GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 912

Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/29/99 Third Edition Engrossed 6/30/99 Fourth Edition Engrossed 7/1/99 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/9/99

Short Title: Bonds for Higher Education.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

April 14, 1999

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT (1) TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF ONE BILLION TWO HUNDRED
3	MILLION DOLLARS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OF THE STATE,
4	SUBJECT TO A VOTE OF THE QUALIFIED VOTERS OF THE STATE, TO
5	PROVIDE FUNDS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE UNIVERSITY
6	OF NORTH CAROLINA AND GRANTS TO COMMUNITY COLLEGES FOR
7	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS, (2) TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF
8	GOVERNORS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA TO ISSUE
9	SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO THE FACILITIES
10	OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA AND FOR THE UNIVERSITY
11	OF NORTH CAROLINA HOSPITALS AT CHAPEL HILL AND OTHER
12	FACILITIES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH CARE
13	SYSTEM, AND (3) TO RESTRICT THE NAMING OF STATE CONSTRUCTION
14	PROJECTS FOR SITTING MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND
15	THE COUNCIL OF STATE.
16	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

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This act shall be known as the Michael K. Hooker Higher Section 1. Education Facilities Financing Act.

Section 1.1. The General Assembly finds that although The University of North Carolina is one of the State's most valuable assets, the current facilities of the University have been allowed to deteriorate due to decades of neglect and have unfortunately fallen into a state of disrepair because of inadequate attention to maintenance. It is the intent of the General Assembly to reverse this trend and to provide a mechanism to assure that the University's capital assets are adequately maintained. The General Assembly commits to responsible stewardship of these assets to protect their value over the years, as follows:

- The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall (1) require each constituent and affiliated institution to monitor the condition of its facilities and their needs or repair and renovation, and to assure that all necessary maintenance is carried out within funds available.
- (2) The Board of Governors shall report annually to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on the condition of the University's capital facilities, the repair, renovation, and maintenance projects being undertaken, and all needs for additional funding to maintain the facilities.
- (3) It is the intent of the General Assembly to assure that adequate oversight, funding, and accountability are continually provided so that the capital facilities of the University are properly maintained to preserve the level of excellence the citizens of this State deserve. To this end, the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee shall report to the General Assembly annually its recommendations for legislative changes to implement this policy.

Section 1.2. The General Statutes are amended by adding a new Chapter to

"CHAPTER 116D. "HIGHER EDUCATION BONDS. "ARTICLE 1. "GENERAL PROVISIONS.

"§ 116D-1. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Chapter:

- Board of Governors. The Board of Governors of the University. (1)
- Capital facility. Any one or more of the following for the University (2) or for a community college:
 - One or more buildings, utilities, structures, or other facilities or property developments, including streets and landscaping, and the acquisition of equipment and furnishings in connection therewith.

1		b. Additions, extensions, enlargements, renovations, and
2		improvements to existing buildings, utilities, structures, or other
3		facilities or property developments, including streets and
4		<u>landscaping.</u>
5		<u>c.</u> <u>Land or an interest in land.</u>
6		<u>d.</u> <u>Other infrastructure.</u>
7		The term includes, without limitation, classroom buildings, laboratory
8		buildings, research facilities, libraries, physical education facilities,
9		continuing education centers, student cafeterias, and activity facilities,
10		including sports facilities, student and faculty housing facilities, and
11		administrative office facilities.
12	<u>(3)</u>	Cost. – Any of the following in financing the cost of capital facilities
13		and special obligation bond projects, as authorized by this Chapter:
14		a. The cost of constructing, reconstructing, renovating, repairing,
15		enlarging, acquiring, and improving capital facilities and special
16		obligation bond projects, including the acquisition of land, rights-
17		of-way, easements, franchises, equipment, furnishings, and other
18		interests in real or personal property acquired or used in
19		connection with a capital facility or special obligation bond
20		project.
21		b. The cost of engineering, architectural, and other consulting
22		services as may be required.
23		c. The cost of providing personnel to ensure effective project
24		management.
25		d. Finance charges, reserves for debt service, and interest prior to
26		and during construction.
27		e. Administrative expenses and charges incurred by the State in
28		connection with the administration of a bond program created
29		under this Chapter.
30		f. The cost of bond insurance, investment contracts, credit
31		enhancement, and liquidity facilities, interest-rate swap
32		agreements or other derivative products, financial and legal
33		consultants, and related costs of bond and note issuance.
34		g. The cost of reimbursing the State for any payments made for any
35		cost described in this subdivision.
36		h. Any other costs and expenses necessary or incidental to the
37		purposes of this Chapter.
38	<u>(4)</u>	Credit facility. – An agreement entered into by the State Treasurer on
39	\	behalf of the State with a bank, savings and loan association or other
40		banking institution, an insurance company, reinsurance company, surety
41		company or other insurance institution, a corporation, investment
42		banking firm or other investment institution, or any financial institution
43		or other similar provider of a credit facility, which provider may be
		

1		located within or without the United States, and providing for prompt
2		payment of all or any part of the principal or purchase price (whether at
3		maturity, presentment or tender for purchase, redemption or
4		acceleration), redemption premium, if any, and interest on any bonds or
5		notes payable on demand or tender by the owner, in consideration of the
6		State's agreeing to repay the provider of the credit facility in accordance
7		with the terms and provisions of the agreement.
8	<u>(5)</u>	Fiscal period. – A fiscal biennium or a fiscal year of the fiscal biennium.
9	<u>(6)</u>	Fiscal year. – The fiscal year of the State beginning on July 1 of one
10		calendar year and ending on June 30 of the next calendar year.
11	<u>(7)</u>	Par formula. – A provision or formula adopted by the State to provide
12		for the adjustment, from time to time, of the interest rate or rates borne
13		or provided for by any bonds or notes, including:
14		a. A provision providing for an adjustment so that the purchase
15		price of bonds or notes in the open market would be as close to
16		par as possible.
17		<u>b.</u> <u>A provision providing for an adjustment based upon a percentage</u>
18		or percentages of a prime rate or base rate, which percentages
19		may vary or be applied for different periods of time.
20		<u>c.</u> <u>A provision that the State Treasurer determines is consistent with</u>
21		this Chapter and will not materially and adversely affect the
22		financial position of the State and the marketing of bonds or
23		notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State.
24	<u>(8)</u>	<u>Securities issued under this Chapter. – Any of the following:</u>
25		a. <u>University improvement general obligation bonds, refunding</u>
26		bonds, notes, and refunding notes issued under Article 2 of this
27		<u>Chapter.</u>
28		<u>b.</u> <u>Special obligation bonds, bond anticipation notes, and refunding</u>
29		bonds issued under Article 3 of this Chapter.
30		<u>c.</u> Community college general obligation bonds, refunding bonds,
31		notes, and refunding notes issued under Article 4 of this Chapter.
32	<u>(9)</u>	State. – The State of North Carolina.
33	<u>(10)</u>	State Treasurer. – The incumbent Treasurer, from time to time, of the
34		State.
35	<u>(11)</u>	<u>University</u> . – The University of North Carolina and its constituent and
36		affiliated institutions, including, without limitation, the University of
37		North Carolina Center for Public Television, the University of North
38		Carolina Health Care System, the North Carolina School of Science and
39		Mathematics, and the North Carolina Arboretum.
40	"§ 116D-2. Ger	neral provisions.

§ 116D-2. General provisions.

(a) Signatures. – Should any officer whose signature or facsimile signature appears on securities issued under this Chapter cease to be that officer before the delivery of the securities, the signature or facsimile signature shall nevertheless have the same

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- validity for all purposes as if the officer had remained in office until delivery of the securities. Securities issued under this Chapter may bear the facsimile signatures of persons, who at the actual time of the execution of the securities were the proper officers to sign any security although at the date of the security those persons may not have been officers.
- (b) Tax Exemption. Securities issued under this Chapter shall at all times be free from taxation by the State or any political subdivision or any of their agencies, excepting estate, inheritance, or gift taxes, income taxes on the gain from the transfer of the securities, and franchise taxes. The interest on the securities is not subject to taxation as income.
- (c) Investment Eligibility. Securities issued under this Chapter are securities in which all of the following may invest, including capital in their control or belonging to them: public officers, agencies, and public bodies of the State and its political subdivisions, insurance companies, trust companies, investment companies, banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, pension or retirement funds, other financial institutions engaged in business in the State, executors, administrators, trustees, and other fiduciaries. Securities issued under this Chapter are securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any officer or agency of the State or a political subdivision of the State for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or notes of the State or any political subdivision is now or may later be authorized by law.
- (d) <u>Inconsistent Laws. All general, special, or local laws that are inconsistent with this Chapter do not apply to this Chapter.</u>

"§ 116D-3. Reports.

- (a) <u>Board of Governors.</u> The Board of Governors shall report to the <u>Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations by September 15 of each year, and more frequently as the Commission requests, on the following:</u>
 - (1) University Improvement General Obligation Bonds. The Board of Governors shall report on projects funded by university improvement general obligation bonds under Article 2 of this Chapter, including the total project costs, the amount to be funded from the bonds, the expenditures to date from the bonds and other sources, and the percentage of each project completed. Each annual report shall include estimated operating costs for each project begun in the preceding fiscal year, including proposed sources of funds and anticipated dates for occupancy. Operating costs shall be projected for a period of at least 20 years from the date of anticipated project completion.
 - Special Obligation Bonds. The Board of Governors shall report on special obligation bonds issued under Article 3 of this Chapter, including the amount of debt, itemized for each institution of the University, by bond issue, and by project. The report shall include schedules of debt service requirements and actual payments, as well as evidence of compliance with additional financial covenants required by bond documents. The report shall identify the trends and current

revenue streams of the sources of obligated resources pledged for each bond issue.

- (b) Treasurer. Upon issuance of university improvement general obligation bonds under Article 2 of this Chapter or community college general obligation bonds under Article 4 of this Chapter, the Treasurer shall forward a schedule of required payments of principal and interest over the life of the bonds to the Director of the Budget, with copies to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Fiscal Research Division. The Treasurer shall report to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations by September 15 of each year, and more frequently as the Commission requests, on the university improvement general obligation bonds issued under Article 2 of this Chapter and community college general obligation bonds issued under Article 4 of this Chapter, including the annual debt service requirements over the remainder of the life of the bonds.
- (c) Community Colleges. The Community Colleges System Office shall report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on the projects funded from community college general obligation bonds. Each report shall include the total project costs, the amount to be funded from the bonds, the expenditures to date from the bonds and other sources, and the percentage of each project completed.

"ARTICLE 2.

"GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR FINANCING CAPITAL FACILITIES FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

"§ 116D-6. Short title.

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<u>This Article may be cited as the University Improvement General Obligation Bonds</u> Finance Act.

"§ 116D-7. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) Bonds. Bonds authorized to be issued under this Article, including refunding bonds.
- (2) Notes. Notes issued under this Article.
- (3) <u>University improvement general obligation bonds. Bonds authorized</u> to be issued under this Article, including refunding bonds.

"§ 116D-8. Authorization of bonds and notes.

Subject to a favorable vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the State who vote on the question of issuing university improvement general obligation bonds in the election held as provided by law, the State Treasurer may, by and with the consent of the Council of State, issue and sell, at one time or from time to time, university improvement general obligation bonds of the State to be designated 'State of North Carolina University Improvement General Obligation Bonds', with any additional designations as may be determined to indicate the issuance of bonds from time to time, or notes of the State. Except as otherwise provided by this Article, the aggregate amount of bonds and notes issued pursuant to this Article shall not exceed one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000). The

42 <u>bonds and notes shall be issued in the following years up to the following amounts:</u>

<u>Fiscal Year</u> <u>Aggregate Amount</u>

1	<u>1999-2000</u>	<u>\$240,000,000</u>
2	<u>2000-2001</u>	480,000,000
3	2001-2002	280,000,000

If less than the aggregate amount of bonds or notes authorized to be issued in a fiscal year is issued in that fiscal year, the balance for that fiscal year may be issued in any subsequent fiscal year. Refunding bonds and notes issued pursuant to G.S. 116D-11(f) shall not be included in the limitation on the aggregate amount of bonds and notes that may be issued pursuant to this Article.

The proceeds of bonds or notes issued under this Article shall be applied to finance the cost of improvement, construction, and acquisition of capital facilities for the University or to refund any outstanding bonds or notes issued under this Article. The capital facilities to be improved, constructed, or acquired with the proceeds of bonds or notes shall be determined as provided in G.S. 116D-9.

"§ 116D-9. Designation of capital facilities and preconditions to bond issuance.

The capital facilities to be financed in whole or in part with the proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds shall be set forth in legislation enacted from time to time by the General Assembly. This legislation shall also provide for voter approval of the bonds to finance the capital facilities and shall become effective only upon approval by the voters. The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds shall not be expended to pay the costs of any capital facilities other than those set forth in that legislation.

"§ 116D-10. Faith and credit.

The faith and credit and taxing power of the State are hereby pledged for the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonds and notes. The State retains the right to amend any provision of this Article to the extent it does not impair any contractual right of a bond owner.

"§ 116D-11. Issuance of bonds and notes.

- (a) Terms and Conditions. Bonds or notes may bear any dates, may be serial or term bonds or notes, or any combination of these, may mature in any amounts and at any times, not exceeding 25 years from their dates, may be payable at any places, either within or without the United States, in any coin or currency of the United States that at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts, may bear interest at any rates, which may vary from time to time, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the State or otherwise as may be provided by the State, at any prices, including a price greater than the face amount of the bonds or notes, and under any terms and conditions, all as may be determined by the State Treasurer, by and with the consent of the Council of State.
- (b) Signatures; Form and Denomination; Registration. Bonds or notes may be issued in certificated or uncertificated form. If issued in certificated form, bonds or notes shall be signed on behalf of the State by the Governor or shall bear the Governor's facsimile signature, shall be signed by the State Treasurer or shall bear the State Treasurer's facsimile signature, and shall bear the Great Seal of the State or a facsimile of the Seal impressed or imprinted on them. If bonds or notes bear the facsimile signatures

of the Governor and the State Treasurer, the bonds or notes shall also bear a manual signature which may be that of a bond registrar, trustee, paying agent, or designated assistant of the State Treasurer. The form and denomination of bonds or notes, including the provisions with respect to registration of the bonds or notes and any system for their registration, shall be as the State Treasurer may determine in conformity with this Article.

- (c) Manner of Sale; Expenses. Subject to the approval by the Council of State as to the manner in which bonds or notes shall be offered for sale, whether at public or private sale, whether within or without the United States, and whether by publishing notices in certain newspapers and financial journals, mailing notices, inviting bids by correspondence, negotiating contracts of purchase or otherwise, the State Treasurer is authorized to sell bonds or notes at one time or from time to time at any rates of interest, which may vary from time to time, and at any prices, including a price less than the face amount of the bonds or notes, as the State Treasurer may determine. All expenses incurred in the preparation, sale, and issuance of bonds or notes shall be paid by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of bonds or notes or other available moneys.
- (d) Application of Proceeds. The proceeds of any bonds or notes shall be used solely for the purposes for which the bonds or notes were issued and shall be disbursed in the manner and under the restrictions, if any, that the Council of State may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of, or in any trust agreement securing, the bonds or notes.

Any additional moneys which may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of a capital facility may be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this Article.

- (e) Notes; Repayment. By and with the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is authorized to borrow money and to execute and issue notes of the State for the same, but only in the following circumstances and under the following conditions:
 - (1) For anticipating the sale of bonds, the issuance of which the Council of State has approved, if the State Treasurer considers it advisable to postpone the issuance of the bonds.
 - (2) For the payment of interest on or any installment of principal of any bonds then outstanding, if there are not sufficient funds in the State treasury with which to pay the interest or installment or principal as they respectively become due.
 - (3) For the renewal of any loan evidenced by notes authorized in this Article.
 - (4) For the purposes authorized in this Article.
 - (5) For refunding bonds or notes as authorized in this Article.

Funds derived from the sale of bonds or notes may be used in the payment of any bond anticipation notes issued under this Article. Funds provided by the General Assembly for the payment of interest on or principal of bonds shall be used in paying the interest on or principal of any notes and any renewals thereof, the proceeds of which have been used in paying interest on or principal of the bonds.

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- Refunding Bonds and Notes. By and with the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is authorized to issue and sell refunding bonds and notes for the purpose of refunding bonds or notes issued pursuant to this Article and to pay the cost of issuance of the refunding bonds or notes. The refunding bonds and notes may be combined with any other issues of State bonds and notes similarly secured. Refunding bonds or notes may be issued at any time prior to the final maturity of the debt or obligation to be refunded. The proceeds from the sale of any refunding bonds or notes shall be applied to the immediate payment and retirement of the bonds or notes being refunded or, if not required for the immediate payment of the bonds or notes being refunded, the proceeds shall be deposited in trust to provide for the payment and retirement of the bonds or notes being refunded and to pay any expenses incurred in connection with the refunding. Money in a trust fund may be invested in (i) direct obligations of the United States government, (ii) obligations the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States government, (iii) obligations of any agency or instrumentality of the United States government if the timely payment of principal and interest on the obligations is unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government, or (iv) certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in the State if the certificates are secured by a pledge of any of the obligations described in (i), (ii), or (iii) above having an aggregate market value, exclusive of accrued interest, equal at least to the principal amount of the certificates so secured. This section does not limit the duration of any deposit in trust for the retirement of bonds or notes being refunded but that have not matured and are not presently redeemable, or if presently redeemable, have not been called for redemption.
- (g) University Improvement Bonds Fund. The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated 'University Improvement Bonds Fund'. Moneys in the University Improvement Bonds Fund shall be used for the purposes set forth in this Article.

Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any university improvements authorized by this Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the University Improvement Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act.

The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes may be used with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of university improvements, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, whether previously made available or which may be made available after the effective date of this Article. The proceeds of university improvement bonds and notes shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this Article for university improvements shall be disbursed for the purposes

provided in this Article upon warrants drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.

"§ 116D-12. Variable rate demand bonds and notes.

- (a) <u>In fixing the details of bonds and notes, the State Treasurer may provide that</u> the bonds and notes may:
 - (1) Be made payable from time to time on demand or tender for purchase by the owner, if a credit facility supports the bonds or notes, unless the State Treasurer specifically determines that a credit facility is not required upon a finding and determination by the State Treasurer that the absence of a credit facility will not materially and adversely affect the financial position of the State and the marketing of the bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State.
 - (2) Be additionally supported by a credit facility.
 - (3) Be made subject to redemption or a mandatory tender for purchase prior to maturity.
 - (4) Bear interest at rates that may vary from any periods of time, as may be provided in the proceedings providing for the issuance of the bonds or notes, including, without limitation, any variations as may be permitted pursuant to a par formula.
 - (5) Be made the subject of a remarketing agreement whereby an attempt is made to remarket bonds or notes to new purchasers prior to their presentment for payment to the provider of the credit facility or to the State.
- (b) If the aggregate principal amount payable by the State under a credit facility is in excess of the aggregate principal amount of bonds or notes secured by the credit facility, whether as a result of the inclusion in the credit facility of a provision for the payment of interest for a limited period of time or the payment of a redemption premium, or for any other reason, then the amount of authorized but unissued bonds or notes during the term of the credit facility shall not be less than the amount of the excess, unless the payment of the excess is otherwise provided for by agreement of the State executed by the State Treasurer.

"§ 116D-13. Other agreements.

The State Treasurer may authorize, execute, obtain, or otherwise provide for bond insurance, investment contracts, credit and liquidity facilities, interest rate swap agreements and other derivative products, and any other related instruments and matters the State Treasurer determines are desirable in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes. The State Treasurer is authorized to employ and designate any financial consultants, underwriters, and bond attorneys to be associated with any bond issue under this Article as the State Treasurer considers necessary.

"ARTICLE 3.

"SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR IMPROVEMENTS TO THE

FACILITIES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

"§ 116D-21. Purpose.

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The purpose of this Article is to authorize the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina to issue special obligation bonds, payable from obligated resources, but with no pledge of taxes or the faith and credit of the State or any agency or political subdivision of the State, to pay the cost, in whole or in part, of improvements to the facilities of the University.

"§ 116D-22. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- Existing facilities. Buildings and facilities then existing that generate (1) income or receipts to the Board of Governors that are pledged, under the provisions of a resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds under this Article, to the payment of the bonds.
- (2) Institution. – Each of the institutions enumerated in G.S. 116-2, and any affiliated institutions of the University, including, without limitation, the University of North Carolina Center for Public Television, the University of North Carolina Health Care System, the North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics, and the North Carolina Arboretum.
- Obligated resources. Any sources of income or receipts of the Board (3) of Governors or the institution at which a special obligation bond project is or will be located that are designated by the Board as the security and source of payment for bonds issued under this Article to finance a special obligation bond project, including, without limitation, any of the following:
 - Rents, charges, or fees to be derived by the Board of Governors a. or the institution from any activities conducted at the institution.
 - Earnings on the investment of the endowment fund of the <u>b.</u> institution at which a special obligation project will be located, to the extent that the use of the earnings will not violate any lawful condition placed by the donor upon the part of the endowment fund that generates the investment earnings.
 - Funds to be received under a contract or a grant agreement, <u>c.</u> including 'overhead costs reimbursement' under a grant agreement, entered into by the Board of Governors or the institution to the extent the use of the funds is not restricted by the terms of the contract or grant agreement or the use of the funds as provided in this Article does not violate the restriction.

Obligated resources do not include funds appropriated to the Board of Governors or the institution from the General Fund by the General Assembly from funds derived from general tax and other revenues of the State, and obligated resources do not include tuition payment by students.

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- Special obligation bonds. Bonds issued under this Article to finance
 the cost of a special obligation project, which bonds are secured by and
 payable from obligated resources designated by the Board of Governors
 at the time the issuance of the bonds is authorized in accordance with
 this Article.
 Special obligation bond project. Any capital facilities located or to be
 - (5) Special obligation bond project. Any capital facilities located or to be located at an institution for the purpose of carrying out the mission of that institution and designated specifically by the Board of Governors as a 'special obligation bond project' for purposes of this Article. A special obligation bond project need not necessarily consist of buildings or facilities that are expected to generate 'self-liquidating revenues' to the Board of Governors or the institution from direct rentals, charges, or fees from the services provided by the building or facility, and may include facilities such as classroom buildings, administration buildings, research facilities, libraries, and equipment that do not produce direct, or indirect, income to the Board of Governors or the institution.

"§ 116D-23. Credit and taxing power of State not pledged; statement on face of bonds.

Special obligation bonds issued under this Article shall not constitute a debt or liability of the State or any political subdivision of the State or a pledge of the faith and credit of the State or of any political subdivision of the State. Special obligation bonds shall be secured solely by the obligated resources pledged to their payment. All of the special obligation bonds shall contain on their face a statement to the effect that neither the State nor the Board of Governors is obligated to pay the bonds or the interest on the bonds except from the obligated resources pledged for payment and that neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the State or of any political subdivision or instrumentality of the State is pledged to the payment of the principal of or the interest on the bonds. The issuance of special obligation bonds under this Article does not directly or indirectly or contingently obligate the State or any political subdivision of the State to levy or to pledge any taxes for the bonds.

"§ 116D-24. General powers of Board of Governors.

The Board of Governors is authorized, subject to the requirements of this Article, to do all of the following:

- (1) Determine the location and character of any special obligation bond project, to acquire, construct, and provide the project, and to maintain, repair, and operate and enter into contracts for the management, lease, use, or operation of all or any portion of any special obligation bond project and any existing facilities.
- (2) Issue special obligation bonds to pay all or any part of the cost of a special obligation bond project, and to fund or refund any bonds previously issued by the Board of Governors to finance facilities designated as a special obligation bond project.

- Fix and revise from time to time and charge and collect fees, rates, rents, charges, and other income for the use of and for the services furnished by the institution that are designated as obligated resources in connection with a special obligation bond issue.

 [4] Establish and enforce, and to agree through any resolution or trust
 - Establish and enforce, and to agree through any resolution or trust agreement authorizing or securing bonds under this Article to make and enforce, rules for the use of and services rendered by the institution of the income or receipts to be obtained from the use or services designated as obligated resources in connection with a special obligation bond issue.
 - (5) Acquire, hold, lease, and dispose of real and personal property in the exercise of its powers and the performance of its duties and to lease all or any part of a special obligation bond project and any existing facilities for any periods of years, not exceeding 40 years, upon any terms and conditions as the Board of Governors determines, subject to the provisions of G.S. 143-341.
 - Employ consulting engineers, attorneys, accountants, construction and financial experts, superintendents, managers, and any other employees and agents as may be necessary in its judgment in connection with a special obligation bond project and existing facilities, and to fix their compensation.
 - (7) Enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers under this Article.
 - (8) Receive and accept from any federal, State, or other public agency and any private agency, person, or other entity donations, loans, grants, aid, or contributions of any money, property, labor, or other things of value for a special obligation bond project or any other services provided by the institution that is designated as the obligated resource in connection with a special obligation bond issue, and to agree to apply and use them in accordance with the terms and conditions under which they are provided.
 - (9) Do all acts and things necessary or convenient to carry out the powers granted by this Article.

"§ 116D-25. Consultation with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations.

Whenever this Article requires the approval of the Director of the Budget of an action, the Director of the Budget may consult with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations before giving approval.

"§ 116D-26. Issuance of special obligation bonds and bond anticipation notes.

(a) Authority. – The Board of Governors may issue, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget, at one time or from time to time, special obligation bonds of the Board of Governors for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of acquiring,

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constructing, or providing a special obligation project. Before issuing special obligation bonds, the Board of Governors shall first adopt a resolution (i) setting forth the designation by the Board of Governors that the buildings or facilities to be financed by the bond issue are the special obligation bond project being financed and (ii) designating the obligated resources that will secure and be the source of payment of the special obligation bonds to be issued. The Board of Governors shall not issue any special obligation bonds unless the Board of Governors finds that sufficient obligated resources are reasonably expected to be available (i) to pay the principal and interest on the special obligation bonds proposed to be issued, (ii) to create and maintain any reserves for the payment of the special obligation bonds, to the extent the Board of Governors is required to maintain reserves for this purpose by the terms of the trust agreement or resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds, and (iii) to provide for the maintenance and operation of the facilities that are to generate the obligated resources to the extent the Board of Governors is required to maintain those facilities by the terms of the trust agreement or resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article, the proceeds of special obligation bonds to be secured by obligated resources derived from the operation of or activities at one institution may not be applied to finance a special obligation project to be located at another institution.

(b) Approval Required. – The Board of Governors shall not issue any special obligation bonds for a project at an institution unless the board of trustees of that institution has approved the issuance of bonds for that project. The Board of Governors shall not issue special obligation bonds under this Article until the effective date of legislation enacted by the General Assembly authorizing the undertaking of the special obligation bond project to be financed and fixing the maximum aggregate principal amount of special obligation bonds that shall be issued for that purpose. In submitting proposed special obligation bond projects to the General Assembly for approval, the Board of Governors shall submit information on the need for each project, project costs, estimates of increased operating costs upon completion, estimated debt service requirements, and the sources and amounts of obligated resources to be pledged for the repayment of the bonds. If the obligated resources to repay the bonds or to operate the proposed project potentially involve increased costs to students or to the General Fund, these costs shall be identified in the Board of Governors' submission.

Except as provided in this Article, special obligation bond projects may be undertaken, special obligation bonds may be issued, and other powers vested in the Board of Governors under this Article may be exercised by the Board without obtaining the consent of any department, division, commission, board, bureau, or agency of the State and without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things other than those proceedings, conditions, or things which are specifically required by this Article.

(c) Term; Form. – The special obligation bonds of each issue shall be dated, shall mature at any times not exceeding 25 years from their dates, shall bear interest at any rates as may be determined by the Board of Governors, and may be redeemable before

- maturity at the option of the Board, at any prices and under any terms and conditions as may be fixed by the Board prior to the issuance of the special obligation bonds. The Board of Governors shall determine the form and manner of execution of the special obligation bonds and shall fix the denominations of the special obligation bonds and the places of payment of principal and interest, which may be at any bank or trust company within or without the State. Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Article or any recitals in any special obligation bonds issued under the provisions of this Article, all special obligation bonds shall be negotiable instruments under the laws of this State, subject only to the provisions for registration in a resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds or a trust agreement securing the bonds. The Board of Governors may sell the special obligation bonds in any manner, at public or private sale, and for any price, as it may determine to be for its best interests.
 - each issue shall be used solely for the purpose for which the bonds have been authorized and shall be disbursed in the manner and under such restrictions, if any, as the Board of Governors may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds or in the trust agreement securing them. Unless otherwise provided in the authorizing resolution or in the trust agreement securing the special obligation bonds, if the proceeds of the special obligation bonds, by error of estimates or otherwise, are less than the cost of the special obligation bond project, additional bonds may in like manner be issued to provide the amount of the deficit and shall be deemed to be of the same issue and shall be entitled to payment from the same fund without preference or priority of the bonds first issued for the same purpose.

The resolution providing for the issuance of special obligation bonds, and any trust agreement securing them, may also contain limitations upon the issuance of additional special obligation bonds as the Board of Governors considers proper, and the additional special obligation bonds must be issued under the restrictions and limitations prescribed by the resolution or trust agreement.

(e) Temporary Bonds; Notes. – Before preparing definitive bonds, the Board of Governors may, under like restrictions, issue interim receipts or temporary bonds exchangeable for definitive bonds when the bonds have been executed and are available for delivery. The Board may also provide for the replacement of any bonds which become mutilated, destroyed, or lost.

The Board of Governors may enter into or negotiate a note with an acceptable bank or trust company in lieu of issuing special obligation bonds for the financing of special obligation bond projects covered under this Article. The terms and conditions of any note of this nature shall be in accordance with the terms and conditions surrounding issuance of the special obligation bonds.

(f) Bond Anticipation Notes. – The Board of Governors may issue, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget, at one time or from time to time, bond anticipation notes of the Board of Governors in anticipation of the issuance of special obligation bonds authorized by this Article. The principal of and the interest on these notes shall be payable solely from the proceeds of special obligation bonds or renewal

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notes or, in the event bond or renewal note proceeds are not available, from the obligated resources designated for their payment. The notes of each issue shall be dated, shall mature at any times not exceeding two years from their dates, shall bear interest at any rates as may be determined by the Board of Governors, and may be redeemable before maturity, at the option of the Board of Governors, at any prices and under any terms and conditions as may be fixed by the Board of Governors prior to the issuance of the notes. The Board shall determine the form and the manner of execution of the notes and shall fix the denominations of the notes and the places of payment of principal and interest, which may be at any bank or trust company within or without the State. Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Article or any recitals in any notes issued under the provisions of this Article, all notes shall be negotiable instruments under the laws of this State, subject only to the provisions for registration in a resolution authorizing the issuance of the notes or any trust agreement securing the bonds in anticipation of which the notes are being issued. The Board of Governors may sell the notes in any manner, at public or private sale, and for any price, as it may determine to be for its best interests.

The proceeds of the notes of each issue shall be used solely for the purpose for which the special obligation bonds in anticipation of which the notes are being issued have been authorized, and the note proceeds shall be disbursed in any manner and under any restrictions as the Board of Governors may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the notes or bonds or in the trust agreement securing the special obligation bonds.

The resolution providing for the issuance of notes, and any trust agreement securing the special obligation bonds in anticipation of which the notes are being authorized, may also contain limitations upon the issuance of additional notes as the Board of Governors considers proper, and such additional notes shall be issued under the restrictions and limitations prescribed by the resolution or trust agreement. The Board may also provide for the replacement of any notes which shall become mutilated, destroyed, or lost.

Except as provided in this Article, notes may be issued under this Article and other powers vested in the Board of Governors under this Article may be exercised by the Board without obtaining the consent of any department, division, commission, board, bureau, or agency of the State and without any other proceedings or the happening of any other conditions or things than those proceedings, conditions, or things which are specifically required by this Article.

<u>Unless the context indicates otherwise, the word 'bonds', wherever used in this Article, include the words 'bond anticipation notes'.</u>

"§ 116D-27. Trust agreement; money received deemed trust funds; insurance; remedies.

(a) Trust Agreement Securing Bonds. – In the discretion of the Board of Governors and subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget, any special obligation bonds issued under this Article may be secured by a trust agreement by and between the Board of Governors and a corporate trustee, which may be any trust company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or without the State. The trust agreement or the resolution providing for the issuance of special obligation bonds

may pledge or assign the obligated resources designated as security for the special 1 2 obligation bonds, but shall not convey or mortgage any property of the institution. The 3 trust agreement or resolution providing for the issuance of special obligation bonds may 4 contain provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the holders of 5 the special obligation bonds that are reasonable and proper and not in violation of law. 6 including covenants setting forth the duties of the Board of Governors in relation to the 7 acquisition, construction, or provision of any of the charging and collecting of any rates, 8 fees, or charges that have been designated as obligated resources, the maintenance, repair, 9 operation, and insurance of any property of the institution, and the custody, safeguarding, 10 and application of all moneys. It shall be lawful for any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the State which may act as depositary of the proceeds of 11 special obligation bonds or funds securing special obligation bonds to furnish any 12 indemnifying bonds or to pledge any securities as may be required by the Board of 13 14 Governors. A trust agreement or resolution may set forth the rights and remedies of the holders of the special obligation bonds and the rights, remedies, and immunities of the 15 trustee or trustees, if any, and may restrict the individual right of action by the holders. In 16 17 addition to the foregoing, a trust agreement or resolution may contain other provisions the 18 Board of Governors considers reasonable and proper for the security of the holders. All expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of the trust agreement or resolution may 19 be treated as a part of the cost of the special obligation bond projects for which the 20 21 special obligation bonds are issued or as an expense of operation of the special obligation bond project. 22 23

- (b) Trust Funds. All moneys received pursuant to the authority of this Article, whether as proceeds from the sale of bonds, or as obligated resources, are trust funds to be held and applied solely as provided in this Article. The Board of Governors may provide for the payment of all or part of the proceeds of the sale of the special obligation bonds and the obligated resources to any officer, board, or depositary that it may designate for their custody, and may provide for their method of disbursement, with any safeguards and restrictions it may determine. Any officer with whom, or any bank or trust company with which, moneys are deposited shall act as trustee of the moneys and shall hold and apply them for the purposes of this Article, subject to any requirements provided in this Article and in the resolution or trust agreement, authorizing or securing the special obligation bonds.
- (c) <u>Insurance. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, the Board of Governors may carry insurance on any special obligation bond projects and any existing facilities in any amounts and covering any risks it considers advisable.</u>
- (d) Remedies. Any holder of special obligation bonds issued under this Article and the trustees under a trust agreement, except to the extent the rights given in this section may be restricted by the trust agreement or the resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds, may, either at law or in equity, by suit, action, mandamus, or other proceedings, protect and enforce any and all rights under the laws of the State or granted under this Article or under the trust agreement or resolution, and may enforce and compel the performance of all duties required by this Article or by the trust

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agreement or resolution to be performed by the Board of Governors or by any of its officers, including the fixing, charging, and collecting of obligated resources.

"§ 116D-28. Fixing and collecting obligated resources.

- Board to Provide Sufficient Resources. For the purpose of aiding in the financing of a special obligation bond project and to provide security to the owners of the special obligation bonds issued to finance the special obligation bond project, the Board of Governors is authorized, to the extent the generation of the obligated resources is in the control of the Board, to fix, revise from time to time, charge, and collect the rents, charges, fees, or other revenues constituting the obligated resources. Fees and other revenue sources constituting obligated resources may be imposed or increased only with the approval of the Board of Governors. As long as any special obligation bonds issued under this Article and pavable from those obligated resources are outstanding, the obligated resources, to the extent within the control of the Board of Governors, shall be so fixed and adjusted, with relation to other funds available, as to provide funds pursuant to the requirements of the resolution or trust agreement authorizing or securing the special obligation bonds and at least sufficient to pay the principal of and the interest on the special obligation bonds as they become due and payable, to assure the continued collection of the obligated resources, and to create and maintain reserves for these purposes. A sufficient amount of the obligated resources, except any part that may be necessary to pay the cost of maintenance, repair, and operation, and to provide reserves for these purposes and for renewals, replacements, extensions, enlargements, and improvements as may be provided for in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds or in the trust agreement securing the same, shall be set aside at regular intervals as may be provided in the resolution or trust agreement authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds in a sinking fund which is hereby pledged to, and charged with, the payment of the principal of and the interest on the special obligation bonds as they become due and the redemption price or the purchase price of special obligation bonds retired by call or purchase as provided in the resolution or trust agreement. This pledge shall be valid and binding from the time it is made, the obligated resources so pledged and thereafter received by the Board of Governors shall immediately be subject to the lien of the pledge without any physical delivery of the pledge or further act, and the lien of the pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the Board of Governors, irrespective of whether the parties have notice of the pledge. Neither the resolution nor any trust agreement by which a pledge is created need be filed or recorded except in the records of the Board of Governors. The use and disposition of moneys to the credit of the sinking fund shall be subject to the provisions of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the special obligation bonds or of the trust agreement securing the bonds.
- (b) State Pledge. The State pledges to, and agrees with, the holders of any special obligation bonds or notes issued by the Board of Governors pursuant to this Article that as long as any of the special obligation bonds or notes are outstanding and unpaid, the State will not limit or alter the rights vested in the Board of Governors at the

time of issuance of the special obligation bonds or notes to set the terms and conditions of the special obligation bonds or notes and to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with the bondholders or noteholders. The State shall in no way impair the rights and remedies of the bondholders or noteholders until the special obligation bonds or notes and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on behalf of the bondholders or noteholders are fully paid, met, and discharged.

"§ 116D-29. Vesting powers in committee.

The Board of Governors may authorize its budget and finance committee to sell any special obligation bonds which the Board has, with the approval of the Director of the Budget, authorized to be issued under this Article in any manner and under any limitations or conditions as the Board prescribes and to perform other functions under this Article the Board determines.

"§ 116D-30. Refunding bonds.

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The Board of Governors may, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget, issue from time to time refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding any bonds by the Board under this Article or under any Article of Chapter 116 of the General Statutes, including the payment of any redemption premium on them and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of the bonds refunded. The Board of Governors is further authorized, subject to the approval of the Director of the Budget, to issue from time to time refunding bonds for the combined purpose of (i) refunding any bonds issued by the Board under this Article or under any Article of Chapter 116 of the General Statutes, including the payment of any redemption premium on them and any interest accrued or to accrue to the date of redemption of the bonds, and (ii) paying all or any part of the cost of acquiring or constructing any additional special obligation bond projects.

This Article, as applicable, governs the issuance of refunding bonds, their maturities and other details, the rights and remedies of their holders, and the rights, powers, privileges, duties, and obligations of the Board of Governors with respect to them.

"§ 116D-31. Additional and alternative method.

This Article provides an additional and alternative method for the doing of the things authorized and is supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws, including G.S. 116-175 to G.S. 116-185, inclusive and G.S. 116-197 and G.S. 116-198, and is not in derogation of or repealing any powers now existing under any other law, whether general, special, or local. The issuance of special obligation bonds or refunding bonds under this Article, however, need not comply with the requirements of any other law applicable to the issuance of bonds.

"ARTICLE 4.

"COMMUNITY COLLEGES FACILITIES GENERAL OBLIGATION FINANCE ACT.

"§ 116D-41. Short title.

This Article may be cited as the Community College Facilities General Obligation Finance Act.

"§ 116D-42. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- 1 (1) Bonds. Bonds authorized to be issued under this Article, including refunding bonds.
 - (2) Community college. Defined in G.S. 115D-2.
 - (3) Community college general obligation bonds. Bonds authorized to be issued under this Article, including refunding bonds.
 - (4) Community Colleges System Office. The North Carolina Community Colleges System Office, created by Article 1 of Chapter 115D of the General Statutes, or if the Community Colleges System Office is abolished or otherwise divested of its functions under this Article, the public body succeeding it in its principal functions, or upon which are conferred by law the rights, powers, and duties given by this Article to the Community Colleges System Office.
 - (5) Notes. Notes issued under this Article.

"§ 116D-43. Authorization of bonds and notes.

Subject to a favorable vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the State who vote on the question of issuing community college general obligation bonds in the election held as provided by law, and upon the application of the Community Colleges System Office, the State Treasurer may, by and with the consent of the Council of State, issue and sell, at one time or from time to time, community college general obligation bonds of the State to be designated 'State of North Carolina Community College General Obligation Bonds', with any additional designations as may be determined to indicate the issuance of bonds from time to time, or notes of the State. Except as otherwise provided by this Article, the aggregate amount of bonds and notes issued pursuant to this Article shall not exceed two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000). Refunding bonds and notes issued pursuant to G.S. 116D-46(f) shall not be included in the limitation on the aggregate amount of bonds and notes that may be issued pursuant to this Article.

The proceeds of bonds or notes issued under this Article shall be applied to finance the cost of grants to be made by the State to community colleges to finance the cost of capital facilities for the community college or to refund any outstanding bonds or notes issued under this Article. The capital facilities to be improved, constructed, or acquired with the proceeds of bonds or notes shall be determined as provided in G.S. 116D-44.

"§ 116D-44. Designation of capital facilities and preconditions to bond issuance.

The capital facilities to be financed in whole or in part with the proceeds of community college general obligation bonds shall be described in legislation enacted from time to time by the General Assembly. This legislation shall also provide for voter approval of the bonds to finance the capital facilities and shall become effective only upon approval by the voters. The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds shall not be expended to pay the costs of any capital facilities other than those described in that legislation.

"§ 116D-45. Faith and credit.

The faith and credit and taxing power of the State are hereby pledged for the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonds and notes. The State retains the right to

amend any provision of this Article to the extent it does not impair any contractual right of a bond owner.

"§ 116D-46. Issuance of bonds and notes.

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- (a) Terms and Conditions. Bonds or notes may bear any dates, may be serial or term bonds or notes, or any combination of these, may mature in any amounts and at any times, not exceeding 25 years from their dates, may be payable at any places, either within or without the United States, in any coin or currency of the United States that at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts, may bear interest at any rates, which may vary from time to time, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the State or otherwise as may be provided by the State, at any prices, including a price greater than the face amount of the bonds or notes, and under any terms and conditions, all as may be determined by the State Treasurer, by and with the consent of the Council of State.
- (b) Signatures; Form and Denomination; Registration. Bonds or notes may be issued in certificated or uncertificated form. If issued in certificated form, bonds or notes shall be signed on behalf of the State by the Governor or shall bear the Governor's facsimile signature, shall be signed by the State Treasurer or shall bear the State Treasurer's facsimile signature, and shall bear the Great Seal of the State or a facsimile of the Seal impressed or imprinted on them. If bonds or notes bear the facsimile signatures of the Governor and the State Treasurer, the bonds or notes shall also bear a manual signature which may be that of a bond registrar, trustee, paying agent, or designated assistant of the State Treasurer. The form and denomination of bonds or notes, including the provisions with respect to registration of the bonds or notes and any system for their registration, shall be as the State Treasurer may determine in conformity with this Article.
- (c) Manner of Sale; Expenses. Subject to the approval by the Council of State as to the manner in which bonds or notes shall be offered for sale, whether at public or private sale, whether within or without the United States, and whether by publishing notices in certain newspapers and financial journals, mailing notices, inviting bids by correspondence, negotiating contracts of purchase or otherwise, the State Treasurer is authorized to sell bonds or notes at one time or from time to time at any rates of interest, which may vary from time to time, and at any prices, including a price less than the face amount of the bonds or notes, as the State Treasurer may determine. All expenses incurred in the preparation, sale, and issuance of bonds or notes shall be paid by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of bonds or notes or other available moneys.
- (d) Application of Proceeds. The proceeds of any bonds or notes shall be used solely for the purposes for which the bonds or notes were issued and shall be disbursed in the manner and under the restrictions, if any, that the Council of State may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance of, or in any trust agreement securing, the bonds or notes.

Any additional moneys which may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of a capital facility may be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this Article.

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- (e) Notes; Repayment. By and with the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is authorized to borrow money and to execute and issue notes of the State for the same, but only in the following circumstances and under the following conditions:
 - (1) For anticipating the sale of bonds the issuance of which the Council of State has approved, if the State Treasurer considers it advisable to postpone the issuance of the bonds.
 - (2) For the payment of interest on or any installment of principal of any bonds then outstanding, if there are not sufficient funds in the State treasury with which to pay the interest or installment or principal as they respectively become due.
 - (3) For the renewal of any loan evidenced by notes authorized in this Article.
 - (4) For the purposes authorized in this Article.
 - (5) For refunding bonds or notes as authorized in this Article.

Funds derived from the sale of bonds or notes may be used in the payment of any bond anticipation notes issued under this Article. Funds provided by the General Assembly for the payment of interest on or principal of bonds shall be used in paying the interest on or principal of any notes and any renewals thereof, the proceeds of which have been used in paying interest on or principal of the bonds.

Refunding Bonds and Notes. – By and with the consent of the Council of State. the State Treasurer is authorized to issue and sell refunding bonds and notes for the purpose of refunding bonds or notes issued pursuant to this Article and to pay the cost of issuance of the refunding bonds or notes. The refunding bonds and notes may be combined with any other issues of State bonds and notes similarly secured. Refunding bonds or notes may be issued at any time prior to the final maturity of the debt or obligation to be refunded. The proceeds from the sale of any refunding bonds or notes shall be applied to the immediate payment and retirement of the bonds or notes being refunded or, if not required for the immediate payment of the bonds or notes being refunded, the proceeds shall be deposited in trust to provide for the payment and retirement of the bonds or notes being refunded and to pay any expenses incurred in connection with the refunding. Money in a trust fund may be invested in (i) direct obligations of the United States government, (ii) obligations the principal of and interest on which are guaranteed by the United States government, (iii) obligations of any agency or instrumentality of the United States government if the timely payment of principal and interest on the obligations is unconditionally guaranteed by the United States government, or (iv) certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in the State if the certificates are secured by a pledge of any of the obligations described in (i), (ii), or (iii) above having an aggregate market value, exclusive of accrued interest, equal at least to the principal amount of the certificates so secured. This section does not limit the duration of any deposit in trust for the retirement of bonds or notes being refunded but that have not matured and are not presently redeemable, or if presently redeemable, have not been called for redemption.

(g) Community College Bonds Fund. — The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated 'Community College Bonds Fund'. Moneys in the Community College Bonds Fund shall be used for the purposes set forth in this Article.

Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any community college capital facilities authorized by this Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the Community College Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act.

The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes may be used with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of grants to community colleges for capital facilities, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, whether previously made available or which may be made available after the effective date of this Article. The proceeds of community college bonds and notes shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this Article for grants to community colleges shall be disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes.

"§ 116D-47. Variable rate demand bonds and notes.

- (a) In fixing the details of bonds and notes, the State Treasurer may provide that the bonds and notes may:
 - by the owner, if a credit facility supports the bonds or notes, unless the State Treasurer specifically determines that a credit facility is not required upon a finding and determination by the State Treasurer that the absence of a credit facility will not materially and adversely affect the financial position of the State and the marketing of the bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State.
 - (2) Be additionally supported by a credit facility.
 - (3) Be made subject to redemption or a mandatory tender for purchase prior to maturity.
 - (4) Bear interest at rates that may vary from any periods of time, as may be provided in the proceedings providing for the issuance of the bonds or notes, including, without limitation, any variations as may be permitted pursuant to a par formula.
 - (5) Be made the subject of a remarketing agreement whereby an attempt is made to remarket bonds or notes to new purchasers prior to their

presentment for payment to the provider of the credit facility or to the State.

(b) If the aggregate principal amount payable by the State under a credit facility is in excess of the aggregate principal amount of bonds or notes secured by the credit facility, whether as a result of the inclusion in the credit facility of a provision for the payment of interest for a limited period of time or the payment of a redemption premium, or for any other reason, then the amount of authorized but unissued bonds or notes during the term of the credit facility shall not be less than the amount of the excess, unless the payment of the excess is otherwise provided for by agreement of the State executed by the State Treasurer.

"§ 116D-48. Other agreements.

The State Treasurer may authorize, execute, obtain, or otherwise provide for bond insurance, investment contracts, credit and liquidity facilities, interest rate swap agreements and other derivative products, and any other related instruments and matters the State Treasurer determines are desirable in connection with the issuance of bonds or notes. The State Treasurer is authorized to employ and designate any financial consultants, underwriters, and bond attorneys to be associated with any bond issue under this Article as the State Treasurer considers necessary.

"§ 116D-49. Procurement of capital facilities.

Any laws, rules, or regulations of the State that relate to the acquisition and construction of capital facilities shall apply to the capital facilities financed pursuant to this Article."

Section 2. Proceeds of University Improvement General Obligation Bonds. – (a) The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes, including any premium thereon, except the proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be allocated and expended for paying the cost of university capital facilities, to the extent and as provided in Article 2 of Chapter 116D of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act and subject to change as provided in this act, as follows:

32	Constituent or Affiliated Institution or Projected	
33	Board of Governors Capital Improvement Allocation	
34	Appalachian State University	
35	Central Library Complex - Planning	
36	New Science Building - Planning 1,260,000	
37	Rankin Science Building - Renovation and	
38	modernization 7,750,000	
39	Belk Library Renovation - Planning	
40	Living and Learning Center - Academic Facility	
41	Visual Arts Center - Renovation and Addition	
42	Smith Wright Hall - Renovation and	
43	modernization	

2 Land Acquisition 3,939,512 3 Potable Water - Infrastructure improvements 1,000,000 4 Technology Infrastructure Expansion 4,838,909 5 East Carolina University 5 7 Science Laboratories and Technology Building 55,125,315 8 Expansion of the Rivers Building - Planning 11,997,300 9 Nursing, Allied Health and DEC Complex: Medical School - Planning 2,250,000 10 Land Acquisition - Phase I 1,500,000 12 Classroom Improvements - Phase II 1,126,844 13 Infrastructure 2,250,000 14 Materials Warehouse 2,000,000 15 Campus Computing Center - Renovation 1,785,000 16 Technology Infrastructure Expansion 807,575 17 Elizabeth City State University 6,510,000 10 General Campus Development - Planning 2,50,000 11 Lester Hall - Renovation and modernization 2,809,370 12 Williams Hall - Renovation and modernization 2,123,675 12			
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40 Technology Infrastructure Expansion 2,921,662 41 42 North Carolina Central University			
41 42 North Carolina Central University	39	General Renovations and Modernizations	1,374,707
42 North Carolina Central University		Technology Infrastructure Expansion	2,921,662
·			
43 New Science Complex and Demolition of		•	
	43	New Science Complex and Demolition of	

1	Old Hillside High School 36,780,000	
2	General Campus Master Plan	250,000
3	Shepard Dormitory - Renovation and modernization	7,233,196
4	Latham Hall - Renovation and modernization	
5	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	1,422,080
6		
7	North Carolina School of the Arts	
8	Basic Performance & Education Complex - Phase I	11,500,000
9	Stevens Center - Renovation and modernization	2,700,000
10	New Student Activities Building - Renovation	1,536,651
11	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	1,862,312
12		
13	North Carolina State University	
14	Withers Hall - Renovations	22,960,770
15	Laezar Hall - Renovations	8,361,104
16	College of Engineering Complex - Phase I	32,806,515
17	College of Engineering Complex - Phase II Design	4,000,000
18	David-Clark Laboratory - Renovation and addition	
19	Jordan Hall Addition	13,553,295
20	Undergraduate Science Teaching Labs - Phase I	23,606,520
21	Undergraduate Science Teaching Labs - Phase II	12,197,010
22	Administrative Services Center	7,091,319
23	College of Veterinary Medicine Research -	
24	Renovation and addition 20,179,950	
25	Chilled Water and Cooling Tower - Brickyard	2,913,750
26	Chilled Water Central Plant - North Campus	5,040,187
27	Centennial Campus - Infrastructure - Engineering	9,363,846
28	North Campus Chiller Service - Distribution	6,665,277
29	Steam Distribution and Capacity - Sullivan Drive	
30	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	2,308,681
31		
32	University of North Carolina at Asheville	
33	New Math/Science Building - Planning	
34	Highsmith Center - Renovation and addition	
35	New Physical Plant Building	6,318,900
36	Carmichael Hall - Renovation and	
37	modernization - Planning 400,000	
38	Zaiger Hall - Renovation and	
39	modernization - Planning 350,000	
40	General Campus Improvements	
41	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	751,235
42		
43	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	

1	Murphey Hall - Renovations	6,403,317
2	Institute of Marine Sciences	1,746,000
3	Interdisciplinary Physical Sciences Building	59,000,000
4	Carrington Hall, School of Nursing - Addition	5,873,000
5	School of Public Health	28,900,000
6	Memorial Hall	12,000,000
7	Biomolecular Research Bldg, School of Medicine	26,718,000
8	R.D. Smith Middle School Wing, School of Education	1,442,896
9	Administrative Office Building	7,005,200
10	Infrastructure/Technology Improvements	15,654,531
11	Digital Multimedia Instructional Center	12,000,000
12	Academic Facilities Renovations	
13	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	3,777,350
14	-	
15	University of North Carolina at Charlotte	
16	Academic Facilities - Humanities	10,046,925
17	Science and Technology Building	35,707,035
18	Classroom and Office Building	
19	College of Education Building - Planning	1,300,000
20	College of Nursing and Health Professions - Planning	
21	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	3,345,507
22	-	
23	University of North Carolina at Greensboro	
24	Science Instructional Building	38,412,150
25	Roadway Improvements	6,825,000
26	Land Acquisition	7,000,000
27	Brown - Renovation and modernization	6,062,668
28	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	7,859,789
29		
30	University of North Carolina at Pembroke	
31	Regional Center for Economic, Professional, and	
32	Community Development 4,004,385	
33	New Science Building	9,408,000
34	Jones PE Building - Renovation and modernization	
35	Locklear - Renovation and modernization	1,500,000
36	D.F. Lowery Building - Renovation and	
37	modernization 1,500,000	
38	Wellons Hall - Renovation and modernization	2,000,000
39	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	2,798,476
40		•
41	University of North Carolina at Wilmington	
42	School of Education Building	17,576,000
43	General Classroom Building	

1	Hoggard Hall - Renovation and modernization	2,500,000
2	Friday Hall - Renovation and modernization	
3	S. G. Kenan Auditorium - Renovation and	
4	modernization 2,000,000	
5	Marine Sciences Research Center - Operations Facilities	1,930,000
6	Land Acquisition	
7	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	2,948,927
8		
9	Western Carolina University	
10	Fine and Performing Arts Center	25,805,745
11	McKee Building - Renovation and modernization	
12	Bird Building - Renovation	1,836,450
13	Land Acquisition	
14	Hinds University Center - Addition (partial)	1,000,000
15	Steam Plant Improvements - Phase III	
16	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
17		
18	Winston-Salem State University	
19	Computer Science Facility	5,087,272
20	New Physical and Life Sciences Building - Phase I	
21	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
22		
23	University of North Carolina Center for Public Television	
24	Conversion to Digital TV - Phase I	28,129,140
25	North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics	
26	Renovation of Bryan Center	3,172,575
27	North Carolina Arboretum	
28	Maintenance & Operations Facility	
29	Entrance Gates and Gatehouses	
30	Main Entrance Road Utility & Landscape Development	
31	General Administration Building Renovation	
32	Central Library Storage Facility and Central Records	, ,
33	Storage - Planning	500,000
34		
35	TOTAL	\$ 1,000,000,000
36		, , ,

Section 2.(b) The Director of the Budget is empowered, when the Director of the Budget determines it is in the best interest of the State and the University to do so, and if the cost of a particular capital facility is less than the amount allocated for it, to use the excess funds to meet increased cost of other capital facilities itemized in this section

the excess funds to meet increased cost of other capital facilities itemized in this section and located at the same institution. The Director of the Budget shall report to the Joint

Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations on changes made under this subsection. In addition, any capital facility and the amount of the allocation for it set

41 42

 forth above may be changed from time to time as the General Assembly may decide. The provisions of G.S. 116-11(9) with respect to appropriations to the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall not apply to proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes issued pursuant to Article 2 of Chapter 116D of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act.

Section 2.(c) Allocations to the costs of a capital improvement or undertaking in each case may include allocations to pay the costs set forth in this act in connection with the issuance of university improvement general obligation bonds for that capital improvement or undertaking.

Section 2.(d) The validity of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes issued under Article 2 of Chapter 116D of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, is not affected by any subsequent adjustment of allocations, or by any failure to comply with the reporting requirements provided in this act.

Section 3. Proceeds of Community College General Obligation Bonds. – (a) The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes, including any premium thereon, except the proceeds of community college general obligation bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be allocated and expended for paying the cost of community college capital facilities, to the extent and as provided in Article 4 of Chapter 116D of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act and subject to change as provided in this act, to be located at the following community colleges:

COLLEGE	NEW REPAIR & TO	OTAL	
	CONSTRUCTION	RENOVATION	ALLOCATION
Alamance CC	\$2,844,030	\$	491,415
	\$3,335,445		
Anson CC	1,000,000	840,055	
	1,840,055		
Asheville-			
Buncombe TCC	1,381,875	1,722,802	
3,104,677			
Beaufort County C	C 1,000,000	1,128,185	
J	2,128,185	, ,	
Bladen CC	1,000,000	279,588	
Diaucii CC	1,279,588	219,300	
	1,277,300		
Blue Ridge CC	2,030,342	2,305,387	
	4,335,729		

GENERAL ASSEMBL	Y OF NORTH CAP	ROLINA	1999
Brunswick CC	1,000,000 1,248,261	248,261	
Caldwell CC & TI	2,844,030 3,221,356	377,326	
Cape Fear CC	1,000,000 3,068,435	2,068,435	
Carteret CC	1,000,000 2,882,001	1,882,001	
Catawba Valley CC	1,242,780 3,986,209	2,743,429	
Central Carolina CC	6,897,631 7,141,778	244,147	
Central Piedmont CC	6,315,060 12,444,892	6,129,832	
Cleveland CC	1,000,000 1,486,221	486,221	
Coastal Carolina CC 3,192,541	2,844,030	348,511	
College of the			
Albemarle 4,4	65,864 128,735	4,594,599	
Craven CC	2,844,030 3,417,594	573,564	
Davidson County CC	1,000,000 3,287,656	2,287,656	
Durham TCC	2,844,030 3,686,663	842,633	
Edgecombe CC	5,198,250 6,761,750	1,563,500	

	GENERAL ASSEM	BLY OF NORTH CA	ROLINA	1999
1 2 2	Fayetteville TCC	2,844,030 5,010,721	2,166,691	
3 4 5	Forsyth TCC	1,000,000 2,039,816	1,039,816	
6 7 8	Gaston College	1,000,000 1,270,458	270,458	
9 10 11	Guilford TCC	2,311,980 5,395,412	3,083,432	
12 13 14	Halifax CC	1,000,000 1,817,189	817,189	
15 16 17	Haywood CC	1,000,000 3,195,573	2,195,573	
18 19 20	Isothermal CC	1,000,000 1,949,267	949,267	
21 22 23	James Sprunt CC	1,000,000 1,516,788	516,788	
24252627	Johnston CC	1,000,000 1,921,977	921,977	
27 28 29	Lenoir CC	2,308,020 3,356,479	1,048,459	
30 31 32	Martin CC	1,340,460 1,483,096	142,636	
33 34 35	Mayland CC	3,148,914 3,362,656	213,742	
36 37 38	McDowell TCC	1,128,600 1,401,869	273,269	
39 40 41 42	Mitchell CC	1,000,000 1,983,677	983,677	

GENERAL ASSEMBI	LY OF NORTH CA	ROLINA	1999
Montgomery CC	1,000,000 1,301,703	301,703	
Nash CC	1,000,000 2,021,442	1,021,442	
Pamlico CC	1,000,000 1,302,049	302,049	
Piedmont CC	1,909,710 4,020,887	2,111,177	
Pitt CC	2,844,030 4,935,338	2,091,308	
Randolph CC	1,000,000 1,551,886	551,886	
Richmond CC	2,844,030 3,828,197	984,167	
Roanoke-Chowan CC	1,000,000 1,567,718	567,718	
Robeson CC	2,844,030 5,036,541	2,192,511	
Rockingham CC	1,000,000 2,278,538	1,278,538	
Rowan-Cabarrus CC	2,844,030 5,769,880	2,925,850	
Sampson CC	1,000,000 2,653,903	1,653,903	
Sandhills CC	2,575,320 5,406,902	2,831,582	
Southeastern CC	1,000,000 2,112,304	1,112,304	

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA			1999
Southwestern CC	3,714,002 4,942,662	1,228,660	
Stanly CC	2,844,030 4,350,838	1,506,808	
Surry CC	3,526,515 3,752,004	225,489	
Tri-County CC	1,822,425 2,534,763	712,338	
Vance-Granville CC	7,886,760 8,692,618	805,858	
Wake TCC	5,688,060 8,538,683	2,850,623	
Wayne CC	2,844,014 3,046,113	202,099	
Western Piedmont CC 2,513,012	1,220,959	1,292,053	
Wilkes CC	2,776,724 3,553,175	776,451	
Wilson TCC	1,218,855 2,140,234	921,379	
TOTAL	\$128,237,450 \$200,000,000	\$71,762,550	

Section 3.(b) Except as provided in this subsection and subsection (d) of this section, a community college may use the bond proceeds allocated in subsection (a) of this section only in accordance with the allocations in the State Board of Community Colleges' consultant's report on the capital allocation and repairs and renovations funding formula. Funds allocated for repair and renovations must be used in accordance with exhibit 5-6 of the Funding Formula Study: Phase 3 Report, submitted May 15, 1998. Funds allocated for new construction must be used in accordance with exhibits 15 and 16 of the Funding Formula Study: Phase 4 Report, submitted February 4, 1999, up to the amounts allocated in this section.

 Except as provided in this paragraph, new construction funds allocated by the report to a specific site may not be allocated to another site. If the local board of trustees of a community college determines that new construction funds allocated to a specific site are not needed at that site, the board may request that the State Board of Community Colleges reallocate those funds for new construction at another site of the community college. If the State Board of Community Colleges determines that the funds are not needed for new construction at the site for which they were originally allocated, it shall approve the reallocation to the other site and shall substitute the proposed facility at the other site in the Community Colleges System Office's application to the State Treasurer pursuant to G.S. 116D-43.

Each community college shall submit to the State Board of Community Colleges a statement (i) proposing the capital facilities to be financed with the proceeds of community college general obligation bonds allocated to that community college, (ii) certifying that the proposed site is included in the consultant's report referred to in this section or is a substitute facility at another site because the funds are not needed for new construction at the site for which they are allocated in the consultant's report, (iii) certifying that the community college is prepared to proceed with the construction, acquisition, or improvement of the proposed capital facilities, and (iv) demonstrating that the applicable matching requirements have been or will be met.

Upon receipt by the State Board of Community Colleges of the information set forth above, the Board shall add the proposed capital facilities to the next application of the Community Colleges System Office to the State Treasurer to issue bonds pursuant to G.S. 116D-43.

The board of trustees of an individual community college may use funds allocated for new construction either for new construction or for repair and renovations. The board of trustees of a community college may use funds allocated for repair and renovations only for repair and renovations, and not for new construction.

The projected allocations set forth above may be changed from time to time as the General Assembly may decide.

Section 3.(c) Community colleges are not required to match bond proceeds allocated in this section for repair and renovations. The match requirements of Chapter 115D of the General Statutes apply to bond proceeds allocated for new construction except as provided in this subsection. The consultant hired by the State Board of Community Colleges to determine funding formulas for the community college system developed an index to measure each county's ability to pay. The consultant found that some counties are unable to meet their local match requirement under Chapter 115D of the General Statutes because of inability to pay. Accordingly, community colleges are required to match bond proceeds allocated for new construction in subsection (a) or (d) of this section only as follows: Community colleges assigned a matching rate of less than forty percent (40%) in the "adjusted matching requirements" contained in exhibit 14 of the State Board of Community Colleges' consultant's Funding Formula Study: Phase 4 Report, submitted February 4, 1999, are not required to match, and community colleges

assigned a matching rate of forty percent (40%) or more in the adjusted matching requirements are required to match only at the assigned rate.

Section 3.(d) Each community college that was not allocated funds for new construction in the State Board of Community Colleges' consultant's report on the capital allocation funding formula may receive the bond proceeds allocated to it for new construction in subsection (a) of this section only to the extent that it can document to the State Board of Community Colleges its actual need for funds for new construction, or its actual need for funds for repair and renovations in excess of the amount allocated to it for repair and renovations in subsection (a) of this section. If any community college is unable to document to the State Board of Community Colleges by January 1, 2001, these needs in the amount of its entire allocation for new construction under subsection (a) of this section, the State Board shall reallocate the excess of the allocation over the amount the college was able to document among the remaining community colleges to the extent they can document actual needs in excess of their allocations in subsection (a) of this section for new construction, repair, and renovations, or both.

Section 3.(e) The validity of community college general obligation bonds and notes issued under Article 4 of Chapter 116D of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, is not affected by any subsequent adjustment of allocations or matching requirements provided in this act, or by any failure to comply with matching requirements or reporting requirements provided in this act.

Section 4.(a) University of North Carolina Capital Plan. – The General Assembly finds that recent studies have shown that billions of dollars will be necessary to repair and renovate the current facilities of the University, to expand the facilities to meet future enrollment demands, to modernize existing facilities of the University in order for the University to continue to provide excellent educational opportunities for the people of North Carolina, and to meet the challenges of changing technologies and globalization of economies. The amount of bonds authorized in this act for university improvements represents only a part of the demonstrated needs. The following list encompasses the critical needs of The University of North Carolina Capital Plan:

1 2

31	Constituent or Affiliated Institution or	<u>Projected</u>
32	Board of Governors Capital Improvement	Allocation
33	Appalachian State University	
34	Central Library Complex	\$ 47,586,735
35	New Science Building	1,260,000
36	Rankin Science Building - Renovation and	
37	modernization 7,750,000	
38	Belk Library Renovation - Planning	545,020
39	Living and Learning Center - Academic Facility	4,022,725
40	Visual Arts Center - Renovation and Addition	6,063,435
41	Smith Wright Hall - Renovation and	
42	modernization	1,636,111
43	Founders Hall - Renovation and modernization	1,044,082

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1	Land Apprintion	4 077 675
1	Land Acquisition	
2 3	Potable Water - Infrastructure improvements	
	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	4,838,909
4 5	Fact Carolina University	
5 6	East Carolina University Science Laboratories and Technology Building	55 125 215
7	Science Laboratories and Technology Building Expansion of the Rivers Building	
8	Nursing, Allied Health and DEC Complex:	11,997,300
9	Medical School 46,882,500	
10	Flanagan Building - Renovations	12 /21 276
11	Land Acquisition - Phase I	
12	Classroom Improvements - Phase II	
13	Belk Allied Health - Renovations and modernization	
14	Library and Study Space Requirements - Phase I	
15	Old Cafeteria - Renovations	
16	Infrastructure	
17	Rivers School of Nursing - North Wing Renovations	
18	Materials Warehouse	
19	Campus Computing Center - Renovation	
20	Academic Space Requirements - Teaching Labs	
21	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
22	Teemology initiastracture Expansion	
23	Elizabeth City State University	
24	New Student Center	9,178,313
25	New Residence Hall	
26	General Campus Development	
27	Historic Structures Preservation - Phase I	1,050,000
28	Lester Hall - Renovation and modernization	
29	Williams Hall - Renovation and modernization	
30	Lane Hall - Renovation and modernization	
31	Trigg Hall - Renovation and modernization	2,109,017
32	White Graduate/Cont. Educ. Bldg -	
33	Renovation and modernization 1,575,000	
34	Johnson Hall - Renovation and modernization	3,156,308
35	Wamack Hall - Renovation and modernization	3,334,303
36	Bias Hall - Renovation and modernization	
37	Mitchell-Lewis - Renovation and modernization	2,123,675
38	Roebuck Stadium Field House	
39	Campus Property Development - Phase I	650,000
40	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
41		
42	Fayetteville State University	
43	New Residence Hall	6,872,250

1 2	Charles A. Lyons Science - Renovation/ modernization and addition 16,800,000	
3	Seabrook Auditorium - Renovation and	
4	modernization 6,825,000	
5	Lauretta J. Taylor Gymnasium - Renovations,	
6	modernization, and addition 3,360,000	
7	Lilly Gymnasium - Renovation	
8	Cook Dining Hall - Renovation.	
9	Howard School Museum	,
10	Fire Safety Improvements, Student Residence Halls	
11	Roads, Parking, Landscaping Improvements - Phase I	
12	Spaulding Infirmary and Roadway/Entrance	
13	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	1,137,582
14		
15	North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University	
16	General Classroom & Laboratory Building	
17	Complex #1 29,470,665	(200 000
18	Land Acquisition	
19	Chemistry Building	21,831,600
20	Harrison Auditorium - Renovation and	
21	modernization 3,193,196	2 722 510
22 23	Curtis Hall - Replacement	
23 24	Scott Hall - Replacement.	
24 25	Gamble Complex	
23 26		
20 27	Replace Barn - Agricultural Farm	919,103
28	Agricultural Farm 913,500	
29	Zoe Barbee Hall - Renovation and modernization	5 876 786
30		6,097,128
31	Graham Hall - Renovation and modernization	
32	Corbett Sports Center Addition	
33	Replacement of Steamlines and Manholes	
34	Electrical Distribution System - upgrade	1,000,200
35	and expansion 2,256,802	
36	Central Cooling Plant - North and South	
37	chiller loops 6,405,000	
38	Parking Enhancements, Phase I	4,725,735
39	Cherry Hall - Renovation and modernization	
40	General Renovations and Modernizations	
41	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
42		, ,
43	North Carolina Central University	

1	New Science Complex and Demolition of	
2	Old Hillside High School 36,780,000	((21 012
3	Chidley Hall - Renovation and modernization	
4	General Campus Master Plan	250,000
5	Farrison-Newton Bldg Renovation and	
6	modernization 7,048,652	
7	Graduate Apartments, George Street - Replacement	
8	Rush Hall - Renovation and modernization	
9	Baynes Hall - Replacement	
10	Eagleson Hall - Renovation and modernization	
11	Shepard Dormitory - Renovation and modernization	
12	Latham Hall - Renovation and modernization	
13	McLean Hall - Renovation and modernization	, ,
14	Pearson Cafeteria - Renovation and modernization	
15	Fire Safety Improvements - Student Residence Halls	
16	Landscape Campus Perimeter	
17	Landscape Pedestrian Corridors	
18	Directional Signage - Vehicular/pedestrian	735,000
19	Pedestrian Corridor on Campus Drive	
20	Pedestrian Mall at George Street.	472,500
21	Dormitory Security System.	
22	Parking Enhancements Phase 1 - Nelson St. Pkg. Deck	
23	Electrical Power - New transformers	858,654
24	Life-Safety/OSHA Corrections	3,675,000
25	Land Acquisition	4,000,000
26	Relocate Campus Police Station	840,000
27	Replace Power Distribution Cables	1,115,940
28	Underground Piping Repairs	4,252,710
29	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	1,422,080
30		
31	North Carolina School of the Arts	
32	Basic Performance & Education Complex	19,130,685
33	Stevens Center - Renovation and modernization	4,434,480
34	New Student Activities Building - Renovation	2,500,000
35	Roanoke Island Music & Theatrical Complex	
36	Landscaping Improvements	
37	Costume Shop - Renovations and relocations	
38	Land Acquisition	
39	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
40		, ,
41	North Carolina State University	
42	I. BUILDINGS	
43	A. Renovation, Modernization, & Replacements:	

1	Classroom/Office Space
2	Renovation and modernization of buildings
3	Laboratory Space
4	Renovation and modernization of buildings
5	Student Support Space
6	Renovation, modernization, and fire
7	safety improvements
8	B. Building Capacity:
9	Construction of College of Engineering Complex -
10	Phase I and Phase II; Undergraduate Science
11	Teaching Lab - Phase I and Phase II; Jordan Hall
12	Addition; Gymnasium; Library Space; Student
13	Services Space; and David-Clark Laboratory
14	Renovation and addition 149,978,194
15	C. Other Building Needs:
16	Construction of Administrative Services
17	Center - II; Extension Facilities; Field Research
18	Laboratories and Outlying Research - Phase I;
19	Research Laboratory Space, Phase I; Hazardous
20	Materials Facility; Partners Building V;
21	College of Veterinary Medicine Research Addition
22	and renovations; Physical Sciences Research;
23	Genomic Sciences Research; Services Buildings
24	at Sullivan Site and Centennial Campus 43,960,952
25	
26	II. OTHER CAMPUS REQUIREMENTS
27	A. General Campus:
28	University Signage; Pedestrian Tunnel; Security
29	CardAccess; and Public Safety Facility
30	B. Infrastructure:
31	Construction of Chilled Water Plant; Potable
32	Water Building Backflow Preventers; College of
33	Veterinary Medicine Indoor Air Quality Upgrade;
34	North Campus Chiller Service; Brickyard Loop
35	Chilled Water Extension and Cooling Tower;
36	Infrastructure for Centennial Campus Partnership;
37	Infrastructure for Veterinary Medicine Private/
38	Public Partnership; and Steam Distribution and
39	Capacity Improvements
40	Technology Infrastructure Expansion 2,308,681
41	C. Land Acquisition 2,100,000
42	
43	University of North Carolina at Asheville

1	New Math/Science Building	22,203,195
2	New Math/Science Building Highsmith Center Renovation and Addition	9,473,100
3	New Physical Plant Building	
4	Carmichael Hall - Renovation and modernization	3,912,805
5	Zaiger Hall - Renovation and modernization	
6	General Campus Improvements	
7	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	751,235
8		
9	University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	
10	I. BUILDINGS	
11	A. Renovation, Modernization, & Replacements:	
12	Classroom/Office Space	
13	Renovation and modernization of buildings	104,861,491
14	Laboratory Space	
15	Renovation and modernization of buildings	93,531,460
16	B. Building Capacity:	
17	Construction of Multidisciplinary Environmental	
18	Studies Building; Addition to Carrington Hall	
19	- School of Nursing; Teaching Research Bldg	
20	- School of Public Health; and Interdisciplinary	
21	Physical Science Bldg 87,465,000	
22	C. Other Building Needs:	
23	Construction of Health Affairs Biomolecular	
24	Research Bldg, Phase I; Health Affairs Frank	
25	Porter Graham Child Development Center; Health	
26	Affairs Institute on Aging Bldg; Center for	
27	Global and International Education; Digital	
28	Multimedia Instructional Center; Medical School	
29	Office Bldg No. 1; Sports Medicine Facility;	
30	Ackland Art Museum Renovation and Expansion;	
31	Relocate Physical Plant Grounds Dept; Administration	
32	Office Bldg; Chapel Hill North; Campus Mail	
33	Center; and Physical Plant Maintenance Shops	
34	Addition 48,000,000	
35		
36	II. OTHER CAMPUS REQUIREMENTS	
37	A. General Campus:	• 100 000
38	Campus Signage System	2,100,000
39	B. Infrastructure:	
40	Construction of Storm Drainage Replacement;	
41	Heating Line Installation; Cogeneration Facility	
42	Turbine Generator; Gilsulate Replacement;	
12	Steam I in Installation: Fast and South Chiller	

1	Plant Expansion; North and South Chiller Plant	
2	Replacements; Energy Management & Control System	
3	Upgrade; Campus Fiber Optics Network; Horace	
4	Williams Infrastructure - Phase I; Main Campus	
5	Infrastructure Expansion - Phase I; Chilled Water	
6	Air Conditioning Systems in Classroom Bldgs;	
7	and Coal Silo Replacement	.090
8	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
9	C. Land Acquisition:	,
10	Land Acquisition - South Campus Expansion	.000
11		,
12	University of North Carolina at Charlotte	
13	Academic Facilities - Humanities	.925
14	Science and Technology Building	
15	Classroom and Office Building	
16	College of Education Building	
17	College of Nursing and Health Professions	
18	Graduate Engineering Complex	
19	Research Facility - Phase I	
20	University Conference Center 10,500	
21	Central Heating Plant Improvement	
22	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
23		
24	University of North Carolina at Greensboro	
25	Science Instructional Building	,150
26	Roadway Improvements	
27	Land Acquisition 7,000	
28	Brown - Renovation and modernization	,859
29	Petty Science Building - Renovation and	
30	modernization 16,272,270	
31	McIver Building - Renovation and modernization	,510
32	Aycock Auditorium - Renovation and	
33	modernization 17,662,980	
34	Stone - Renovation and modernization 8,930	,354
35	Heating Plant - Renovation, modernization,	
36	and expansion 4,851,288	
37	Forney Building - Renovation and modernization	,364
38	McNutt Building - Renovation and modernization	,956
39	Research Space Phase I	,000
40	Electrical Power Distribution Upgrades	,038
41	McIver Chiller Plant	-
42	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	,789
43		

Regional Center for Economic, Professional, and Community Development 4,004,385 New Science Building 9,408,0 Chavis Center Expansion 3,221,4 Jones PE Building - Renovation and modernization 8,925,0 Business Administration Building - Renovation and modernization 2,140,762 ADA Renovations 525,0 Locklear - Renovation and modernization 2,464,3 Moore Hall - Renovation and modernization 2,464,6	100 100 100 100 100 119
4New Science Building9,408,05Chavis Center Expansion3,221,26Jones PE Building - Renovation and modernization8,925,07Business Administration Building - Renovation8and modernization2,140,7629ADA Renovations525,010Locklear - Renovation and modernization2,464,311Moore Hall - Renovation and modernization2,464,6	100 100 100 100 100 119
5 Chavis Center Expansion 3,221,4 6 Jones PE Building - Renovation and modernization 8,925,0 7 Business Administration Building - Renovation 8 and modernization 2,140,762 9 ADA Renovations 525,0 10 Locklear - Renovation and modernization 2,464,3 11 Moore Hall - Renovation and modernization 2,464,6	100 100 100 100 100 119
Jones PE Building - Renovation and modernization 8,925,0 Business Administration Building - Renovation and modernization 2,140,762 ADA Renovations 525,0 Locklear - Renovation and modernization 2,464,3 Moore Hall - Renovation and modernization 2,464,6	000
Business Administration Building - Renovation and modernization 2,140,762 ADA Renovations	000 819
8 and modernization 2,140,762 9 ADA Renovations	319
9 ADA Renovations	319
Locklear - Renovation and modernization 2,464,3 Moore Hall - Renovation and modernization 2,464,6	319
Moore Hall - Renovation and modernization	
)O1
D.F. Lowery Building - Renovation and	
D.F. Lowery Building - Renovation and modernization 2,680,528	
Jacobs Hall - Renovation and modernization	:25
15 West Hall - Renovation and modernization 4,961,5	
16 Belk Hall - Renovation and modernization	
17 Land Acquisition	
Wellons Hall - Renovation and modernization 4,323,3	
19 Technology Infrastructure Expansion 2,798,4	
20 reclinology infrastructure Expansion	.70
21 University of North Carolina at Wilmington	
22 School of Education Building	370
23 Fine Arts Building/Concert Hall 26,250,0	
24 General Classroom Building 12,646,9	
25 Arnold K. King Hall - Renovation and	33
26 modernization 2,697,442	
27 Hoggard Hall - Renovation and modernization	130
28 Alderman Admin Renovation and modernization 2,940,8	
Westside Hall - Renovation and modernization	
30 Kenan Hall - Renovation and modernization 3,056,6	
31 Hinton James Hall - Renovation and	,55
modernization 1,843,981	
Deloach Hall - Renovation and modernization 5,193,5	385
Friday Hall - Renovation and modernization	
35 S. G. Kenan Auditorium - Renovation and	0 1
modernization. 3,095,303	
Marine Sciences Research Center - Operations Facilities 3,559,912	
38 Computing Center	000
39 Print Shop 672,000	
40 Warehouse Expansion 1,890,0	000
41 Land Acquisition 2,100,0	-
42 Sprinkler Systems - Hoggard, Trask, & Nixon	
43 Miscellaneous HVAC Projects	000

1	Missellaneous Floatrical Projects	676 205
2	Miscellaneous Electrical Projects	
3	Primary Electrical Distribution System Upgrade	
4	Storm Drainage Improvements	
5	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6	reclinology infrastructure Expansion	2,940,921
7	Western Carolina University	
8	Fine and Performing Arts Center	25 805 745
9	Stillwell - Renovation and modernization	
10	McKee Building	
11	Bird Building - Renovation	
12	Living - Learning Center - Conversion	
13	Land Acquisition	
14	Breese - Renovation and modernization	
15	Vehicular Traffic Relocation.	· ·
16	Indoor Recreation Facility	· · ·
17	Hinds University Center - Addition	
18	New Housing Facility	
19	Chiller Replacement and Retrofit	
20	Replace steam and condensate lines	
21	Upgrade Electrical Distribution System	
22	Campus Pedestrian Corridors	
23	Perimeter Parking Lots	
24	Steam Plant Improvements - Phase III	
25	Automated Energy Management System Enhancements	
26	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	
27	-	
28	Winston-Salem State University	
29	Computer Science Facility	
30	New Physical and Life Sciences Building - Phase I	12,109,545
31	Anderson School Building - Renovation and	
32	modernization 6,917,905	
33	Health Center Building and Old Nursing	
34	Building - Renovation and modernization 2,265,865	
35	Carolina Hall - Renovation and modernization	
36	Hauser Union - Renovation and modernization	· ·
37	Pegram Hall - Renovation and modernization	
38	General Campus Improvements - Phase I	
39	Technology Infrastructure Expansion	1,676,127
40		
41	University of North Carolina Center for Public Television	6.65
42	Conversion to Digital TV - Phase I	
43	Mobile Satellite Uplink	895,545

1	UNC Public Radio - Building Addition	478,938
2	North Carolina School of Science and Mathematics	
3	Renovation of Bryan Center	3,172,575
4	Renovation of Royall Outreach Center (Wyche	
5	House) 1,990,380	
6	North Carolina Arboretum	
7	Maintenance & Operations Facility	1,541,295
8	Entrance Gates and Gatehouses	785,610
9	Main Entrance Road Utility & Landscape Development	2,259,180
10	Demonstration Greenhouse	
11	Bus Parking	969,255
12	North Carolina Botanical Gardens - Herbarium	Research Building
13	7,061,355	
14	J. C. Raulston Arboretum Education & Visitors Center	3,639,510
15	General Administration Building Renovation	
16	Central Library Storage Facility and Central Records	
17	Storage - Planning	500,000
18	Matching Gift Incentive Program Projects	
19	<u>-</u>	· · · -
20	TOTAL	\$ 2,700,000,000
21		

Section 4.(b) Matching Gift Incentive Program Projects. – The critical needs capital plan set out in this section allocates two hundred eighty-two million six hundred forty-eight thousand two hundred twelve dollars (\$282,648,212) for matching gift incentive program projects. The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall employ a private consultant to develop a list of capital facilities which are to be funded jointly from these funds and private donations. The Board of Governors shall submit this list of recommended projects, including the proposed matching requirements by the University or its constituent or affiliated institutions, to the General Assembly by April 1, 2000. The matching requirements must be based on analyses of the fund-raising capabilities of each institution as determined by a private consultant in order to maximize private fund-raising for capital projects. The General Assembly will consider providing these funds for matching gift incentive program projects in accordance with this proposal.

Section 5. Interpretation of Act. (a) Additional Method. — This act provides an additional and alternative method for the doing of the things authorized by this act and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws. Except where expressly provided, this act shall not be regarded as in derogation of any powers now existing. The authority granted in this act is in addition to other laws now or hereinafter enacted authorizing The University of North Carolina to issue self-liquidating debt or other debt secured by designated sources of funds.

Section 5.(b) Statutory References. – References in this act to specific sections or Chapters of the General Statutes are intended to be references to those sections or Chapters as they may be amended from time to time by the General Assembly.

Section 5.(c) Liberal Construction. – This act, being necessary for the health and welfare of the people of the State, shall be liberally construed to effect its purposes.

Section 5.(d) Severability. – If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, that invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.

Section 6. Repair and Renovation Reports. – The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall report annually to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee on the condition of all of the University's capital facilities, including a status report on all repair, renovation, and maintenance projects being undertaken and an assessment of needs for additional funding to repair, renovate, and maintain the facilities.

The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall also study the repairs and renovations formula currently utilized with respect to funding for the Repairs and Renovations Reserve Account to determine whether it adequately takes into account all of the appropriate maintenance needs of each constituent and affiliated institution, and shall recommend to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations and the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee any changes necessary to improve the formula. The Board shall make recommendations on the scope and adequacy of the methodology used to calculate the funding for the repairs and renovations reserve as specified in G.S. 143-15.2.

Section 7. Minority Business Participation. – The goals set by G.S. 143-128 for participation in projects by minority businesses apply to projects funded by the proceeds of bonds or notes issued under this act. The following State agencies shall monitor compliance with this requirement and shall report to the General Assembly by January 1 of each year on the participation by minority businesses in these projects. The State Construction Office, Department of Administration, shall monitor compliance with regard to projects funded by the proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes and special obligation bonds and notes; the Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall provide the State Construction Office any information required by the State Construction Office to monitor compliance. The Community Colleges System Office shall monitor compliance with regard to projects funded by the proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes.

Section 8. Private Resources for University Improvements. — The Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina shall review the recommendations in the "Capital Equity and Adequacy Study"regarding the potential for increased use of private resources in providing University facilities. The Board of Governors shall study the potential for private development of these facilities as student housing, public/private partnerships for joint development of facilities, establishment of a private nonprofit corporation to assist in development of University facilities, and any other alternatives the Board considers appropriate and feasible. The Board of Governors shall develop recommendations and proposals to implement these recommendations and report these proposals to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by April 15, 2000.

 Section 9. Article 36 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 143-342.2. Restriction on naming construction projects funded by the State.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no construction project funded in whole or in part from State funds shall be named for a member of the General Assembly or the Council of State during the time the person is holding office either as a member of the General Assembly or the Council of State."

Section 10. The questions of the issuance of the bonds authorized by Articles 2 and 4 of Chapter 116D of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, and authorized by Sections 2 and 3 of this act, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the statewide primary election to be held in May 2000. Any other primary, election, or referendum validly called or scheduled by law at the time the election on the bond question provided for in this section is held may be held as called or scheduled. Notice of the election shall be given in the manner and at the times required by G.S. 163-33(8). The election and the registration of voters therefor shall be held under and in accordance with the general laws of the State. Absentee ballots shall be authorized in the election.

The State Board of Elections shall reimburse the counties of the State for all necessary expenses incurred in holding the election that are in addition to those that would have otherwise been incurred, the same to be paid out of the Contingency and Emergency Fund or other funds available to the State Board of Elections.

Ballots, voting systems authorized by Article 14 of Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, or both may be used in accordance with rules prescribed by the State Board of Elections. The bond questions to be used in the ballots or voting systems shall be in substantially the following form:

[] FOR [] AGAINST

the issuance of one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) State of North Carolina University Improvement General Obligation Bonds constituting general obligation bonds of the State secured by a pledge of the faith and credit and taxing power of the State for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, to pay the cost of capital improvements for constituent or affiliated institutions and the Center for Public Television of The University of North Carolina.

[]FOR []AGAINST

the issuance of two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000) State of North Carolina Community College General Obligation Bonds constituting general obligation bonds of the State secured by a pledge of the faith and credit and taxing power of the State for the purpose of providing funds, together with other available funds, to make grants to community colleges to pay all or a portion of the cost of providing capital improvements.

If a majority of those voting on a bond question in the election vote in favor of the issuance of the bonds described in the question, those bonds may be issued as provided in this act. If a majority of those voting on a bond question in the election do not vote for the issuance of the bonds described in the question, those bonds shall not be issued.

- The results of the election shall be canvassed and declared as provided by law 2 for elections for State officers; the results of the election shall be certified by the State Board of Elections to the Secretary of State, in the manner and at the time provided by 4 the general election laws of the State.
- Section 11. This act is effective when it becomes law. 5