to
40		gations of the custodial trustee or beneficiary incurred before the
41		he custodial trust.
42		writing described in G.S. 33B-17(a)(3)a. or the instrument described in
43	<u>G.S. 33B-17(a)</u>	(3)b. must also be signed by at least two witnesses, neither of whom is the

1	custodial trustee or the distributee of the custodial trust property, and be acknowledged
2	by the beneficiary or transferor before an individual authorized to administer oaths or
3	take acknowledgements. Failure to comply with the witness or acknowledgement
4	requirement shall not affect the validity of the custodial trust during the life of the
5	beneficiary, but shall invalidate only the direction or designation of the distributee on
6	termination of the custodial trust under G.S. 33B-17(a)(3)a. or G.S. 33B-17(a)(3)b., and
7	upon termination of the custodial trust the custodial trustee shall transfer the unexpended
8	custodial trust property according to the remaining provisions of this section.
9	"§ 33B-18. Methods and forms of creating custodial trusts.
10	(a) If a transaction (including a declaration with respect to or a transfer of specific
11	property) otherwise satisfies applicable law, the criteria of G.S. 33B-2 are satisfied by:
12	(1) The execution and either delivery to the custodial trustee or recording of
13	an instrument in substantially the following form:
14	<b>'TRANSFER UNDER THE NORTH CAROLINA</b>
15	UNIFORM CUSTODIAL TRUST ACT
16	I, (name of transferor or name and representative capacity if a
17	fiduciary), transfer to (name of trustee other than transferor), as custodial
18	trustee for (name of beneficiary) as beneficiary and as
19	distributee on termination of the trust in absence of direction by the beneficiary under the
20	North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act, the following:
21	(insert a description of the custodial trust property legally sufficient to identify and
22	transfer each item of property).
23	Dated:(Witness)
24	Signature
25	(Witness)
26	
27	STATE OF COUNTY OF
28	On this day of, personally appeared before me, the
29	said named to me known and known to me to be the person described
30	in and who executed the foregoing instrument and he (or she)
31	acknowledged that he (or she) executed the same and being duly sworn by
32	me, made oath that the statements in the foregoing instrument are true.
33	My Commission Expires
34	
35	·····
36	(Signature of Notary Public)
37	Notary Public (Official Seal)';
38	or(2) The execution and the recording or giving notice of its execution to the beneficiary
39	of an instrument in substantially the following form:
40	<b>'DECLARATION OF TRUST UNDER THE NORTH CAROLINA</b>
41	UNIFORM CUSTODIAL TRUST ACT
42	I, (name of owner of property,) declare that henceforth I hold as
43	custodial trustee for (name of beneficiary other than transferor) as

1 2 3	direction by the	as distributee on termination of the trust in absence of beneficiary under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act, the sert a description of the custodial trust property legally sufficient to
4 5	•	nsfer each item of property). (Seal)(Witness)
6 7	Signature	(Witness)
8		
9	STAT	TE OF COUNTY OF
10		On this day of, personally appeared before me, the
11	sa	id named to me known and known to me to be the person described
12	in	
13		knowledged that he (or she) executed the same and being duly sworn by
14		e, made oath that the statements in the foregoing instrument are true.
15	<u>My Commis</u>	sion Expires
16		
17		
18		(Signature of Notary Public)
19	2	ic (Official Seal)'(b) Any customary methods of transferring or
20		ership of property may be used to create a custodial trust, including, but
21	not limited to, a	ny of the following:
22	<u>(1)</u>	Registration of a security in the name of a trust company, an adult other
23		than the transferor, or the transferor if the beneficiary is other than the
24		transferor, designated in substance 'as custodial trustee for
25		(name of beneficiary) under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust
26		<u>Act';</u>
27	<u>(2)</u>	Delivery of a certificated security, or a document necessary for the
28		transfer of an uncertificated security, together with any necessary
29		endorsement, to an adult other than the transferor or to a trust company
30		as custodial trustee, accompanied by an instrument in substantially the
31		form prescribed in subsection (a)(1);
32	<u>(3)</u>	Payment of money or transfer of a security held in the name of a broker
33		or a financial institution or its nominee to a broker or financial
34		institution for credit to an account in the name of a trust company, an
35		adult other than the transferor, or the transferor if the beneficiary is
36		other than the transferor, designated in substance 'as custodial trustee for
37		(name of beneficiary) under the North Carolina Uniform
38		Custodial Trust Act';
39	<u>(4)</u>	Registration of ownership of a life or endowment insurance policy or
40		annuity contract with the issuer in the name of a trust company, an adult
41		other than the transferor, or the transferor if the beneficiary is other than
42		the transferor, designated in substance 'as custodial trustee for

1		(name of beneficiary) under the North Carolina Uniform
2		Custodial Trust Act';
3	(5)	Delivery of a written assignment to an adult other than the transferor or
4	<u>(5)</u>	to a trust company designated in the assignment in substance by the
5		words 'as custodial trustee for
6		North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act';
7	<u>(6)</u>	Irrevocable exercise of a power of appointment, pursuant to its terms, in
8	<u>(0)</u>	favor of a trust company, an adult other than the donee of the power, or
9		the donee who holds the power if the beneficiary is other than the
10		donee, designated in the appointment in substance 'as custodial trustee
11		for
12		Custodial Trust Act';
12	(7)	Delivery of a written notification or assignment of a right to future
14		payment under a contract to an obligor which transfers the right under
15		the contract to a trust company, an adult other than the transferor, or the
16		transferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor, designated in the
17		notification or assignment in substance 'as custodial trustee for
18		
19		Custodial Trust Act';
20	<u>(8)</u>	Execution and delivery of a conveyance of an interest in real property in
21		the name of a trust company, an adult other than the transferor, or the
22		transferor if the beneficiary is other than the transferor, designated in
23		substance 'as custodial trustee for (name of beneficiary)
24		under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act';
25	<u>(9)</u>	Issuance of a certificate of title by an agency of a state or of the United
26		States which evidences title to tangible personal property:
27		a. <u>Issued in the name of a trust company, an adult other than the</u>
28		transferor, or the transferor if the beneficiary is other than the
29		transferor, designated in substance 'as custodial trustee for
30		(name of beneficiary) under the North Carolina
31		<u>Uniform Custodial Trust Act'; or</u>
32		b. Delivered to a trust company or an adult other than the transferor
33		or endorsed by the transferor to that person, designated in
34		substance 'as custodial trustee for (name of beneficiary)
35		under the North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act'; or
36	<u>(10)</u>	Execution and delivery of an instrument of gift to a trust company or an
37		adult other than the transferor, designated in substance 'as custodial
38		trustee for
39		Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act'.
40	" <u>§ 33B-19. App</u>	
41 42		act applies to a transfer or declaration creating a custodial trust that refers
42 43		t the time of the transfer or declaration, the transferor, beneficiary, or e is a resident of or has its principal place of business in this State or the
43	customar muslee	is a resident of or has its principal place of busiless in this state of the

1	custodial trust r	roperty is located in this State. The custodial trust remains subject to this	
2	act despite a later change in residence or principal place of business of the transferor,		
3	beneficiary, or custodial trustee, or removal of the custodial trust property from this State.		
4	(b) <u>A transfer made pursuant to an act of another state substantially similar to this</u>		
5	act is governed by the law of that state and may be enforced in this State.		
6	" <u>§ 33B-20. Uniformity of application and construction.</u>		
7		all be applied and construed to effectuate its general purpose to make	
8	uniform the law with respect to the subject of this act among states enacting it.		
9	"§ 33B-21. Short title.		
10	This act may be cited as the 'North Carolina Uniform Custodial Trust Act'."		
11	Sec. 2. G.S. 32A-1 as amended by Chapter 331 of the 1995 Session Laws,		
12	Senate Bill 724 reads as rewritten:		
13	"§ 32A-1. Statutory Short Form of General Power of Attorney.		
14	The use of the following form in the creation of a power of attorney is lawful, and,		
15		all be construed in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.	
16		NOTICE: THE POWERS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT ARE	
17	B	ROAD AND SWEEPING. THEY ARE DEFINED IN CHAPTER 32A	
18	0	F THE NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL STATUTES WHICH	
19	EXPRESSLY PERMITS THE USE OF ANY OTHER OR DIFFERENT		
20	FO	ORM OF POWER OF ATTORNEY DESIRED BY THE PARTIES	
21	C	ONCERNED.	
22	S	State of	
23	(	County of	
24		I, appoint to be my attorney-in-fact, to act in my name	
25		any way which I could act for myself, with respect to the following	
26	matters as each of them is defined in Chapter 32A of the North Carolina		
27		eneral Statutes. (DIRECTIONS: Initial the line opposite any one or more	
28	of the subdivisions as to which the principal desires to give the attorney-in-		
29		ct authority.)	
30		Real property transactions	
31	(2)	Personal property transactions	
32	(3)	Bond, share, stock, securities and commodity	
33		transactions	
34	(4)	Banking transactions	
35	(5)	Safe deposits	
36	(6)	Business operating transactions	
37	(7)	Insurance transactions	
38	(8)	Estate transactions	
39 40	(9)	Personal relationships and affairs	
40	(10)	Social security and unemployment	
41 42	(11) (12)	Benefits from military service Tax matters	
42 43	(12) (13)		
43	(13)	Employment of agents	

1	$(14) \qquad C^{2}(1+1) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} + 1$		
1	(14) Gifts to charities, and to individuals other		
2	than the attorney-in-fact		
3	(15) Gifts to the named attorney-in-fact		
4	(If power of substitution and revocation is to be given, add: "I also		
5	give to such person full power to appoint another to act as my attorney-in-		
6	fact and full power to revoke such appointment.")		
7	(If period of power of attorney is to be limited, add: "This power		
8	terminates		
9	(If power of attorney is to be a durable power of attorney under the		
10	1 1		
11	incapacity or mental incompetence of the principal, add: "This power of		
12			
13	1 /		
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21	power to terminate or to direct the administration of any custodial trust of		
22	which I am the beneficiary.")		
23	(If power of attorney is to be effective to determine whether a		
24	beneficiary under the Uniform Custodial Trust Act is incapacitated or		
25	ceases to be incapacitated, add: "The attorney-in-fact of this power of		
26	attorney shall have the power to determine whether I am incapacitated or		
27	whether my incapacity has ceased for the purposes of any custodial trust of		
28	which I am the beneficiary.")		
29	Dated		
30			
31	SignatureSTATE OF COUNTY OFOn this		
32			
33	known to me to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument		
34	and he (or she) acknowledged that he (or she) executed the same and being duly sworn by		
35	me, made oath that the statements in the foregoing instrument are true.My Commission		
36	Expires		
37	$(0, \dots, 0, 1, 1, 1)$		
38	(Signature of Notary Public)		
39	Notary Public (Official Seal) <sup>III</sup> Sec. 3.		
40	1 / 1		
41	Statutes, all relevant portions of the Official Comments to the Uniform Custodial Trust		
42	Act and all explanatory comments of the drafters of this act as the Revisor may deem		
43	appropriate.		

1

Sec. 4. This act becomes effective October 1, 1995.