## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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## HOUSE BILL 853 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/12/07

Short Title: Proh	ibit Corporal Punishment in Schools.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		
	March 15, 2007	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO PI	ROHIBIT THE USE OF CORPORAL PUNISHMI	ENT IN THE
PUBLIC SCHO	OOLS.	
	nbly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTIO	<b>ON 1.</b> G.S. 115C-391 reads as rewritten:	
"§ 115C-391. Corporal punishment, suspension, Suspension or expulsion of		
pupils.students; corporal punishment prohibited.		
	oards of education shall adopt policies not inconsi	
provisions of the Constitutions of the United States and North Carolina, governing the		
conduct of students and establishing procedures to be followed by school officials in		
suspending or expelling any student, or in disciplining any student if the offensive		
behavior could result in suspension, expulsion, or the administration of corporal		
punishment.suspension or expulsion. Local boards of education shall adopt policies that		
prohibit both the administration of corporal punishment and the threat of corporal		
	l boards of education shall include a reasonable o	dress code for
students in these po		
The policies that shall be adopted for the administration of corporal punishment shall		
include at a minimum the following conditions:		
	orporal punishment shall not be administered in a c	Hassroom with
	ther children present;	1.4
` '	he student body shall be informed beforehand what g	eneral types of
	nisconduct could result in corporal punishment;	1
	only a teacher, substitute teacher, principal, or assistant	
	dminister corporal punishment and may do so only in the	
	principal, assistant principal, teacher, substitute te	
	esistant, or student teacher, who shall be informed before student's presence of the reason for the punishment.	
	ne student's presence of the reason for the punishment;	
<del>(4)</del> A	n appropriate school official shall provide the chi	ild's parent or

administered, and upon request, the official who administered the corporal punishment shall provide the child's parent or guardian a written explanation of the reasons and the name of the second school official who was present.

Each local board shall publish all the policies mandated by this subsection and make them available to each student and his parent or guardian at the beginning of each school year. Notwithstanding any policy adopted pursuant to this section, school personnel may use reasonable force, including corporal punishment, force to control behavior or to remove a person from the scene in those situations when necessary:

(1) To quell a disturbance threatening injury to others;

 (2) To obtain possession of weapons or other dangerous objects on the person, or within the control, of a student;

(3) For self-defense;

the amount of force used was not reasonable."

 (4) For the protection of persons or property; or

(5) To maintain order on school property, in the classroom, or at a school-related activity on or off school property.

(h) Notwithstanding any other law, no officer or employee of the State Board of Education or of a local board of education shall be civilly liable for using reasonable force, including corporal punishment, force in conformity with State law, State or local rules, or State or local policies regarding the control, discipline, suspension, and expulsion of students. Furthermore, the burden of proof is on the claimant to show that

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 6-21.4 is repealed.

**SECTION 3.** Section 1 of this act is effective when it becomes law and applies beginning with the 2007-2008 school year. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law. Section 2 of this act does not apply to civil actions arising from the use of corporal punishment prior to the effective date of this act.