GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

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HOUSE BILL 669 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/9/03

Short Title: I	Hospital Licensure/Critical Access Hospital.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	March 26, 2003	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO	AMEND THE DEFINITION OF A "PRIMARY CARE I	HOSPITAL" TO
REFLECT	FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS.	
The General A	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SEC	CTION 1. G.S. 131E-76 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 131E-76. I	Definitions.	
As used in	this article, unless otherwise specified:	
(1)	"Commission" means the North Carolina Medical Care	
(2)	"Governing body" means the Board of Trustees, Boa	
	partnership, corporation, association, person or group	•
	maintain and control the hospital. The governing body	•
	be the owner of the properties in which the hospi	tal services are
	provided.	
(3)	"Hospital" means any facility which has an organize	
	and which is designed, used, and operated to provi	
	diagnostic and therapeutic services, and continuou	•
	primarily to inpatients where such care and services are	
	the supervision and direction of physicians licensed un	
	of the General Statutes, Article 1, to two or more perso	
	in excess of 24 hours. The term includes facilities for the	
	treatment of disorders within the scope of specific he	
	The term does not include private mental facilities	
	Article 2 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes,	•
	licensed under G.S. 131E-102, and adult care homes	ncensed under
(4)	G.S. 131D-2.	ional institution
(4)	"Infirmary" means a unit of a school, or similar educati	
	which has the primary purpose to provide limited sl	iort-term nearth
	and nursing services to its students.	

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- (5) "Medical review committee" means a committee of a State or local professional society, of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or a committee of a peer review corporation or organization which is formed for the purpose of evaluating the quality, cost of, or necessity for hospitalization or health care, including medical staff credentialing.
- (6) "Primary care hospital" "Critical access hospital" means a hospital which has been designated as a primary care critical access hospital by the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Rural Health and Resource Development. To be designated as a primary care critical access hospital under this subdivision, the hospital must be located in a rural community, provide primary care inpatient services that do not include inpatient surgery, and provide outpatient services which may include outpatient surgery. A primary care hospital shall have a maximum annual average daily census of 15 patients and may have psychiatric and long-term care distinct part units. A primary care hospital must be part of a rural hospital network.meet the requirements of federal law for certification as a critical access hospital. A hospital designated as a critical access hospital shall, at a minimum, offer primary outpatient services and ensure the availability of 24-hour emergency services. A critical access hospital must be part of a rural hospital network.
- (7) "Rural hospital network" means an alliance of members that shall include at least one primary care critical access hospital and one other hospital. To qualify as a rural hospital network, the members critical access hospital must submit a comprehensive, written memorandum of understanding to the Department of Health and Human Services for the Department's approval. The memorandum of understanding must include provisions for patient referral and transfer, a plan for network-wide emergency services, and a plan for sharing patient information and services between hospital members including medical staff credentialing, risk management, quality assurance, and peer review."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.