GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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HOUSE BILL 275

Committee Substitute Favorable 4/1/99 Senate Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 5/26/99

Short Title: Zero ESC Tax/Training Contribution.	(Public)
Sponsors:	_
Referred to:	_
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March 4, 1999

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT A ZERO UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TAX RATE 3 FOR MORE EMPLOYERS WITH POSITIVE EXPERIENCE RATINGS, AND TO TEMPORARILY REDUCE THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE TAX BY 4 TWENTY PERCENT FOR MOST EMPLOYERS AND SUBSTITUTE AN 5 EQUIVALENT CONTRIBUTION TO FUND ENHANCED EMPLOYMENT 6 SERVICES AND WORKER TRAINING PROGRAMS. 7 8 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 9 Section 1. G.S. 96-9(b)(3)d3. reads as rewritten: The standard contribution rate set by subdivision (b)(1) of this 10 section applies to an employer unless the employer's account has 11 12

"d3. The standard contribution rate set by subdivision (b)(1) of this section applies to an employer unless the employer's account has a credit balance. Beginning January 1, 1995, 1999, the contribution rate of an employer whose account has a credit balance is determined in accordance with the rate set in the following Experience Rating Formula table for the applicable rate schedule. The contribution rate of an employer whose contribution rate is determined by this Experience Rating Formula table shall be reduced by fifty percent (50%) for any

year in which the balance in the Unemployment Insurance Fund equals or exceeds eight hundred million dollars (\$800,000,000) on the computation date and the fund ratio determined on that date is less than five percent (5%) and shall be reduced by sixty percent (60%) for any year in which the balance in the Unemployment Insurance Fund equals or exceeds eight hundred million dollars (\$800,000,000) on the computation date, and the fund ratio determined on that date is five percent (5%) or more.

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EXPERIENCE RATING FORMULA

12 When The Credit Ratio Is: 13 As But 14 Much Less 15 Than Rate Schedules (%) As 16 Α В D Ε F G 2.70% 2.70% 2.70% 2.70% 2.50% 2.30% 2.10% 17 0.0% 0.2% 18 1.90% 1.70% 2.70% 2.70% 2.70% 2.50% 2.30% 2.10% 19 0.2% 0.4% 1.90% 1.70% 1.50% 20 0.4% 0.6% 2.70% 2.70% 2.50% 2.30% 2.10% 1.90% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 21 0.6% 0.8% 2.70% 2.50% 2.30% 2.10% 1.90% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 22 0.8% 1.0% 2.50% 2.30% 2.10% 1.90% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 0.90% 23 1.0% 1.2% 2.30% 2.10% 1.90% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 0.90% 0.80% 24 1.2% 1.4% 2.10% 1.90% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 0.90% 0.80% 0.70% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 0.90% 25 1.4% 1.6% 1.90% 0.80% 0.70% 0.60% 1.6% 1.8% 1.70% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 0.90% 0.80% 0.70% 0.60% 0.50% 26 1.8% 2.0% 1.50% 1.30% 1.10% 0.90% 0.80% 0.70% 0.60% 0.50% 0.40% 27 1.10% 0.90% 0.80% 0.70% 0.60% 2.0% 2.2% 1.30% 28 0.50% 0.40% 0.30% 29 2.2% 2.4% 1.10% 0.90% 0.80% 0.70% 0.60% 0.50% 0.40% 0.30% 0.20% 0.80% 0.70% 0.60% 0.50% 0.40% 30 2.4% 2.6% 0.90% 0.30% 0.20% 0.15% 2.6% 2.8% 0.70% 0.60% 0.50% 0.40% 31 0.80% 0.30% 0.20% 0.15% 0.10% 2.8% 3.0% 0.70% 0.60% 0.50% 0.40% 0.30% 0.20% 0.15% 0.10% 0.09% 32 33 3.0% 3.2% 0.60% 0.50% 0.40% 0.30% 0.20% 0.15% 0.10% 0.09% 0.08% 3.2% 3.4% 0.15% 34 0.50% 0.40% 0.30% 0.20% 0.10% 0.09% 0.08% 0.07% 35 3.4% 3.6% 0.40% 0.30% 0.20% 0.15% 0.10% 0.09% 0.08% 0.07% 0.06% 0.09% 3.6% 3.8% 0.30% 0.20% 0.15% 0.10% 0.08%0.07% 0.06% 0.05% 36 3.8% 4.0% 0.20% 0.08%37 0.15% 0.10% 0.09% 0.07% 0.06% 0.05% 0.04% 38 4.0% 4.2% 0.15% 0.10% 0.09% 0.08% 0.07% 0.06% 0.05% 0.04% 0.03% 0.02% 4.2% 4.4% 0.10% 0.09% 0.08% 0.07% 0.06% 0.05% 39 0.04% 0.03% 0.09% 4.4% 4.6% 0.08% 0.07% 0.06% 0.05%0.04%0.03% 0.02% 0.01% 40

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Section 2. Article 2 of Chapter 96 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 96-6.1. Training and reemployment contribution.

(a) Contribution. – A mandatory training and reemployment contribution is levied upon employers at the rate of twenty percent (20%) of the amount of unemployment insurance contributions due under G.S. 96-9. The purpose of the training and reemployment contribution is to provide funds for Department of Community College training programs, Employment Security Commission reemployment services, administration and collection of the new contribution, and other needs of the State. The training and reemployment contribution is due and payable at the time and in the same manner as the unemployment insurance contributions under G.S. 96-9. The training and reemployment contribution does not apply in a calendar year if, as of August 1 of the preceding year, the amount in the Unemployment Insurance Fund equals or is less than eight hundred million dollars (\$800,000,000). The collection of the training and reemployment contribution, the assessment of interest and penalties on unpaid contributions under this section, the filing of judgment liens, and the enforcement of the liens for unpaid contributions under this section are governed by the provisions of G.S. 96-10 where applicable.

Training and reemployment contributions collected under this section shall be credited to the Employment Security Commission Training and Employment Account created in this section, and refunds of these contributions shall be paid from the same account. Any interest or penalties collected on unpaid contributions under this section shall be credited to the Special Employment Security Administration Fund, and any interest or penalties refunded on contributions imposed by this section shall be paid from the same Fund.

special account separate and apart from all other public moneys or funds of this State, to be known as the Employment Security Commission Training and Employment Account. The State Treasurer is ex officio the treasurer and custodian of the Account and shall invest its funds in accordance with law. Any interest or other income derived from the Account shall be credited to the Account. Funds in the Account may be spent only pursuant to appropriation by the General Assembly and in accordance with the line item budget enacted by the General Assembly. The Account is subject to the provisions of the Executive Budget Act, except that no unexpended surplus of the Account shall revert to the General Fund. Funds appropriated from the Account that are unexpended and unencumbered at the end of the fiscal year for which they were appropriated shall revert to the credit of the Account in the State treasury in accordance with G.S. 143-18.

It is the intent of the General Assembly that eighty percent (80%) of the funds in the Account shall be appropriated annually to the Department of Community Colleges to be

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used for nonrecurring expenditures to provide worker training through improved continuing education, acquisition of modern training equipment, operation of specialized training centers, enhancement of small business center training, expansion of training for new and expanding industries, incentive grants for incumbent worker training, programs funded by the Worker Training Trust Fund, and other programs of the Department of Community Colleges. It is the intent of the General Assembly that twenty percent (20%) of the funds in the Account shall be appropriated annually to the Employment Security Commission for administration and collection of the training and reemployment contribution and for nonrecurring expenditures for reemployment services."

Section 3. G.S. 96-9(c)(4)b. reads as rewritten:

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if the successor employer was an employer subject to this Chapter prior to the date of acquisition of the business, his the successor's rate of contribution for the period from such that date to the end of the then current contribution year shall be the same as his-the successor's rate in effect on the date of such the acquisition. If the successor was not an employer prior to the date of the acquisition of the business he business, the successor shall be assigned a standard rate of contribution set forth in G.S. 96-9(b)(1) for the remainder of the year in which he the successor acquired the business of the predecessor; however, if such—the successor makes application for the transfer of the account within 60 days after notification by the Commission of his the right to do so and the account is transferred, or meets the requirements for mandatory transfer, he the successor shall be assigned for the remainder of such the vear the rate applicable to the predecessor employer or employers on the date of acquisition of the business, provided if there was only one predecessor or if more than one and the predecessors had identical rates. In the event the rates of the predecessor were not identical, the rate of the successor shall be the highest rate applicable to any of the predecessor employers on the date of acquisition of the business.

Irrespective of any other provisions of this Chapter, when an account is transferred in its entirety by an employer to a successor, the transferring employer shall thereafter pay the standard rate of contributions of two and seven tenths percent (2.7%) and shall continue to pay at such rate until he qualifies for a reduction, reacquires the account he transferred or acquires the experience rating account of another employer, or is subject to an increase in rate under the conditions prescribed in G.S. 96-9(b)(2) and (3). However, when an account is transferred in its entirety by an employer to a successor on or after January 1, 1987, the transferring employer shall thereafter pay the standard

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beginning rate of contributions of two and twenty-five 1 2 hundredths percent (2.25%) provided in G.S. 96-9(b)(1) and shall 3 continue to pay at such that rate until he the employer qualifies 4 for a reduction, reacquires the account he transferred or 5 transferred, acquires the experience rating account of another 6 employer, or is subject to an increase in rate under the conditions 7 prescribed in G.S. 96-9(b)(2) and (3)." 8 Section 4. G.S. 96-9(b)(1) reads as rewritten: 9 "(b) Rate of Contributions. – 10 **(1)** Beginning Rate. – The standard beginning rate of contributions for an employer is a percentage of wages paid by the employer during a 11 12 calendar year for employment occurring during that year. The rate is determined in accordance with the following table: 13

 Percentage
 Date After Which Employment Occurs

 2.25%
 December 31, 1986

 1.8
 December 31, 1993

 1.2
 December 31, 1995

 1.0
 December 31, 1999"

Section 5. G.S. 96-9(b)(3) is amended by adding a new sub-subdivision to

read:

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"d5. The standard contribution rate set by subdivision (b)(1) of this section applies to an employer unless the employer's account has a credit balance. Beginning January 1, 1999, the contribution rate of an employer whose account has a credit balance is determined in accordance with the rate set in the following Experience Rating Formula table for the applicable rate schedule. The contribution rate of an employer whose contribution rate is determined by this Experience Rating Formula table shall be reduced by fifty percent (50%) for any year in which the balance in the Unemployment Insurance Fund equals or exceeds eight hundred million dollars (\$800,000,000) on the computation date and the fund ratio determined on that date is less than five percent (5%) and shall be reduced by sixty percent (60%) for any year in which the balance in the Unemployment Insurance Fund equals or exceeds eight hundred million dollars (\$800,000,000) on the computation date, and the fund ratio determined on that date is five percent (5%) or more.

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EXPERIENCE RATING FORMULA

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- 42 When The Credit Ratio Is:
- 43 <u>As</u> <u>But</u>

1	Much Less							
2	As Than			Rate Sc	hedules	(%)		
3		<u>A</u>	<u>B</u> <u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>E</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>G</u> <u>H</u>	
4		<u>I0.0%</u>	$\frac{0.2\%}{0.2\%} - \frac{2.169}{0.2\%}$	<u>%_2.169</u>	<u>2.16</u> °	<u>%_2.16%</u>	<u>6 2.00%</u> <u>1.849</u>	<u>%</u>
5		1.68%	<u>6 1.52% 1.369</u>	<u>%</u>				
6	<u>0.2%</u> <u>0.4%</u>	2.16%	<u>2.16%</u> <u>2.16%</u>	<u>2.00%</u>	1.84%	<u>1.68%</u>	<u>1.52%</u> <u>1.36%</u>	1.20%
7	<u>0.4%</u> <u>0.6%</u>	2.16%	<u>2.16%</u> <u>2.00%</u>	<u>1.84%</u>	1.68%	<u>1.52%</u>	<u>1.36%</u> <u>1.20%</u>	1.04%
8	<u>0.6%</u> <u>0.8%</u>	2.16%	<u>2.00%</u> <u>1.84%</u>	1.68%	1.52%	<u>1.36%</u>	<u>1.20%</u> <u>1.04%</u>	0.88%
9	<u>0.8%</u> <u>1.0%</u>	2.00%	<u>1.84%</u> <u>1.68%</u>	1.52%	1.36%	<u>1.20%</u>	1.04% 0.88%	0.72%
10	<u>1.0%</u> <u>1.2%</u>	<u>1.84%</u>	<u>1.68%</u> <u>1.52%</u>	1.36%	1.20%	<u>1.04%</u>	<u>0.88%</u> <u>0.72%</u>	0.64%
11	<u>1.2%</u> <u>1.4%</u>	<u>1.68%</u>	<u>1.52%</u> <u>1.36%</u>	<u>1.20%</u>	1.04%	0.88%	<u>0.72%</u> <u>0.64%</u>	0.56%
12	<u>1.4%</u> <u>1.6%</u>	<u>1.52%</u>	<u>1.36%</u> <u>1.20%</u>	1.04%	0.88%	<u>0.72%</u>	<u>0.64%</u> <u>0.56%</u>	0.48%
13	<u>1.6%</u> <u>1.8%</u>	<u>1.36%</u>	<u>1.20%</u> <u>1.04%</u>	0.88%	0.72%	0.64%	<u>0.56%</u> <u>0.48%</u>	0.40%
14	<u>1.8%</u> <u>2.0%</u>	<u>1.20%</u>	1.04% <u>0.88%</u>	0.72%	0.64%	0.56%	0.48% 0.40%	0.32%
15	<u>2.0%</u> <u>2.2%</u>	1.04%	<u>0.88%</u> <u>0.72%</u>	0.64%	0.56%	0.48%	0.40% 0.32%	0.24%
16	<u>2.2%</u> <u>2.4%</u>	0.88%	<u>0.72%</u> <u>0.64%</u>	0.56%	0.48%	0.40%	0.32% 0.24%	0.16%
17	<u>2.4%</u> <u>2.6%</u>	<u>0.72%</u>	<u>0.64%</u> <u>0.56%</u>	0.48%	0.40%	<u>0.32%</u>	<u>0.24%</u> <u>0.16%</u>	0.12%
18	<u>2.6%</u> <u>2.8%</u>	0.64%	<u>0.56%</u> <u>0.48%</u>	0.40%	0.32%	<u>0.24%</u>	<u>0.16%</u> <u>0.12%</u>	0.08%
19	<u>2.8%</u> <u>3.0%</u>	0.56%	<u>0.48%</u> <u>0.40%</u>	0.32%	0.24%	<u>0.16%</u>	<u>0.12%</u> <u>0.08%</u>	0.07%
20	<u>3.0%</u> <u>3.2%</u>	0.48%	<u>0.40%</u> <u>0.32%</u>	0.24%	0.16%	0.12%	<u>0.08%</u> <u>0.07%</u>	0.06%
21	<u>3.2%</u> <u>3.4%</u>	0.40%	0.32% 0.24%	0.16%	0.12%	0.08%	<u>0.07%</u> <u>0.06%</u>	0.06%
22	3.4% 3.6%	0.32%	0.24% 0.16%	0.12%	0.08%	0.07%	0.06% 0.06%	0.05%
23	3.6% 3.8%	0.24%	0.15% 0.12%	0.08%	0.07%	0.06%	0.06% 0.05%	0.04%
24	<u>3.8%</u> <u>4.0%</u>	0.16%	0.12% 0.08%	0.07%	0.06%	0.06%	0.05% 0.04%	0.03%
25	<u>4.0%&</u>							
26	<u>OVER</u>	0.00%	<u>0.00%</u> <u>0.00%</u>	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	<u>0.00%</u> <u>0.00%</u>	0.00%
27		"		_	_	_		_
28	Sec	tion 6. G.	S. 96-9(b)(3)e.	reads as	rewritte	n:		
29		"e.					any computat	ion date

"e. Each employer whose account as of any computation date occurring after August 1, 1964, shows a debit balance shall be assigned the rate of contributions appearing on the line opposite his debit ratio as set forth in the following Rate Schedule for Overdrawn Accounts:

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RATE SCHEDULE FOR OVERDRAWN ACCOUNTS BEGINNING WITH THE CALENDAR YEAR 1978

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When the Debit Ratio Is:

39	As Much As	But Less Than	Assigned Rate
40	0.0%	0.3%	2.9% <u>2.3%</u>
41	0.3	0.6	3.1 <u>2.5</u>
42	0.6	0.9	3.3 – <u>2.6</u>
43	0.9	1.2	3.5 <u>2.8</u>

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1	1.2	1.5	3.7 <u>3.0</u>
2	1.5	1.8	3.9 <u>3.1</u>
3	1.8	2.1	4.1— <u>3.3</u>
4	2.1	2.4	4.3 <u>3.4</u>
5	2.4	2.7	4.5 <u>3.6</u>
6	2.7	3.0	4.7 <u>3.8</u>
7	3.0	3.3	4 <u>.9</u> <u>3.9</u>
8	3.3	3.6	5.1 4 .1
9	3.6	3.9	5.3 <u>4.2</u>
10	3.9	4.2	5.5 - <u>4.4</u>
11	4.2 -and over-	<u>4.5</u>	5.7 - <u>4.6</u>
12	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.8</u>	<u>4.8</u>
13	<u>4.8</u>	<u>5.1</u>	<u>5.0</u>
14	<u>5.1</u>	4.5 4.8 5.1 5.4	<u>5.2</u>
15	5.4 and over		4.8 5.0 5.2 5.4
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The Rate Schedule for Overdrawn Accounts Beginning with the Calendar Year 1966 in force in any particular calendar year shall apply to all accounts for that calendar year subsequent replacement enactments notwithstanding."

Section 7. Section 1 of this act is effective with respect to calendar quarters beginning on or after April 1, 1999. The remainder of this act is effective with respect to calendar quarters beginning on or after January 1, 2000, and is repealed effective with respect to calendar quarters beginning on or after January 1, 2002.