SENATE BILL 421*

Short Title: Amend Child Welfare Laws.-AB

(Public)

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Senators Thomas, Metcalf, and Rand. Sponsors:

Referred to: Judiciary II.

March 17, 2003

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 2 AN ACT TO CLARIFY AND MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE 3 CHILD WELFARE LAWS AND TO ENHANCE THE STATE'S ABILITY TO 4 PROTECT CHILDREN. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: **SECTION 1.** G.S. 7B-407 reads as rewritten: 6 7 "§ 7B-407. Service of summons. 8 The summons shall be personally served in accordance with G.S. 1A-1, Rule 4(j) upon the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker, not less than five days prior to the 9 10 date of the scheduled hearing. The time for service may be waived in the discretion of 11 the court. 12 If the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker entitled to receive a summons cannot be found by a diligent effort, the court may authorize service of the summons and 13 14 petition by mail or by publication. The cost of the service by publication shall be advanced by the petitioner and may be charged as court costs as the court may direct. 15 16 If the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker is personally served as herein 17 provided and fails without reasonable cause to appear and to bring the juvenile before the court, the parent, guardian, custodian, or caretaker may be proceeded against as for 18 contempt of court." 19 20 SECTION 2. G.S. 7B-1109(d) reads as rewritten: The court may for good cause shown continue the hearing for such time as is 21 "(d) 22 reasonably required for receiving to receive additional evidence, any reports or 23 assessments which the court has requested, or any other information needed in the best interests of the juvenile.juvenile and to allow for a reasonable time for the parties to 24 25 conduct expeditious discovery. Otherwise, continuances shall be granted only in extraordinary circumstances when necessary for the proper administration of justice or 26 in the best interest of the juvenile. If the court, pursuant to this subsection, continues the 27 hearing to a time that is more than 90 days from the filing of the initial petition or 28

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1	motion, the court shall reduce its order to writing and state in the written order its reason
2	for granting the continuance."
3	SECTION 3. G.S. 110-132(a) reads as rewritten:
4	"(a) In lieu of or in conclusion of any legal proceeding instituted to establish
5	paternity, the written affidavits of parentage executed by the putative father and the
6	mother of the dependent child shall constitute an admission of paternity and shall have
7	the same legal effect as a judgment of paternity for the purpose of establishing a child
8	support obligation, paternity, subject to the right of either signatory to rescind within the
9	earlier of:
10	(1) 60 days of the date the document is executed, or
11	(2) The date of entry of an order establishing paternity or an order for the
12	payment of child support."
13	SECTION 4. G.S. 115C-378 reads as rewritten:
14	"§ 115C-378. Children required to attend.
15	Every parent, guardian or other person in this State having charge or control of a
16	child between the ages of seven and 16 years shall cause such child to attend school
17	continuously for a period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is
18	assigned shall be in session. Every parent, guardian, or other person in this State having
19	charge or control of a child under age seven who is enrolled in a public school in grades
20	kindergarten through two shall also cause such child to attend school continuously for a
21	period equal to the time which the public school to which the child is assigned shall be
22	in session unless the child has withdrawn from school. No person shall encourage,
23	entice or counsel any such child to be unlawfully absent from school. The parent,
24	guardian, or custodian of a child shall notify the school of the reason for each known
25	absence of the child, in accordance with local school policy.
26	The principal, superintendent, or teacher who is in charge of such school shall have
27	the right to excuse a child temporarily from attendance on account of sickness or other
28	unavoidable cause which does not constitute unlawful absence as defined by the State
29	Board of Education. The term "school" as used herein is defined to embrace all public
30	schools and such nonpublic schools as have teachers and curricula that are approved by
31	the State Board of Education.
32	All nonpublic schools receiving and instructing children of a compulsory school age
33	shall be required to keep such records of attendance and render such reports of the
34	attendance of such children and maintain such minimum curriculum standards as are
35	required of public schools; and attendance upon such schools, if the school refuses or
36	neglects to keep such records or to render such reports, shall not be accepted in lieu of
37	attendance upon the public school of the district to which the child shall be assigned:
38	Provided, that instruction in a nonpublic school shall not be regarded as meeting the
39	requirements of the law unless the courses of instruction run concurrently with the term
40	of the public school in the district and extend for at least as long a term.
11	The principal or his designed shall notify the parent guardian or sustadian of his

The principal or his designee shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian of his child's excessive absences after the child has accumulated three unexcused absences in a school year. After not more than six unexcused absences, the principal shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian by mail that he may be in violation of the Compulsory

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Attendance Law and may be prosecuted if the absences cannot be justified under the 1 2 established attendance policies of the State and local boards of education. Once the 3 parents are notified, the school attendance counselor shall work with the child and his family to analyze the causes of the absences and determine steps, including adjustment 4 5 of the school program or obtaining supplemental services, to eliminate the problem. The 6 attendance counselor may request that a law-enforcement officer accompany him if he 7 believes that a home visit is necessary. After 10 accumulated unexcused absences in a school year-year, the principal shall 8 9 review any report or investigation prepared under G.S. 115C-381 and shall confer with 10 the student and his parent, guardian, or custodian-custodian, if possible possible, to determine whether the parent, guardian, or custodian has received notification pursuant 11

12 to this section and made a good faith effort to comply with the law. If the principal 13 determines that the parent, guardian, or custodian has not, not made a good faith effort

14 <u>to comply with the law, he the principal shall notify the district attorney attorney and the</u>

15 director of social services of the county or city where the case arose. After the principal 16 has made a determination based on the report or investigation prepared pursuant to G.S.

17 115C-381, the director shall then decide whether to undertake a protective services

18 assessment against the parent, guardian, or custodian for educational neglect. If he the principal determines that the parent, guardian, or custodian has, made a good faith effort 19 20 to comply with the law, he the principal may file a complaint with the juvenile court 21 counselor pursuant to Chapter 7B of the General Statutes that the child is habitually absent from school without a valid excuse. Evidence that shows that the parents, 22 23 guardian, or custodian were notified and that the child has accumulated 10 absences 24 which cannot be justified under the established attendance policies of the local board 25 shall establish a prima facie case that the child's parent, guardian, or custodian is

26 responsible for the absences."

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SECTION 5. G.S. 131D-10.6B reads as rewritten:

28 "§ 131D-10.6B. Report of death.Maintaining a register of applicants by the 29 Division of Social Services.

A facility licensed under this Article shall notify the Department immediately 30 (a) upon the death of any resident of the facility that occurs within seven days of physical 31 32 restraint of the resident, and shall notify the Department within three days of the death of any resident of the facility resulting from violence, accident, suicide, or homicide. 33 The Department may assess a civil penalty of not less than five hundred dollars 34 (\$500.00) and not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) against a facility that fails to 35 notify the Department of a death and the circumstances surrounding the death known to 36 the facility. Chapter 150B of the General Statutes governs the assessment of a penalty 37 38 under this section. A civil penalty owed under this section may be recovered in a civil action brought by the Department or the Attorney General. The clear proceeds of the 39 penalty shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit in accordance with State law. 40 The Division of Social Services shall keep a register of all family foster and 41 (a1) 42 therapeutic foster home applicants. The register shall be available to the public upon request and upon payment of a reasonable fee for copying as established by the Division 43 of Social Services. The register shall state all of the following: 44

1	(1) The name, age, and address of each applicant.
2	(2) The date of the application.
3	(3) The applicant's supervising agency.
4	(4) Any mandated training completed by the applicant and the dates of
5	training.
6	(5) Whether the applicant was licensed and the date of the initial licensure.
7	(6) The current licensing period.
8	(7) <u>Any adverse licensing actions.</u>
9	(8) Any other information deemed necessary by the Division of Social
10	<u>Services.</u>
11	(b) Upon receipt of notification from a facility in accordance with subsection (a)
12	of this section, the Department shall notify the Governor's Advocacy Council for
13	Persons With Disabilities that a person with a disability has died. The Department shall
14	provide the Council access to the information about each death reported to the Council
15	pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, including information resulting from any
16	investigation of the death by the Department, and from reports received from the Chief
17	Medical Examiner pursuant to G.S. 130A-385. The Council shall use the information in
18	accordance with its powers and duties under G.S. 143B-403.1 and applicable federal
19	law and regulations.
20	(b1) Applications of family foster and therapeutic foster home applicants and all
21	other related materials, including letters of reference, mutual home assessments, or
22	medical, psychological, financial, or other personal background information or history
23	of applicants, the applicants' family, or members of the applicants' household, shall be
24	treated as confidential and not as 'public records' subject to disclosure pursuant to
25	Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.
26	(c) If the death of a resident of the facility occurs within seven days of the use of
27	physical restraint, the Department shall initiate immediately an investigation of the
28	death.
29	(d) Nothing in this section abrogates State or federal law or requirements
30	pertaining to the confidentiality, privilege, or other prohibition against disclosure of
31	information provided to the Department or the Council. In carrying out the requirements
32	of this section, the Department and the Council shall adhere to State and federal
33	requirements of confidentiality, privilege, and other prohibitions against disclosure and
34	release applicable to the information received under this section. A facility or provider
35	that makes available confidential information in accordance with this section and with
36	State and federal law is not liable for the release of the information.
37	(e) The Secretary shall establish a standard reporting format for reporting deaths
38	pursuant to this section and shall provide to facilities subject to this section a form for
39	the facility's use in complying with this section."
40	SECTION 6. G.S. 143B-150.20 reads as rewritten:
41	"§ 143B-150.20. State Child Fatality Review Team; establishment; purpose;
42	powers; duties; report by Division of Social Services.
43	(a) There is established in the Department of Health and Human Services,
44	Division of Social Services, a State Child Fatality Review Team to conduct in-depth

reviews of any child fatalities which have occurred involving children and families involved with local departments of social services child protective services in the 12 months preceding the fatality. Steps in this in-depth review shall include interviews with any individuals determined to have pertinent information as well as examination of any written materials containing pertinent information.

6 (b) The purpose of these reviews shall be to implement a team approach to 7 identifying factors which may have contributed to conditions leading to the fatality and 8 to develop recommendations for improving coordination between local and State 9 entities which might have avoided the threat of injury or fatality and to identify 10 appropriate remedies. The Division of Social Services shall make public the findings and recommendations developed for each fatality reviewed relating to improving 11 12 coordination between local and State entities. These findings shall not be admissible as 13 evidence in any civil or administrative proceedings against individuals or entities that 14 participate in child fatality reviews conducted pursuant to this section. The State Child 15 Fatality Review Team shall consult with the appropriate district attorney in accordance 16 with G.S. 7B-2902(d) prior to the public release of the findings and recommendations.

17 (c) The State Child Fatality Review Team shall include representatives of the 18 local departments of social services and the Division of Social Services, a member of 19 the local Community Child Protection Team, a member of the local child fatality 20 prevention team, a representative from local law enforcement, a prevention specialist, 21 and a medical professional.

The State Child Fatality Review Team shall have access to all medical 22 (d) 23 records, hospital records, and records maintained by this State, any county, or any local 24 agency as necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection, including police investigative data, medical examiner investigative data, health records, mental health 25 records, and social services records. The State Child Fatality Review Team may receive 26 27 a copy of any reviewed materials necessary to the conduct of the fatality review. Any member of the State Child Fatality Review Team may share, only in an official meeting 28 29 of the State Child Fatality Review Team, any information available to that member that 30 the State Child Fatality Review Team needs to carry out its duties.

Pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, if a request for records by the State 31 (d1) 32 Child Fatality Review Team is denied or a response to its request is not immediately 33 forthcoming, the State Child Fatality Review Team may apply for an order compelling disclosure. The application shall state, with reasonable particularity, factors supporting 34 35 the need for an order compelling disclosure. The State Child Fatality Review Team shall file the application in Wake County Superior Court and the Court shall have jurisdiction 36 to issue any orders compelling disclosure. Actions brought pursuant to this section shall 37 38 be scheduled for immediate hearing, and subsequent proceedings in these actions shall 39 be given priority by the appellate courts. After a hearing, the Court shall issue an order compelling disclosure unless the court finds that the disclosure of the requested records 40 is not permitted by federal law and regulations. 41

42 (e) Meetings of the State Child Fatality Review Team are not subject to the
43 provisions of Article 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. However, the State
44 Child Fatality Review Team may hold periodic public meetings to discuss, in a general

manner not revealing confidential information about children and families, the findings 1 2 of their reviews and their recommendations for preventive actions. Minutes of all public 3 meetings, excluding those of closed sessions, shall be kept in compliance with Article 4 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. Any minutes or any other information 5 generated during any executive session shall be sealed from public inspection.

6 (f) All otherwise confidential information and records acquired by the State 7 Child Fatality Review Team, in the exercise of its duties are confidential; are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any proceedings except pursuant to an 8 9 order of the court; and may only be disclosed as necessary to carry out the purposes of 10 the State Child Fatality Review Team. In addition, all otherwise confidential information and records created by the State Child Fatality Review Team in the exercise 11 12 of its duties are confidential; are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any proceedings; and may only be disclosed as necessary to carry out the purposes of 13 14 the State Child Fatality Review Team. No member of the State Child Fatality Review 15 Team, nor any person who attends a meeting of the State Child Fatality Review Team, 16 may testify in any proceeding about what transpired at the meeting, about information 17 presented at the meeting, or about opinions formed by the person as a result of the 18 meetings. This subsection shall not, however, prohibit a person from testifying in a civil or criminal action about matters within that person's independent knowledge. 19

20 Each member of the State Child Fatality Review Team and invited participant (g) 21 shall sign a statement indicating an understanding of and adherence to confidentiality requirements, including the possible civil or criminal consequences of any breach of 22 23 confidentiality.

24 The Division of Social Services, Department of Health and Human Services, (h) shall report to the members of the Senate Appropriations Committee on Human 25 Resources, the House of Representatives Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and 26 27 Human Services, and the Fiscal Research Division on the activities of the State Child Fatality Review Team including recommendations for changes in the statewide child 28 29 protection system no later than October 1 of each year."

30 **SECTION 7.** G.S. 153A-257 is amended by adding a new subsection to 31 read:

32 "(d) If two or more county departments of social services differ regarding the legal 33 residence of a minor in a child abuse, neglect, or dependency case, either county department of social services may refer the factual situation to the Department of Health 34 35 and Human Services, Division of Social Services. After reviewing the pertinent background facts of the case, the Director of the Division of Social Services or the 36 Director's designee shall determine which county department of social services shall be 37 38 responsible for providing protective services and financial support for the minor in question. Since the Department of Health and Human Services is the supervising agency 39 under Chapter 108A of the General Statutes for the county-administered programs, the 40 determination of the Director or the Director's designee regarding the minor's legal 41 42 residence for social services purposes is binding upon the county departments of social services and counties and is not subject to judicial review." 43 44

SECTION 8. This act is effective when it becomes law.