GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

S SENATE BILL 773

Short Title: Education Opportunity & Excellence Act of 2001. (Public)

Sponsors: Senators Albertson; Ballance, Clodfelter, Dannelly, Gulley, Hoyle, Kinnaird, Lucas, Martin of Guilford, Shaw of Cumberland, Soles,

Warren, and Weinstein.

Referred to: Finance.

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April 2, 2001

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR EDUCATIONAL 3 OPPORTUNITIES FOR AT-RISK STUDENTS BY RAISING THE STATE 4 SALES AND USE TAX BY ONE-HALF CENT AND TO PROVIDE 5 ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR PUBLIC SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION AT THE WITHOUT INCREASING 6 LOCAL LEVEL PROPERTY **TAXES** 7 AUTHORIZING COUNTIES TO LEVY AN ADDITIONAL ONE-HALF CENT 8 LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

PART 1. STATE SALES AND USE TAX.

SECTION 1. The introductory language of G.S. 105-164.4(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) A privilege tax is imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of the retailer's net taxable sales or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is four percent (4%).and one-half percent (4.5%)."

SECTION 2. Part 8 of Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 105-164.44F. Transfer to Department of Public Instruction for the Basic Education Opportunities Fund.

Each fiscal year, the Secretary shall transfer at the end of each quarter from the State sales and use tax net collections received by the Department of Revenue under Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes to the Basic Education Opportunities Fund created in G.S. 115C-495, one-fourth of three hundred ninety-nine million five hundred thousand dollars (\$399,500,000) plus or minus the percentage of that amount by which the total collection of State sales and use taxes increased or decreased during the preceding fiscal year."

1 **SECTION 3.** Subchapter VII of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is 2 amended by adding a new Article to read:

3 "Article 35A. 4

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"Basic Education Opportunities Fund.

"§ 115C-495. Creation of Fund; administration.

- The Basic Education Opportunities Fund is created in the Department of Public Instruction.
- Each fiscal year, at the end of each quarter, the Secretary of Revenue shall deposit with the State Treasurer in the Basic Education Opportunities Fund the amount required under G.S. 105-164.44F. All funds deposited in the Basic Education Opportunities Fund shall be invested as provided in G.S. 147-69.2 and G.S. 147-69.3.
- The Fund shall be administered by the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education may make grants from the Fund for one or more of the following:
 - To meet the constitutional obligation to provide all students with a (1) sound basic education.
 - To improve the academic performance of children identified as at risk <u>(2)</u> of academic failure.
 - To reduce school discipline and behavioral problems. (3)
 - To reduce student dropout rates. (4)

"§ 115C-496. Grants from the Fund.

The board of education and the boards of county commissioners of the county in which the local school administrative unit is located in whole or in part shall apply iointly for a grant from the Fund to meet a particular need in the local school administrative unit. Grants may be made only for projects that address one or more of the purposes specified in G.S. 115-495.

The application shall contain information on how the funds requested would be used and how much State money is required for the project. The application shall also include an analysis of the educational needs of the county and a long-range plan for meeting those needs."

PART 2. LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX.

SECTION 4. Subchapter VIII of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read:

"Article 44.

"Third Supplemental Local Government Sales and Use Taxes."

"§ 105-515. Short title.

This Article shall be known as the Third Supplemental Local Government Sales and Use Tax Act.

"§ 105-516. Purpose and intent.

It is the purpose of this Article to afford the counties and cities of this State an opportunity to obtain an added source of revenue with which to meet their growing financial needs and to reduce their reliance on other revenues, such as the property tax and federal revenue sharing, by providing all counties of the State that are subject to this Article with authority to levy one-half cent $(1/2\phi)$ sales and use taxes.

"§ 105-517. Limitations.

This Article applies only to counties that levy the first one-cent (1ϕ) sales and use tax under Article 39 of this Chapter or under Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws, the first one-half cent $(1/2\phi)$ local sales and use tax under Article 40 of this Chapter, and the second one-half cent $(1/2\phi)$ local sales and use tax under Article 42 of this Chapter.

"§ 105-518. Levy.

- (a) Authority. If the majority of those voting in a referendum held pursuant to this Article vote for the levy of the taxes, the board of commissioners of the county may, by resolution, levy one percent (1%) local sales and use taxes in addition to any other State and local sales and use taxes levied pursuant to law.
- (b) Vote. The board of commissioners of a county may direct the county board of elections to conduct an advisory referendum on the question of whether to levy local one percent (1%) sales and use taxes in the county as provided in this Article. The election shall be held on a date jointly agreed upon by the two boards and shall be held in accordance with the procedures of G.S. 163-287.
- (c) Ballot Question. The form of the question to be presented on a ballot for a special election concerning the levy of the taxes authorized by this Article shall be:

'[]FOR []AGAINST

one-half percent (1/2 %) local sales and use taxes, in addition to the current local sales and use taxes.'

"§ 105-519. Administration.

Except as provided in this Article, the adoption, levy, collection, administration, distribution, and repeal of the additional taxes authorized by this Article shall be in accordance with Article 39 of this Chapter.

A tax levied under this Article does not apply to the sales price of food that is exempt from tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13B.

"§ 105-520. Use.

- (a) Use. Except as provided by subsection (c) of this section, one hundred percent (100%) of the net proceeds of the tax authorized by this Article received by a county may be used by the county only for public school capital outlay purposes as defined in G.S. 115C-426(f) or to retire any indebtedness incurred by the county for these purposes. Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, fifty percent (50%) of the net proceeds of the tax authorized by this Article received by a municipality may be used by the municipality only for water and sewer capital outlay projects.
- (b) Nonsupplant Restriction. It is the purpose of this Article for counties to increase the level of county spending for public school capital outlay and for municipalities to increase the level of municipality spending for water and sewer capital outlay projects above the level of spending before the levy of the tax authorized in this Article. A county or municipality that receives proceeds from a tax levied under this Article must continue to spend for these purposes the same amount of money it would have spent for these purposes if it had not levied the tax.
- (c) Waiver. The Local Government Commission may, upon petition by a county or municipality, authorize the entity to use part or all its tax revenue, otherwise restricted by subsection (a) of this section, for any lawful purpose. The petition shall be in the form of a resolution adopted by the board of county commissioners or the

governing body of the municipality and transmitted to the Local Government Commission. The petition shall demonstrate that the county can provide for its public school capital needs or that the municipality can provide for its water and sewer capital needs without restricting the use of part or all of the designated amount of the additional one-half percent (1/2%) sales and use tax revenue for that purpose.

In making its decision, the Local Government Commission shall consider information contained in the petition concerning not only the public school capital needs of the county or the water and sewer capital needs of the municipality, but also the other capital needs of the petitioning county or municipality. The Commission may also consider information from sources other than the petition. The Commission shall issue a written decision on each petition stating the findings of the Commission concerning the public school capital needs of the petitioning county or the water and sewer capital needs of the municipality and the percentage of revenue otherwise restricted by subsection (a) of this section that may be used by the petitioning county or municipality for any lawful purpose.

Decisions of the Commission allowing counties or municipalities to use a percentage of their tax revenue that would otherwise be restricted under subsection (a) of this section for any lawful purpose are final and shall continue in effect until the restrictions imposed by that subsection expire. A county or municipality whose petition is denied, in whole or in part, by the Commission may subsequently submit a new petition to the Commission."

SECTION 5. G.S. 159-11 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(e) In each year in which a general reappraisal of real property has been conducted, the budget officer shall include in the budget, for comparison purposes, a statement of the revenue-neutral property tax rate for the budget of the local government unit and for the budgets of every other unit for which it collects taxes. The revenue-neutral property tax rate is the rate that is estimated to produce revenue for the next fiscal year equal to the revenue that was produced for the current fiscal year."

SECTION 6. G.S. 159-12(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) On the same day that he—the budget officer submits the budget to the governing board, the budget officer shall file a copy of it in the office of the clerk to the board where it shall remain available for public inspection until the budget ordinance is adopted. The clerk shall make a copy of the budget available to all news media in the county. He—The budget officer shall also publish a statement that the budget has been submitted to the governing board, and is available for public inspection in the office of the clerk to the board. The statement shall also give notice of the time and place of the budget hearing required by subsection (b) of this section.section, and, in each year in which a general appraisal for real property has been conducted, the revenue-neutral tax rate for the budget of the local government unit."

SECTION 7. A tax levied under Article 44 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, does not apply to construction materials purchased to fulfill a lump-sum or unit-price contract entered into or awarded before the effective date of the levy or entered into or awarded pursuant to a bid made before the effective

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date of the levy when the construction materials would otherwise be subject to the tax levied under Article 44 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes.

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SECTION 8. Sections 1 and 3 of this act become effective July 1, 2002, and apply to sales made on or after that date. Section 2 of this act becomes effective October 1, 2002. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. A local

6 sales and use tax levied under Article 44 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, enacted

pursuant to Section 4 of this act, may not become effective earlier than July 1, 2002.