

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2007

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SENATE DRS75331-LT-5D\* (12/13)

Short Title: Juvenile Jurisdiction to Age 18 Years.

(Public)

Sponsors: Senator Kinnaird.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO DEFINE DELINQUENT JUVENILE AS A JUVENILE WHO IS BETWEEN SIX YEARS OF AGE AND EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE AND WHO COMMITS A CRIME OR INFRACTION AND TO ESTABLISH THE TASK FORCE FOR JUVENILE JUSTICE ADMINISTRATION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

**SECTION 1.** G.S. 7B-1501(7) reads as rewritten:

"(7) Delinquent juvenile. —~~Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or infraction under State law or under an ordinance of local government, including violation of the motor vehicle laws.~~

a. Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least six years of age, commits a crime or infraction under State law or under an ordinance of local government, including violation of the motor vehicle laws.

b. Any juvenile who is 16 or 17 years of age and who commits a crime or infraction under State law or under an ordinance of local government, but not including violation of motor vehicle laws."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 143B-515(7) reads as rewritten:

"(7) Delinquent juvenile. —~~Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or infraction under State law or under an ordinance of local government, including violation of the motor vehicle laws.~~

a. Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least six years of age, commits a crime or infraction under State law

1                   or under an ordinance of local government, including violation  
2                   of the motor vehicle laws.

- 3                   b.    Any juvenile who is 16 or 17 years of age and who commits a  
4                   crime or infraction under State law or under an ordinance of  
5                   local government, but not including violation of motor vehicle  
6                   laws."

7                   **SECTION 3.** G.S. 7B-1601 reads as rewritten:

8                   "**§ 7B-1601. Jurisdiction over delinquent juveniles.**

9                   (a)    The court has exclusive, original jurisdiction over any case involving a  
10                  juvenile who is alleged to be delinquent. For purposes of determining jurisdiction, the  
11                  age of the juvenile at the time of the alleged offense governs.

12               (b)    When the court obtains jurisdiction over a juvenile alleged to be delinquent,  
13                  jurisdiction shall continue until terminated by order of the court or until the juvenile  
14                  reaches the age of 18 years, except as provided otherwise in this Article.

15               (c)    When delinquency proceedings cannot be concluded before the juvenile  
16                  reaches the age of 18 years, the court retains jurisdiction for the sole purpose of  
17                  conducting proceedings pursuant to Article 22 of this Chapter and either transferring the  
18                  case to superior court for trial as an adult or dismissing the petition.

19               (d)    When the court has not obtained jurisdiction over a juvenile before the  
20                  juvenile reaches the age of 18, for a felony and any related misdemeanors the juvenile  
21                  allegedly committed on or after the juvenile's thirteenth birthday and prior to the  
22                  juvenile's ~~sixteenth~~ eighteenth birthday, the court has jurisdiction for the sole purpose  
23                  of conducting proceedings pursuant to Article 22 of this Chapter and either transferring  
24                  the case to superior court for trial as an adult or dismissing the petition.

25               (e)    The court has jurisdiction over delinquent juveniles in the custody of the  
26                  Department and over proceedings to determine whether a juvenile who is under the  
27                  post-release supervision of the juvenile court counselor has violated the terms of the  
28                  juvenile's post-release supervision.

29               (f)    The court has jurisdiction over persons 18 years of age or older who are under  
30                  the extended jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

31               (g)    The court has jurisdiction over the parent, guardian, or custodian of a juvenile  
32                  who is under the jurisdiction of the court pursuant to this section if the parent, guardian,  
33                  or custodian has been served with a summons pursuant to G.S. 7B-1805."

34                   **SECTION 4.** G.S. 7B-1604 reads as rewritten:

35                   "**§ 7B-1604. Limitations on juvenile court jurisdiction.**

36               (a)    Any juvenile, including a juvenile who is under the jurisdiction of the court,  
37                  who commits a criminal offense on or after the juvenile's ~~sixteenth~~ eighteenth birthday  
38                  is subject to prosecution as an adult. A juvenile who is emancipated shall be prosecuted  
39                  as an adult for the commission of a criminal offense.

40               (b)    A juvenile who is transferred to and convicted in superior court shall be  
41                  prosecuted as an adult for any criminal offense the juvenile commits after the superior  
42                  court conviction."

43                   **SECTION 5.(a)** Task Force Established. – There is established the Task  
44                  Force for Juvenile Justice Administration within the Office of the Governor. The Office

1 of the Governor shall provide professional and clerical staff and other services and  
2 supplies, including meeting space, as needed for the Task Force to carry out its duties in  
3 an effective manner.

4 **SECTION 5.(b)** Membership. – The Task Force shall consist of 17  
5 members. The following members or their designees shall serve as ex officio members:

- 6 (1) The Secretary of the Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency  
7 Prevention.
- 8 (2) The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts.
- 9 (3) The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- 10 (4) The Secretary of the Department of Correction.
- 11 (5) The Secretary of the Department of Crime Control and Public Safety.
- 12 (6) The Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- 13 (7) The Executive Director of the North Carolina Human Relations  
14 Commission of the Department of Administration.

15 The remaining members shall be appointed as follows:

- 16 (1) Three persons appointed by the General Assembly, upon  
17 recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- 18 (2) Three persons appointed by the General Assembly, upon  
19 recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
- 20 (3) One juvenile court counselor, appointed by the Governor.
- 21 (4) One representative from the Governor's Crime Commission, appointed  
22 by the Governor.
- 23 (5) One representative from the North Carolina Sentencing and Policy  
24 Advisory Commission, appointed by the Governor.
- 25 (6) One representative from the North Carolina Human Relations  
26 Commission of the Department of Administration, appointed by the  
27 Governor.

28 Appointments to the Task Force shall be made no later than September 1,  
29 2007. A vacancy in the Task Force or as chair of the Task Force resulting from the  
30 resignation of a member or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner in which the  
31 original appointment was made.

32 **SECTION 5.(c)** Duties of Task Force. – The Task Force shall study issues  
33 related to juvenile justice administration and shall analyze the legal, systematic, and  
34 organizational impact of expanding the jurisdiction of the Department of Juvenile  
35 Justice and Delinquency Prevention to include persons 16 and 17 years of age who  
36 commit crimes or infractions under State law or under an ordinance of local  
37 government. In particular, the Task Force shall:

- 38 (1) Identify the costs to the State court system and State and local law  
39 enforcement.
- 40 (2) Review the relevant State laws that should be conformed or amended  
41 as a result of revising the definition of delinquent juvenile to include  
42 16- and 17-year-old persons, including the motor vehicle and criminal  
43 laws, the laws regarding expunction of criminal records, and other

1 juvenile laws. The Task Force shall make recommendations to the  
2 General Assembly regarding proposed legislative amendments.

3 (3) Identify best practices and develop proposals to eliminate the racial  
4 disparity in complaints, commitments, community program  
5 availability, utilization and success rates, and other key decision and  
6 impact points in the juvenile justice process.

7 (4) Develop proposals regarding community programs that would provide  
8 rehabilitative services to juveniles in a treatment-oriented environment  
9 and incorporate best practices as recommended in subdivision (3) of  
10 this subsection.

11 (5) Determine the total cost of expanding the jurisdiction of the  
12 Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention to include  
13 persons who are 16 and 17 years of age who commit crimes or  
14 infractions under State law or under an ordinance of local government.

15 **SECTION 5.(d)** Consultation. – The Task Force shall consult with  
16 appropriate State departments, agencies, and board representatives on issues related to  
17 juvenile justice administration.

18 **SECTION 5.(e)** Report. – The Task Force shall submit an interim report to  
19 the 2008 Regular Session of the 2007 General Assembly and shall submit a final report  
20 of its findings and recommendations, including legislative, administrative, and funding  
21 recommendations, by January 15, 2009, to the General Assembly, the Governor, and the  
22 citizens of the State.

23 The Task Force shall terminate upon filing its final report.

24 **SECTION 5.(f)** Expenses of Members. – Members of the Task Force shall  
25 receive per diem, subsistence, and travel allowances in accordance with G.S. 120-3.1,  
26 138-5, or 138-6, as appropriate.

27 **SECTION 5.(g)** Chair; Meetings. – The President Pro Tempore of the  
28 Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall each designate one  
29 member to serve as cochair of the Task Force.

30 The cochairs shall call the initial meeting of the Task Force on or before  
31 October 1, 2007. The Task Force shall subsequently meet upon such notice and in such  
32 manner as its members determine. A majority of the members of the Task Force shall  
33 constitute a quorum.

34 **SECTION 5.(h)** The Office of the Governor shall provide staff to the Task  
35 Force at the request of the Task Force.

36 **SECTION 5.(i)** Cooperation by Government Agencies. – The Task Force  
37 may call upon any department, agency, institution, or officer of the State or any political  
38 subdivision thereof for facilities, data, or other assistance.

39 **SECTION 5.(j)** Funding. – The Task Force may apply for, receive, and  
40 accept grants of non-State funds, or other contributions as appropriate to assist in the  
41 performance of its duties.

42 **SECTION 6.** Sections 1 through 4 of this act become effective December 1,  
43 2009, and apply to acts or offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of  
44 this act is effective when it becomes law.