GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

SENATE BILL 257

Short Title:	UCC Article 9 Amendments-AB.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senator Hartsell.	
Deferred to.	Indiaiomy I	

Referred to: Judiciary I.

February 27, 2001

1			A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO F	EVISI	E ARTICLE 9 OF THE UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE TO
3	GIVE THE	E SEC	RETARY OF STATE THE AUTHORITY TO PREVENT
4	FRAUDUL	ENT F	ILINGS AGAINST PUBLIC EMPLOYEES OR OFFICIALS.
5	The General As	sembly	y of North Carolina enacts:
6	SEC'	ΓΙΟΝ	1. G.S. 25-9-516(b) reads as rewritten:
7	"(b) Refus	sal to a	accept record; filing does not occur Filing does not occur with
8	respect to a reco	ord that	t a filing office refuses to accept because:
9	(1)	The	record is not communicated by a method or medium of
10		comr	nunication authorized by the filing office; office.
11	(2)	An a	mount equal to or greater than the applicable filing fee is not
12		tende	e red; tendered.
13	(3)	The f	filing office is unable to index the record because:
14		a.	In the case of an initial financing statement, the record does not
15			provide a name for the debtor;
16		b.	In the case of an amendment or correction statement, the record:
17			1. Does not identify the initial financing statement as
18			required by G.S. 25-9-512 or G.S. 25-9-518, as
19			applicable; or
20			2. Identifies an initial financing statement whose
21			effectiveness has lapsed under G.S. 25-9-515;
22		c.	In the case of an initial financing statement that provides the
23			name of a debtor identified as an individual or an amendment
24			that provides a name of a debtor identified as an individual
25			which was not previously provided in the financing statement to
26			which the record relates, the record does not identify the
27			debtor's last name; or

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1		d. In the case of a record filed in the filing office described in G.S.
2		25-9-501(a)(1), the record does not provide a sufficient
3		description of the real property to which it relates; relates.
4	(4)	In the case of an initial financing statement or an amendment that adds
5		a secured party of record, the record does not provide a name and
6		mailing address for the secured party of record; record.
7	(5)	In the case of an initial financing statement or an amendment that
8		provides a name of a debtor which was not previously provided in the
9		financing statement to which the amendment relates, the record does
10		not:
11		a. Provide a mailing address for the debtor;
12		b. Indicate whether the debtor is an individual or an organization;
13		or
14		c. If the financing statement indicates that the debtor is an
15		organization, provide:
16		1. A type of organization for the debtor;
17		 A jurisdiction of organization for the debtor; or
18		3. An organizational identification number for the debtor or
19		indicate that the debtor has none; none.
20	(6)	In the case of an assignment reflected in an initial financing statement
20 21	(0)	under G.S. 25-9-514(a) or an amendment filed under G.S. 25-9-514(b),
22		the record does not provide a name and mailing address for the
22		assignee; orassignee.
23	(7)	In the case of a continuation statement, the record is not filed within
	(7)	
25	(0)	the six-month period prescribed by G.S. 25-9-515(d).
26	<u>(8)</u>	In the case of a record presented for filing at the Office of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of State determines that (i) the record
27		Secretary of State, the Secretary of State determines that (i) the record
28		identifies as a debtor any person who is currently an employee of the
29		United States of America, or any state, county, or local government
30		thereof, and (ii) the record is not related to a facially valid security
31		agreement that is valid on its face or is otherwise intended for an
32		improper purpose, such as to hinder or harass the employee, or to
33		interfere with the employee in the performance of a public duty."
34		FION 2. G.S. 25-9-518(b)(3) reads as rewritten:
35	"(3)	Provide the basis for the person's belief that the record is inaccurate
36		and indicate the manner in which the person believes the record should
37		be amended to cure any inaccuracy or provide the basis for the
38		person's belief that the record was wrongfully filed. A correction
39		statement that is subject to the provisions of subsection (b1) of this
40		section shall include a written certification, under oath, by the
41		employee that the contents of the correction statement are true and
42		accurate to the best of the employee's knowledge."
43	SEC	FION 3. G.S. 25-9-518 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

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1	"(b1) In the case of a correction statement alleging that a previously filed record
2	was wrongfully filed and that it should have been rejected under G.S. 25-9-516(b)(8),
3	the Secretary of State shall, without undue delay, determine whether the contested
4	record was wrongfully filed and should have been rejected. If the Secretary of State
5	finds that the record was wrongfully filed and should have been rejected under G.S. 25-
6	9-516(b)(8), the Secretary of State shall cancel the record and it shall be void and of no
7	effect."
8	SECTION 4. G.S.25-9-520 reads as rewritten:
9	"§ 25-9-520. Acceptance and refusal to accept record.Acceptance, refusal to accept
10	record and cancellation of record.
11	(a) Mandatory refusal to accept record. – A filing office shall refuse to accept a
12	record for filing for a reason set forth in G.S. 25-9-516(b) and may refuse to accept a
13	record for filing only for a reason set forth in G.S. 25-9-516(b).
14	(b) Communication concerning refusal. – If a filing office refuses to accept a
15	record for filing, it shall communicate to the person that presented the record the fact of
16	and reason for the refusal and the date and time the record would have been filed had
17	the filing office accepted it. The communication must be made at the time and in the
18	manner prescribed by filing-office rule but in no event more than three business days
19	after the filing office receives the record.
20	(c) When filed financing statement effective. – A filed financing statement
21	satisfying G.S. 25-9-502(a) and (b) is effective, even if the filing office is required to
22	refuse to accept it for filing under subsection (a) of this section. However, G.S.
23	25-9-338 applies to a filed financing statement providing information described in G.S.
24	25-9-516(b)(5) which is incorrect at the time the financing statement is filed.
25	(d) Separate application to multiple debtors. – If a record communicated to a
26	filing office provides information that relates to more than one debtor, this Part applies
27	as to each debtor separately.
28	$(e) \qquad \underline{\text{Appeal.}} $
29 20	(1) If the Secretary of State refuses to accept a record for filing pursuant to G.S. 25-9-516(b)(8), or cancels a wrongfully filed record pursuant to
30 31	
31 32	<u>G.S. 25-9-518(b1), the secured party may file an appeal within 30 days</u> after the refusal or cancellation in the Superior Court of Wake County.
32 33	Filing a petition requesting to be allowed to file the document
33 34	commences the appeal. The petition shall be filed with the court and
34	with the Secretary of State and shall have the record attached to it.
36	Upon the commencement of an appeal, it shall be set for hearing at the
30 37	earliest possible time and shall take precedence over all matters except
38	older matters of the same character. The appeal to the Superior Court
39	is not governed by Article 3, 3A, or 4 of Chapter 150B of the General
40	Statutes, and shall be determined upon such further notice and
41	opportunity to be heard, if any, as the court may deem appropriate
42	under the circumstances. The court shall permit the joinder of any
43	interested party that would be allowed under the Rules of Civil
44	Procedure.

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1	<u>(2)</u>	Upon consideration of the petition and other appropriate pleadings, the
2		court may order the Secretary of State to file the record or take other
3		action the court considers appropriate, including the entry of orders
4		affirming, reversing, or otherwise modifying the decision of the
5		Secretary of State. The court may order any other relief, including
6		equitable relief, as may be appropriate.
7	<u>(3)</u>	The court's final decision may be appealed as in other civil
8		proceedings.
9	<u>(4)</u>	The court shall not enter an order awarding costs and attorneys' fees
10		against the Secretary of State."
11	SECT	TON 5. This act becomes effective October 1, 2001, and applies to
12	documents filed	on or after that date.