#### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

#### **SESSION 1999**

S 1 SENATE BILL 614 Short Title: Immunization Law Changes. (Public) Sponsors: Senators Purcell; Albertson, Clodfelter, Forrester, Gulley, Lucas, Miller, and Phillips. Referred to: Health Care. March 29, 1999 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MAKE CHANGES TO THE IMMUNIZATION LAWS PERTAINING TO ADMINISTRATION AND REPORTING OF IMMUNIZATIONS, CERTIFICATES OF IMMUNIZATIONS RECEIVED IN OTHER STATES, SUBMISSION OF IMMUNIZATION CERTIFICATES TO CHILD CARE FACILITIES AND PRESCHOOL AUTHORITIES. AND TO MAKE OTHER TECHNICAL CHANGES TO THE IMMUNIZATION STATUTES. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 130A-41(b) reads as rewritten: A local health director shall have the following powers and duties: "(b) To administer programs as directed by the local board of health; (1) To enforce the rules of the local board of health; (2) To investigate the causes of infectious, communicable and other (3) diseases: (4) To exercise quarantine authority and isolation authority pursuant to G.S. 130A-145; To disseminate public health information and to promote the benefits of (5) good health; To advise local officials concerning public health matters;

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- 1 (7) To enforce the immunization requirements of Part 2 of Article 7–6 of this Chapter;
  - (8) To examine and investigate cases of venereal disease pursuant to Parts 3 and 4 of Article 6 of this Chapter;
  - (9) To examine and investigate cases of tuberculosis pursuant to Part 5 of Article 6 of this Chapter;
  - (10) To examine, investigate and control rabies pursuant to Part 6 of Article 6 of this Chapter;
  - (11) To abate public health nuisances and imminent hazards pursuant to G.S. 130A-19 and G.S. 130A-20;
  - (12) To employ and dismiss employees of the local health department in accordance with Chapter 126 of the General Statutes;
  - (13) To enter contracts, in accordance with The Local Government Finance Act, G.S. Chapter 159, on behalf of the local health department. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to abrogate the authority of the board of county commissioners."

Section 2. G.S. 130A-153 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 130A-153. Obtaining immunization; reporting by local health departments; access to immunization information in patient records; immunization of minors.

- (a) The required immunization may be obtained from a physician licensed to practice medicine or from a local health department. Local health departments shall administer the required and State-supplied immunizations at no cost to the patient. The Department shall provide the vaccines for use by the local health departments. A local health department may redistribute these vaccines only in accordance with the rules of the Commission.
- (b) Local health departments shall file monthly immunization reports with the Department. The report shall be filed on forms prepared by the Department and shall state state, at a minimum, each patient's age and the number of doses of each type of vaccine administered.
- (c) Immunization certificates and information concerning immunizations contained in medical or other records shall, upon request, be shared with the Department, local health departments, and the patient's attending physician. In addition, an insurance institution, agent, or insurance support organization, as those terms are defined in G.S. 58-39-15, may share immunization information with the Department. The Commission may, for the purpose of assisting the Department in enforcing this Part, provide by rule that other persons may have access to immunization information, in whole or in part.
- (d) A physician or local health department may immunize a minor with the consent of a parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis to the minor. A physician or local health department may also immunize a minor who is presented for immunization by an adult who signs a statement that he or she is authorized by a parent, guardian, or person standing in loco parentis to the minor to obtain the immunization for the minor."

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Section 3. G.S. 130A-154 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 130A-154. Certificate of immunization.

- (a) A physician or local health department administering a required vaccine shall give a certificate of immunization to the person who presented the child for immunization. The certificate shall state the name of the child, the name of the child's parent, guardian, or person responsible for the child obtaining the required immunization, the address of the child and the parent, guardian or responsible person, the date of birth of the child, the sex of the child, the number of doses of the vaccine given, the date the doses were given, the name and address of the physician or local health department administering the required immunization and other relevant information required by the Commission.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a person who received immunizations in a state other than North Carolina shall present an official certificate or record of immunization to the child care facility, school (K-12), or college or university. This certificate or record shall state the person's name, address, date of birth, and sex; the type and number of doses of administered vaccine; the dates of the first MMR and the last DTP and polio; the name and address of the physician or local health department administering the required immunization; and other relevant information required by the Commission."

Section 4. G.S. 130A-155 reads as rewritten:

# "§ 130A-155. Submission of certificate to child care facility facility, preschool and school authorities; record maintenance; reporting.

- No child shall attend a school (K-12), whether public, private or religious, a preschool educational program not operated by a public school, or a child care facility as defined in G.S. 110-86(3), unless a certificate of immunization indicating that the child has received the immunizations required by G.S. 130A-152 is presented to the school or facility. The parent, guardian, or responsible person must present a certificate of immunization on the child's first day of attendance to the principal of the school or operator of the facility, as defined in G.S. 110-86(7). If a certificate of immunization is not presented on the first day, the principal or operator shall present a notice of deficiency to the parent, guardian or responsible person. The parent, guardian or responsible person shall have 30 calendar days from the first day of attendance to obtain the required immunization for the child. If the administration of vaccine in a series of doses given at medically approved intervals requires a period in excess of 30 calendar days, additional days upon certification by a physician may be allowed to obtain the required immunization. Upon termination of 30 calendar days or the extended period, the principal or operator shall not permit the child to attend the school or facility unless the required immunization has been obtained.
- (b) The sehool school, preschool, or child care facility shall maintain on file immunization records for all children attending the school or facility which contain the information required for a certificate of immunization as specified in G.S. 130A-154. These certificates shall be open to inspection by the Department and the local health department during normal business hours. When a child transfers to another school or

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facility, the school or facility which the child previously attended shall, upon request, send a copy of the child's immunization record at no charge to the school or facility to which the child has transferred.

- (c) Within 60 calendar days after the commencement of a new school year, the school shall file an immunization report with the Department. The <u>preschool or child</u> care facility shall file an immunization report annually with the Department. The report shall be filed on forms prepared by the Department and shall state the number of children attending the school or facility, the number of children who had not obtained the required immunization within 30 days of their first attendance, the number of children who received a medical exemption and the number of children who received a religious exemption.
- (d) Any adult who attends school (K-12), whether public, private or religious, shall obtain the immunizations required in G.S. 130A-152 and shall present to the school a certificate in accordance with this section. The physician or local health department administering a required vaccine to the adult shall give a certificate of immunization to the person. The certificate shall state the person's name, address, date of birth and sex; the number of doses of the vaccine given; the date the doses were given; the name and addresses of the physician or local health department administering the required immunization; and other relevant information required by the Commission."

Section 5. G.S. 130A-155.1(d) is repealed.

Section 6. G.S. 130A-156 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 130A-156. Medical exemption.

The Commission for Health Services shall adopt by rule a list of medical contraindications to immunizations required by G.S. 130A-152. If a physician licensed to practice medicine in this State certifies that a required immunization is or may be detrimental to a person's health due to the presence of one of the contraindications listed adopted by the Commission, the person is not required to receive the specified immunization as long as the contraindication persists. The State Health Director may, upon request by a physician licensed to practice medicine in this State, grant a medical exemption to a required immunization for a contraindication not on the list adopted by the Commission."

Section 7. This act is effective when it becomes law.