#### **SESSION 1997**

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SENATE BILL 935 Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 6/18/97

Short Title: Mgd. Care/Utiliz. & Griev.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

## April 17, 1997

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO E	ESTABLISH PROCEDURES AND RIGHTS FOR MANAGED CARE
3	PLAN MEM	IBERS IN UTILIZATION REVIEW DECISIONS AND GRIEVANCES
4	AGAINST N	ANAGED CARE ORGANIZATIONS.
5	The General Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Sectio	on 1. Article 50 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
7	adding a new se	ction to read:
8	" <u>§ 58-50-61. U</u>	ilization review.
9	<u>(a)</u> Defin	itions. – As used in this section and in G.S. 58-50-62, the term:
10	<u>(1)</u>	'Clinical peer' means a health care professional who holds an
11		unrestricted license in a state of the United States, in the same or similar
12		specialty, and routinely provides the health care services subject to
13		utilization review.
14	<u>(2)</u>	'Clinical review criteria' means the written screening procedures,
15		decision abstracts, clinical protocols, and practice guidelines used by an
16		insurer to determine medically necessary services and supplies.
17	<u>(3)</u>	'Covered person' means a policyholder, subscriber, enrollee, or other
18		individual covered by a health benefit plan. 'Covered person' includes

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1		another person, other than the covered person's provider, who is
2	$(\mathbf{A})$	authorized to act on behalf of a covered person.
3	<u>(4)</u>	'Emergency medical condition' means a medical condition manifesting
4		itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity including, but not limited
5		to, severe pain, or by acute symptoms developing from a chronic
6		medical condition that would lead a prudent layperson, possessing an
7		average knowledge of health and medicine, to reasonably expect the
8		absence of immediate medical attention to result in any of the following:
9		a. <u>Placing the health of an individual, or with respect to a pregnant</u>
10		woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child, in serious
11		jeopardy.
12		b. Serious impairment to bodily functions.
13		<u>c.</u> <u>Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.</u>
14	<u>(5)</u>	'Emergency services' means health care items and services furnished or
15		required to screen for and treat an emergency medical condition until
16		the condition is stabilized, including prehospital care and ancillary
17		services routinely available to the emergency department.
18	<u>(6)</u>	'Grievance' means a written complaint submitted by a covered person
19		about any of the following:
20		<u>a.</u> <u>An insurer's decisions, policies, or actions related to availability,</u>
21		delivery, or quality of health care services.
22		b. <u>Claims payment or handling; or reimbursement for services.</u>
23		c. The contractual relationship between a covered person and an
24		insurer.
25		<u>d.</u> <u>The outcome of an appeal of a noncertification under this section.</u>
26	<u>(7)</u>	'Health benefit plan' means any of the following if offered by an
27		insurer: an accident and health insurance policy or certificate; a
28		nonprofit hospital or medical service corporation contract; a health
29		maintenance organization subscriber contract; or a plan provided by a
30		multiple employer welfare arrangement. 'Health benefit plan' does not
31		mean any plan implemented or administered through the Department of
32		Human Resources or its representatives. 'Health benefit plan' also does
33		not mean any of the following kinds of insurance:
34		a. Accident
35		<u>b.</u> <u>Credit</u>
36		c. Disability income
37		d. Long-term or nursing home care
38		e. Medicare supplement
39		<u>f.</u> <u>Specified disease</u>
40		c.Disability incomed.Long-term or nursing home caree.Medicare supplementf.Specified diseaseg.Dental or visionh.Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurancei.Workers' compensationj.Medical payments under automobile or homeowners
41		h. Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance
42		i. Workers' compensation
43		j. Medical payments under automobile or homeowners

1		Le Hognital income on indomnity
1		<u>k.</u> <u>Hospital income or indemnity</u>
2		<u>1.</u> <u>Insurance under which benefits are payable with or without</u>
3		regard to fault and that is statutorily required to be contained in
4		any liability policy or equivalent self-insurance.
5	<u>(8)</u>	'Health care provider' means any person who is licensed, registered, or
6		certified under Chapter 90 of the General Statutes; a health care facility
7	(2)	as defined in G.S. 131E-176(9b); or a pharmacy.
8	<u>(9)</u>	'Health care services' means services provided for the diagnosis,
9		prevention, treatment, cure, or relief of a health condition, illness,
10		injury, or disease.
11	<u>(10)</u>	'Insurer' means an entity that writes a health benefit plan and that is an
12		insurance company subject to this Chapter, a service corporation under
13		Article 65 of this Chapter, a health maintenance organization under
14		Article 67 of this Chapter, or a multiple employer welfare arrangement
15		under Article 49 of this Chapter.
16	<u>(11)</u>	'Managed care plan' means a health benefit plan in which an insurer
17		either (i) requires a covered person to use or (ii) creates incentives,
18		including financial incentives, for a covered person to use providers that
19		are under contract with or managed, owned, or employed by the insurer.
20	(12)	'Medically necessary services or supplies' means those covered services
21		or supplies that are:
22		a. Provided for the diagnosis, treatment, cure, or relief of a health
23		condition, illness, injury, or disease.
24		b. Not for experimental, investigational, or cosmetic purposes.
25		c. <u>Necessary for and appropriate to the diagnosis, treatment, cure,</u>
26		or relief of a health condition, illness, injury, disease, or its
27		symptoms.
28		d. Within generally accepted standards of medical care in the
29		community.
30		e. Not solely for the convenience of the insured, the insured's
31		family, or the provider.
32		For medically necessary services, nothing in this subdivision
33	nre	ecludes an insurer from comparing the cost-effectiveness of alternative
34		rvices or supplies when determining which of the services or supplies
35		Il be covered.
36	$(13)^{(11)}$	<u>'Noncertification' means a determination by an insurer or its designated</u>
37	<u>(15)</u>	utilization review organization that an admission, availability of care,
38		continued stay, or other health care service has been reviewed and,
39		based upon the information provided, does not meet the insurer's
40		requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting,
40		level of care or effectiveness, and the requested service is therefore
41 42		denied, reduced, or terminated. A 'noncertification' is not a decision
43		rendered solely on the basis that the health benefit plan does not provide

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1	benefits for the health care service in question, if the exclusion of the
2 3 (14)	specific service requested is clearly stated in the certificate of coverage.
	<u>'Participating provider' means a provider who, under a contract with an</u>
4	insurer or with an insurer's contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to
5 6	provide health care services to covered persons in return for direct or indirect payment from the insurer, other than equipsyrence, consuments
8 7	indirect payment from the insurer, other than coinsurance, copayments,
	or deductibles.
$\frac{8}{(15)}$	<u>'Provider' means a health care provider.</u>
9 (16)	<u>'Stabilize' means to provide medical care that is appropriate to prevent a</u>
10	material deterioration of the person's condition, within reasonable
11	medical probability, in accordance with the HCFA (Health Care
12	Financing Administration) interpretative guidelines, policies, and
13	regulations pertaining to responsibilities of hospitals in emergency cases
14	(as provided under the Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act,
15	42 U.S.C.S. § 1395dd), including medically necessary services and
16	supplies to maintain stabilization of the person until the person is
17	transferred.
18 <u>(17)</u>	'Utilization review' means a set of formal techniques designed to
19	monitor the use of or evaluate the clinical necessity, appropriateness,
20	efficacy or efficiency of health care services, procedures, providers, or
21	facilities. These techniques may include:
22	a. <u>Ambulatory review. – Utilization review of services performed</u>
23	or provided in an outpatient setting.
24	b. Case management. – A coordinated set of activities conducted
25	for individual patient management of serious, complicated,
26	protracted, or other health conditions.
27	<u>c.</u> <u>Certification.</u> – A determination by an insurer or its designated
28	URO that an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or
29	other service has been reviewed and, based on the information
30	provided, satisfies the insurer's requirements for medically
31	necessary services and supplies, appropriateness, health care
32	setting, level of care, and effectiveness.
33	<u>d.</u> <u>Concurrent review. – Utilization review conducted during a</u>
34	patient's hospital stay or course of treatment.
35	e. Discharge planning The formal process for determining,
36	before discharge from a provider facility, the coordination and
37	management of the care that a patient receives after discharge
38	from a provider facility.
39	<u>f.</u> <u>Prospective review.</u> – Utilization review conducted before an
40	admission or a course of treatment including any required
41	preauthorization or precertification.
42	g. <u>Retrospective review. – Utilization review of medically</u>
43	necessary services and supplies that is conducted after services

1				have been provided to a national but not the review of a claim that
2				have been provided to a patient, but not the review of a claim that is limited to an evaluation of reimbursement levels, veracity of
3				documentation, accuracy of coding, or adjudication for payment.
4			<u>h.</u>	Second opinion. – An opportunity or requirement to obtain a
5			<u>11.</u>	clinical evaluation by a provider other than the provider
6				originally making a recommendation for a proposed service to
7				assess the clinical necessity and appropriateness of the proposed
8				service.
9		(18)	'Utiliz	zation review organization' or 'URO' means an entity that conducts
10		<u>(10)</u>		ation review under a managed care plan, but does not mean an
11				er performing utilization review for its own health benefit plan.
12	(b)	Insure		rsight. – Every insurer shall monitor all utilization review carried
13	<del>~ / </del>			f the insurer and ensure compliance with this section. An insurer
14	-			priate personnel have operational responsibility for the conduct of
15				review program. If an insurer contracts to have a URO perform its
16				insurer shall monitor the URO to ensure compliance with this
17	section, w	which s	hall inc	<u>elude:</u>
18		<u>(1)</u>	A wi	titten description of the URO's activities and responsibilities,
19			inclue	ling reporting requirements.
20		<u>(2)</u>	Evide	nce of formal approval of the utilization review organization
21			progr	am by the insurer.
22		<u>(3)</u>	<u>A pro</u>	cess by which the insurer evaluates the performance of the URO.
23	<u>(c)</u>	-		Content of Program. – Every insurer shall prepare and maintain a
24			<u> </u>	gram document that describes all delegated and nondelegated
25	<u>review fu</u>			overed services including:
26		<u>(1)</u>		dures to evaluate the clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy,
27		<i></i>		iciency of health services.
28		<u>(2)</u>		sources and clinical review criteria used in decision making.
29		<u>(3)</u>		rocess for conducting appeals of noncertifications.
30		<u>(4)</u>		anisms to ensure consistent application of review criteria and
31		( <b>-</b> )	-	atible decisions.
32		<u>(5)</u>		collection processes and analytical methods used in assessing
33				ation of health care services.
34		<u>(6)</u>		sions for assuring confidentiality of clinical and patient
35				nation in accordance with State and federal law.
36		<u>(7)</u>		rganizational structure (e.g., utilization review committee, quality
37				ance, or other committee) that periodically assesses utilization
38		(0)		w activities and reports to the insurer's governing body.
39 40		<u>(8)</u>		staff position functionally responsible for day-to-day program
40		( <b>0</b> )	-	gement.
41 42		<u>(9)</u>		nethods of collection and assessment of data about underutilization
42			<u>and C</u>	verutilization of health care services and how the assessment is

1		used to evaluate and improve procedures and criteria for utilization
2	(1) D	review.
3	· · · -	ram Operations. – In every utilization review program, an insurer or URO
4		mented clinical review criteria that are based on sound clinical evidence
5		iodically evaluated to assure ongoing efficacy. An insurer may develop its
6		eview criteria or purchase or license clinical review criteria. Qualified
7		ofessionals shall administer the utilization review program and oversee
8		ns under the direction of a medical doctor. A medical doctor shall evaluate
9		propriateness of noncertifications. Compensation to persons involved in
10		ew shall not contain any direct or indirect incentives for them to make any
11	-	w decisions. Compensation to utilization reviewers shall not be directly or
12		d on the number or type of noncertifications they render. In issuing a
13		ew decision, an insurer shall: obtain all information required to make the
14		ding pertinent clinical information; employ a process to ensure that
15		ewers apply clinical review criteria consistently; and issue the decision in a
16		pursuant to this section.
17	· /	rer Responsibilities. – Every insurer shall:
18	<u>(1)</u>	Routinely assess the effectiveness and efficiency of its utilization review
19 20	( <b>2</b> )	program.
20	<u>(2)</u>	Coordinate the utilization review program with its other medical
21		management activity, including quality assurance, credentialing,
22		provider contracting, data reporting, grievance procedures, processes for
23	( <b>2</b> )	assessing satisfaction of covered persons, and risk management.
24	<u>(3)</u>	Provide covered persons and their providers with access to its review
25		staff by a toll-free or collect call telephone number whenever any
26		provider is required to be available to provide services which may
27		require prior certification to any plan enrollee. Every insurer shall
28		establish standards for telephone accessibility and monitor telephone
29 20		service as indicated by average speed of answer and call abandonment
30		rate, on at least a month-by-month basis, to ensure that telephone
31	(A)	service is adequate, and take corrective action when necessary.
32 33	<u>(4)</u>	Limit its requests for information to only that information that is
33 34		necessary to certify the admission, procedure or treatment, length of
34 35	(5)	stay, and frequency and duration of health care services.
33 36	<u>(5)</u>	Have written procedures for making utilization review decisions and for
30 37	(6)	notifying covered persons of those decisions.
37 38	<u>(6)</u>	Have written procedures to address the failure or inability of a provider
		or covered person to provide all necessary information for review. If a
39 40		provider or covered person fails to release necessary information in a timely manner, the insurer may deny certification
	(f) Drag	timely manner, the insurer may deny certification.
41 42		pective and Concurrent Reviews. – As used in this subsection, 'necessary
42 43		cludes the results of any patient examination, clinical evaluation, or second nay be required. Prospective and concurrent determinations shall be
43	opinion that I	hay be required. Prospective and concurrent determinations shall be

communicated to the covered person's provider within three business days after the 1 2 insurer obtains all necessary information about the admission, procedure, or health care 3 service. If an insurer certifies a health care service, the insurer shall notify the covered 4 person's provider. For a noncertification, the insurer shall notify the covered person's 5 provider and send written or electronic confirmation of the noncertification to the 6 covered person. In concurrent reviews, the insurer shall remain liable for health care 7 services until the covered person has been notified of the noncertification. 8 (g) Retrospective Reviews. - As used in this subsection, 'necessary information' 9 includes the results of any patient examination, clinical evaluation, or second opinion that 10 may be required. For retrospective review determinations, an insurer shall make the determination within 30 days after receiving all necessary information. For a 11 12 certification, the insurer may give written notification to the covered person's provider. For a noncertification, the insurer shall give written notification to the covered person and 13 14 the covered person's provider within five business days after making the noncertification. Notice of Noncertification. - A written notification of a noncertification shall 15 (h) include all reasons for the noncertification, including the clinical rationale, the 16 17 instructions for initiating a voluntary appeal or reconsideration of the noncertification, 18 and the instructions for requesting a written statement of the clinical review criteria used to make the noncertification. An insurer shall provide the clinical review criteria used to 19 20 make the noncertification to any person who received the notification of the noncertification and who follows the procedures for a request. 21 Requests for Reconsideration. - An insurer may establish procedures for 22 (i) informal reconsideration of noncertifications. The reconsideration shall be conducted 23 24 between the covered person's provider and a medical doctor designated by the insurer. An insurer shall not require a covered person to participate in an informal reconsideration 25 before the covered person may appeal a noncertification under subsection (i) of this 26 27 section. Appeals of Noncertifications. – Every insurer shall have written procedures for 28 (i) 29 appeals of noncertifications by covered persons or their providers acting on their behalves, including expedited review to address a situation where the time frames for the 30 standard review procedures set forth in this section would reasonably appear to seriously 31 jeopardize the life or health of a covered person or jeopardize the covered person's ability 32 to regain maximum function. Each appeal shall be evaluated by a medical doctor who 33 was not involved in the noncertification. 34 Nonexpedited Appeals. - Within three business days after receiving a request 35 (k) for a standard, nonexpedited appeal, the insurer shall provide the covered person with the 36 name, address, and telephone number of the coordinator and information on how to 37 38 submit written material. For standard, nonexpedited appeals, the insurer shall give written notification of the decision to the covered person and the covered person's provider 39 40 within 30 days after the insurer receives the request for an appeal. The written decision shall contain: 41 42 (1)The professional qualifications and licensure of the person or persons reviewing the appeal. 43

1	( <b>2</b> )	A statement of the reviewers' understanding of the reason for the
2	<u>(2)</u>	
23	(2)	covered person's appeal.
	<u>(3)</u>	The reviewers' decision in clear terms and the medical rationale in
4		sufficient detail for the covered person to respond further to the insurer's
5	(A)	position. A reference to the evidence or decumentation that is the basis for the
6 7	<u>(4)</u>	<u>A reference to the evidence or documentation that is the basis for the</u> decision, including the clinical review criteria used to make the
8		determination, and instructions for requesting the clinical review
8 9		criteria.
10	(5)	<u>A statement advising the covered person of the covered person's right to</u>
10	<u>(5)</u>	request a second-level grievance review and a description of the
11		procedure for submitting a second-level grievance under G.S. 58-50-62.
12	(1) Expe	dited Appeals. – An expedited appeal of a noncertification may be
13	• • •	covered person or his or her provider acting on the covered person's behalf
14		nexpedited appeal would reasonably appear to seriously jeopardize the life
16		covered person or jeopardize the covered person's ability to regain
17		tion. The insurer may require documentation of the medical justification
18		ad appeal. The insurer shall, in consultation with a medical doctor, provide
19	*	w, and the insurer shall communicate its decision in writing to the covered
20	· ·	or her provider as soon as possible, but not later than four days after
20	<u>^</u>	formation justifying expedited review. The written decision shall contain
22	-	specified in subsection (k) of this section. If the expedited review is a
23		ew determination, the insurer shall remain liable for the coverage of health
24		ntil the covered person has been notified of the determination. An insurer
25		to provide an expedited review for retrospective noncertifications.
26	*	osure Requirements. – In the certificate of coverage and member
27		vided to covered persons, an insurer shall include a clear and
28	-	description of its utilization review procedures, including the procedures
29		noncertifications and a statement of the rights and responsibilities of
30		s, including the voluntary nature of the appeal process, with respect to
31	_	es. An insurer shall include a summary of its utilization review procedures
32	in materials in	tended for prospective covered persons. An insurer shall print on its
33		rds a toll-free telephone number to call for utilization review purposes.
34		tenance of Records Every insurer and URO shall maintain records of
35	each review per	rformed and each appeal received or reviewed, as well as documentation
36	sufficient to der	monstrate compliance with this section. The maintenance of these records,
37	including electr	onic reproduction and storage, shall be governed by rules adopted by the
38		that apply to insurers. These records shall be retained by the insurer and
39	URO for a period	od of three years or until the Commissioner has adopted a final report of a
40	general examin	nation that contains a review of these records for that calendar year,
41	whichever is lat	<u>er.</u>
42	(o) Viola	- A violation of this section subjects an insurer to G S 58-2-70 "

42 (o) <u>Violation. – A violation of this section subjects an insurer to G.S. 58-2-70.</u>"

1	Section	n 2. Article 50 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by
2	adding a new sec	· · ·
3	-	surer grievance procedures.
4	(a) Purpos	se and Intent. – The purpose of this section is to provide standards for the
5	establishment an	d maintenance of procedures by insurers to assure that covered persons
6	have the opportu-	nity for appropriate resolutions of their grievances.
7	<u>(b)</u> <u>Availa</u>	bility of Grievance Process Every insurer shall have a grievance
8	process whereby	a covered person may voluntarily request a review of any decision,
9	policy, or action	of the insurer that affects that covered person. The grievance process
10	may provide for	an immediate informal consideration by the insurer of a grievance. If the
11		t have a procedure for informal consideration or if an informal
12	consideration doe	es not resolve the grievance, the grievance process shall provide for first-
13	and second-level	reviews of grievances; except that an appeal of a noncertification that
14	has been review	ed under G.S. 58-50-61 shall be reviewed as a second-level grievance
15	under this section	
16		nce Procedures Every insurer shall have written procedures for
17	_	solving grievances from covered persons. A description of the grievance
18		be set forth in or attached to the certificate of coverage and member
19	·	ded to covered persons. The description shall include a statement
20	-	vered person that the grievance procedures are voluntary and shall also
21		ered person about the availability of the Commissioner's office for
22		ling the telephone number and address of the office.
23		enance of Records Every insurer shall maintain records of each
24	-	ed and the insurer's review of each grievance, as well as documentation
25		onstrate compliance with this section. The maintenance of these records,
26		nic reproduction and storage, shall be governed by rules adopted by the
27		at apply to insurers. The insurer shall retain these records for three years
28		mmissioner has adopted a final report of a general examination that
29 20		y of these records for that calendar year, whichever is later.
30		<u>evel Grievance Review. – A grievance may be submitted by a covered</u>
31	*	ner provider acting on the covered person's behalf.
32 33	<u>(1)</u>	The insurer does not have to allow a covered person to attend the first- level grievance review. A covered person may submit written material.
33 34		Within three business days after receiving a grievance, the insurer shall
34 35		provide the covered person with the name, address, and telephone
35 36		number of the coordinator and information on how to submit written
30 37		material.
38	(2)	An insurer shall issue a written decision to the covered person and, if
38 39	<u>(</u> <u></u>	applicable, to the covered person's provider, within 30 days after
40		receiving a grievance. The person or persons reviewing the grievance
41		shall not be the same person or persons who initially handled the matter
42		that is the subject of the grievance and, if the issue is a clinical one, at
43		least one of whom shall be a medical doctor with appropriate expertise

1		to evaluate the matter. The written decision issued in a first-level
2		grievance review shall contain:
3		<u>a. The professional qualifications and licensure of the person or</u>
4		<u>a.</u> <u>The professional quanteations and needstre of the person of</u> persons reviewing the grievance.
5		b. A statement of the reviewers' understanding of the grievance.
6		<u>c.</u> The reviewers' decision in clear terms and the contractual basis
7		<u>or medical rationale in sufficient detail for the covered person to</u>
8		respond further to the insurer's position.
9		<u>d.</u> A reference to the evidence or documentation used as the basis
10		for the decision.
11		e. A statement advising the covered person of his or her right to
12		request a second-level grievance review and a description of the
12		procedure for submitting a second-level grievance under this
13		section.
15	(f) Secor	nd-Level Grievance Review. – An insurer shall establish a second-level
16		w process for covered persons who are dissatisfied with the first-level
17		v decision or a utilization review appeal decision.
18	<u>(1)</u>	An insurer shall, within 10 business days after receiving a request for a
19	(1)	second-level grievance review, make known to the covered person:
20		a. The name, address, and telephone number of a person designated
21		to coordinate the grievance review for the insurer.
22		b. A statement of a covered person's rights, which include the right
23		to request and receive from an insurer all information relevant to
24		the case; attend the second-level grievance review; present his or
25		her case to the review panel; submit supporting materials before
26		and at the review meeting; ask questions of any member of the
27		review panel; and be assisted or represented by a person of his or
28		her choice, which person may be without limitation to: a
29		provider, family member, employer representative, or attorney. If
30		the covered person chooses to be represented by an attorney, the
31		insurer may also be represented by an attorney.
32	<u>(2)</u>	An insurer shall convene a second-level grievance review panel for each
33		request. The panel shall comprise persons who were not previously
34		involved in any matter giving rise to the second-level grievance, are not
35		employees of the insurer or URO, and do not have a financial interest in
36		the outcome of the review. A person who was previously involved in the
37		matter may appear before the panel to present information or answer
38		questions. All of the persons reviewing a second-level grievance
39		involving a noncertification or a clinical issue shall be providers who
40		have appropriate expertise, including at least one clinical peer.
41		Provided, however, an insurer that uses a clinical peer on an appeal of a
42		noncertification under G.S. 58-50-61 or on a first-level grievance review
43		panel under this section may use one of the insurer's employees on the

1		second-level grievance review panel in the same matter if the second-
2		level grievance review panel comprises three or more persons.
3	<u>(g)</u> <u>Sec</u>	cond-Level Grievance Review Procedures. – An insurer's procedures for
4		second-level grievance review shall include:
5	(1)	-
6		days after receiving a request for a second-level review.
7	<u>(2)</u>	• • •
8		the review meeting date.
9	<u>(3)</u>	•
10		the covered person's appearance at the review meeting.
11	<u>(h)</u> Sec	cond-Level Grievance Review Decisions. – An insurer shall issue a written
12		e covered person and, if applicable, to the covered person's provider, within
13		s days after completing the review meeting. The decision shall include:
14	(1)	
15		review panel.
16	<u>(2)</u>	A statement of the review panel's understanding of the nature of the
17		grievance and all pertinent facts.
18	<u>(3)</u>	The review panel's recommendation to the insurer and the rationale
19		behind that recommendation.
20	<u>(4)</u>	A description of or reference to the evidence or documentation
21		considered by the review panel in making the recommendation.
22	<u>(5)</u>	In the review of a noncertification or other clinical matter, a written
23		statement of the clinical rationale, including the clinical review criteria,
24		that was used by the review panel to make the recommendation.
25	<u>(6)</u>	The rationale for the insurer's decision if it differs from the review
26		panel's recommendation.
27	<u>(7)</u>	A statement that the decision is the insurer's final determination in the
28		matter.
29	<u>(8)</u>	
30		including the telephone number and address of the Commissioner's
31		office.
32	<u>(i)</u> <u>Ex</u>	pedited Second-Level Procedures An expedited second-level review shall
33	be made avai	lable where medically justified as provided in G.S. 58-50-61(1), whether or
34	not the initial	review was expedited. The provisions of subsections (f), (g), and (h) of this
35		to this subsection except for the following timetable: When a covered
36	*	gible for an expedited second-level review, the insurer shall conduct the
37		eding and communicate its decision within four days after receiving all
38	necessary inf	formation. The review meeting may take place by way of a telephone
39	conference ca	ill or through the exchange of written information.
40	•	insurer shall discriminate against any provider based on any action taken by
41	*	inder this section or G.S. 58-50-61 on behalf of a covered person.
42	<u>(k)</u> <u>Vie</u>	blation. – A violation of this section subjects an insurer to G.S. 58-2-70."

1	Section 2 Article 1 of Chanton 00 of the Conomal Statistics is amonded by
1	Section 3. Article 1 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:
2 3	" <u>§ 90-21.22A. Medical review committees.</u>
4	(a) As used in this section, 'medical review committee' means a committee
5	<u>composed of health care providers licensed under this Chapter that is formed for the</u>
6	purpose of evaluating the quality of, cost of, or necessity for health care services,
7	including provider credentialing. 'Medical review committee' does not mean a medical
8	review committee established under G.S. 131E-95.
9	(b) A member of a duly appointed medical review committee who acts without
10	malice or fraud shall not be subject to liability for damages in any civil action on account
11	of any act, statement, or proceeding undertaken, made, or performed within the scope of
12	the functions of the committee.
13	(c) The proceedings of a medical review committee, the records and materials it
14	produces, and the materials it considers shall be confidential and not considered public
15	records within the meaning of G.S. 132-1 or G.S. 58-2-100; and shall not be subject to
16	discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil action against a provider of health
17	care services who directly provides services and is licensed under this Chapter or a
18	hospital licensed under Chapter 122C or Chapter 131E of the General Statutes or that is
19	owned or operated by the State, which civil action results from matters that are the
20	subject of evaluation and review by the committee. No person who was in attendance at
21	a meeting of the committee shall be required to testify in any civil action as to any
22	evidence or other matters produced or presented during the proceedings of the committee
23	or as to any findings, recommendations, evaluations, opinions, or other actions of the
24 25	committee or its members. However, information, documents, or records otherwise
25 26	available are not immune from discovery or use in a civil action merely because they were presented during proceedings of the committee. A member of the committee may
20 27	testify in a civil action but cannot be asked about his or her testimony before the
28	committee or any opinions formed as a result of the committee hearings.
20 29	(d) This section applies to a medical review committee, including a medical
30	review committee appointed by one of the entities licensed under Articles 1 through 67 of
31	Chapter 58 of the General Statutes.
32	(e) <u>Subsection (c) of this section does not apply to proceedings initiated under</u>
33	<u>G.S. 58-50-61 or G.S. 58-50-62.</u> "
34	Section 4. G.S. 58-50-65(a) reads as rewritten:
35	"(a) Nothing in Articles 50 through 55 of this Chapter applies to or affects any
36	policy of liability or workers' compensation insurance, except that the provisions of G.S.
37	58-50-50 and subsections (b) and (c) of G.S. 58-50-55 through G.S. 58-50-61 and rules
38	adopted under those sections, except where otherwise addressed under the laws and rules
39	of the Industrial Commission, shall apply to policies of workers' compensation
40	insurance."
41	Section 5. G.S. 58-50-60 is repealed.
42	Section 6. This act becomes effective January 1, 1998. Insurers other than
43	health maintenance organizations that are subject to this act have until July 1 1998 to

43 health maintenance organizations that are subject to this act have until July 1, 1998, to

- 1 implement the procedures for grievances that are contained in Section 2 of this act;
- 2 provided, however, that insurers other than health maintenance organizations shall
- 3 comply with the second-level grievance review procedures in Section 2 of this act for
- 4 appeals of noncertifications effective January 1, 1998.